Meeting Notes - Vishwa Gandhi 8/18

Topic: Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Benefits

- Designed to assist learning and simplify complex or repetitive tasks
- Can serve as an accessible resource for students who need extra academic support
- Provides opportunities for innovation across industries when used responsibly
- Core principle: AI should be used to "assist, not replace" human effort

Detriments

- Risk of reduced creativity and independent thinking when students over-rely on AI for solutions
- Raises significant concerns around intellectual property (IP) law, copyright infringement, and the protection of original work, particularly in the arts
- Threatens the **income and sustainability of creative professionals** (artists, writers, musicians) whose work is replicated or devalued by AI tools
- A recent **neurological study** demonstrated that frequent AI use in academic settings can **stunt brain growth**, particularly in areas tied to problem-solving, memory retention, and critical thinking
 - The study indicated that students who consistently relied on AI showed weaker neural development compared to peers who worked independently
 - Findings suggested a pattern of "AI dependency" that mirrors addictive behavior: students became accustomed to offloading thinking tasks to AI rather than engaging cognitively
 - This overreliance raises long-term concerns about academic integrity, resilience, and overall mental development

Slogan: "Supplement, not detriment"

Cases of Impact

- Federal government has begun using AI for drafting and reviewing **important documents**, raising concerns about accuracy and accountability in policy-making
- Schools across the U.S. are experimenting with AI tools such as *RevisionAssistant*, designed to help with student writing and revision, but in some cases, these tools have been used as a **substitute for direct teacher feedback**, diminishing student-teacher interaction
- 35 out of 50 states have already implemented or proposed **AI-related regulations** for both academic and professional contexts

Action Steps

- Scottsdale Unified School District (SUSD) could take proactive measures by adopting a **district-wide AI policy**, aligning with practices in the majority of U.S. states
- Policy areas to consider:
 - Academic dishonesty prevention: setting clear guidelines on what constitutes responsible AI use in coursework and assessments
 - Safeguarding educator intervention: ensuring AI does not replace teachers' role in providing mentorship, feedback, and classroom engagement
 - Student wellness protections: acknowledging research about AI's neurological impact and setting healthy boundaries for its use in schools

Potential Broader Topic Areas

1. AI and Mental Health

 Cognitive development concerns: studies show AI reliance can impair brain growth and diminish problem-solving skills in developing students

- Psychological risks: AI can foster dependency and addictive behaviors, mirroring patterns seen in social media usage
- Emotional impact: students who overuse AI may develop lower academic confidence and heightened stress when asked to work without AI assistance

2. AI and Social Media

- Platforms are increasingly filled with **AI-generated content**, making it harder to distinguish real from fabricated information
- The internet faces an **overabundance of AI-produced media**, reducing the visibility and credibility of reputable sources
- Increased misinformation can harm public trust and polarize discourse

3. AI in Education and Jobs

- Academic dishonesty: plagiarism and AI-generated assignments compromise the integrity of education
- **Impact on teaching**: growing reliance on AI grading/revision systems reduces direct teacher-student interactions
- Job market disruption: surveys indicate a majority of Americans fear job loss to AI, reflecting real challenges in industries like customer service, logistics, journalism, and more
- Ethical concern: replacing human roles with AI challenges notions of dignity in work and long-term economic stability