
DC Ranch Community Facilities District
(A Component Unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona)



Annual Financial Report
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
DC Ranch Community Facilities District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary budget comparison information for the Debt Service Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary budget comparison information of the Debt Service Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary budget comparison information of the Debt Service Fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2018, on our consideration of DC Ranch Community Facilities District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering DC Ranch Community Facilities District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.
Phoenix, Arizona
October 23, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), we offer readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the District. The District is one of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona's component units for financial reporting purposes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Formed in 1997, the District is a special purpose taxing district and separate political subdivision under Arizona statutes. As such, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds, independent of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona (City). Property owners within the District boundaries pay for District infrastructure and functions through secondary property tax assessments. City staff administers the District and the costs of their services are reimbursed by District funds. The Scottsdale City Council also serves as the District Board of Directors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the year ending 2017/18, the District's:

- Tax collections and beginning fund balances were sufficient to pay debt service.
- Tax rate continued to comply with the City-imposed assessment limit of \$3.00 per \$100 assessed valuation; the tax rate was \$0.46 per \$100 assessed valuation.
- Governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$207,542. Of this amount, \$53,534 was in the General Fund and \$154,008 was in the Debt Service Fund.
- Governmental fund revenues were less than expenditures by \$24,219, the tax rate decreased from \$0.48 in fiscal year 2016/17 to \$0.46.
- Total long-term debt decreased by \$920,000 due to scheduled principal payments.
- Significant bond indentures were in compliance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. Because of its limited purpose, the District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: (1) Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and (2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Because the District has only has one governmental program, the government-wide and fund financial statements are combined.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether or not the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses related to accrued interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like the City, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Debt Service funds are restricted as to use, and the General funds are unassigned.

The District maintains two governmental funds, general and debt service. Information is presented in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Supplementary budgetary schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information a comparison between budgeted and actual amounts within the General Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The liabilities of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$9.6 million (net position). The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and a separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the City. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes to pay the debt service over the life of the bonds. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. However, the City has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the District are combined together and included as if they were part of the City's operations and the assets financed through the District are combined with the infrastructure of the City. Because the capital assets are recorded in the City's basic financial statements, the Statement of Net Position for the District reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

Net Position

June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities	
	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets	\$ 89,826	\$ 96,823
Noncurrent Assets	1,243,675	1,239,803
Total Assets	1,333,501	1,336,626
Deferred Outflows of Resources	359,931	399,923
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,693,432	1,736,549
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	1,103,117	1,083,206
Noncurrent Liabilities	10,174,244	11,133,605
Total Liabilities	11,277,361	12,216,811
NET POSITION		
Restricted	176,850	196,192
Unrestricted	(9,760,779)	(10,676,454)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,583,929)	\$ (10,480,262)

During the fiscal year, the District's total net position increased by \$896,333.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities	
	2018	2017
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 1,335,035	\$ 1,309,039
EXPENSES		
General Government	70,387	70,195
Debt Service	368,315	398,494
Total Expenses	438,702	468,689
Change in Net Position	896,333	840,350
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(10,480,262)	(11,320,612)
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (9,583,929)	\$ (10,480,262)

Revenues increased in fiscal year 2017/18 due to an increase in the taxes levied and expenses decreased due to the reduction in interest on long-term debt resulting in an increase in the District's net position.

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal requirements related to special purpose districts and general obligation bonds.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the District's ability to pay the debt service on the general obligation bonds it issues to fund construction or acquisition of public infrastructure.

As of the end of fiscal year 2017/18, the District's governmental funds reported revenues lower than expenditures by \$24,219 and an ending fund balance of \$207,542. Of the total ending fund balance, \$53,534 is in the General Fund and \$154,008 is in the Debt Service Fund.

All revenues collected represented property taxes and totaled \$1,333,852 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The District was formed to finance and acquire or construct amenities that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Since formation, District bonds have been issued, and the proceeds used to acquire or construct parks, paths, trails, roads, athletic fields and related athletic field infrastructure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The District has issued all of the authorized \$20,000,000 in District general obligation bonds.

The District general obligation bonds have a 25-year term. In the event that the District Board decides at a future time to dissolve the District, State statute provides that all taxable property in the District will remain subject to the lien for the payment of the bonds until all bonds have been defeased.

The District is not engaged in any significant activities other than providing for the levy of secondary property taxes to pay debt service and administrative fees.

Outstanding Debt

June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities	
	2018	2017
General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 9,820,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,740,000</u>

The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$920,000 during the current fiscal year due to principal payments on the refunding bonds.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The fiscal year 2018/19 District budget includes a \$0.43 tax rate per \$100 of assessed value. This is a \$0.03 decrease from the rate used for the fiscal year 2017/18 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Scottsdale City Treasurer's Office at 7447 E. Indian School Road, Suite 210, Scottsdale, AZ 85251.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Current Assets					
Cash	\$ 52,826	\$ -	\$ 52,826	\$ -	\$ 52,826
Taxes Receivable	708	36,292	37,000	-	37,000
Total Current Assets	53,534	36,292	89,826	-	89,826
NonCurrent Assets					
Restricted Cash	-	1,243,675	1,243,675	-	1,243,675
Total Assets	<u>\$ 53,534</u>	<u>\$ 1,279,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,333,501</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,333,501</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Amounts on Refunding				359,931	359,931
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				<u>\$ 359,931</u>	<u>\$ 1,693,432</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION					
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Matured Bonds Payable	\$ -	\$ 920,000	\$ 920,000	\$ -	\$ 920,000
Interest Payable	-	183,117	183,117	-	183,117
Total Current Liabilities	-	1,103,117	1,103,117	-	1,103,117
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Due Within One Year	-	-	-	950,000	950,000
Due After One Year	-	-	-	9,224,244	9,224,244
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	-	-	10,174,244	10,174,244
Total Liabilities	-	1,103,117	1,103,117	10,174,244	11,277,361
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Revenues	-	22,842	22,842	(22,842)	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,125,959	1,125,959	10,151,402	11,277,361
Fund Balances/Net Position					
Fund Balances					
Restricted	-	154,008	154,008	(154,008)	-
Unassigned	53,534	-	53,534	(53,534)	-
Total Fund Balances	53,534	154,008	207,542	(207,542)	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 53,534</u>	<u>\$ 1,279,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,333,501</u>		
Net Position					
Restricted for Debt Service				176,850	176,850
Unrestricted				(9,760,779)	(9,760,779)
Total Net Position				<u>\$ (9,583,929)</u>	<u>\$ (9,583,929)</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 66,693	\$ 1,267,159	\$ 1,333,852	\$ 1,183	\$ 1,335,035
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES					
Current					
General Government					
City Treasurer - Finance and Accounting	\$ 70,387	\$ -	\$ 70,387	\$ -	\$ 70,387
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	-	920,000	920,000	(920,000)	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	367,684	367,684	631	368,315
Total Expenditures/Expenses	<u>70,387</u>	<u>1,287,684</u>	<u>1,358,071</u>	<u>(919,369)</u>	<u>438,702</u>
Change in Fund Balances/Net Position	(3,694)	(20,525)	(24,219)	920,552	896,333
Fund Balances/Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>57,228</u>	<u>174,533</u>	<u>231,761</u>	<u>(10,712,023)</u>	<u>(10,480,262)</u>
Fund Balances/Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 53,534</u>	<u>\$ 154,008</u>	<u>\$ 207,542</u>	<u>\$ (9,791,471)</u>	<u>\$ (9,583,929)</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona (City), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A summary of the more significant accounting policies of the District follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The DC Ranch Community Facilities District was formed by petition to the City of Scottsdale City Council in March 1997. The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the City. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes and thus for the costs of operating the District. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors; however, the City has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District are included as if the District were part of the City's operations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and miscellaneous revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the fiscal year.

Financial statements are provided for major governmental funds, with an adjustments column to arrive at government-wide statement amounts.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both earned and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 31 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due. However, since debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of governmental long-term principal and interest due early in the following year, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Interest is accrued in the current fiscal period when the revenue is earned. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of other operating expenses for the District, which may include insurance, legal fees and administration costs.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of governmental long-term debt including principal, interest and related costs.

The spending order for the District is to use restricted funds and then unassigned funds as they are needed. Currently the District has unassigned funds and does not have any nonspendable, committed or assigned funds.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflow of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest public monies in the State or County Treasurers' investment pools, interest bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the United States government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government; or bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, towns, school districts or special districts as specified by statute. As required by statute, collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 100 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash and investments held by trustee at June 30, 2018, plus accrued interest, are restricted as to usage.

2. Restricted Assets

Cash and investments held by the District's trustee are classified as restricted on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired or construction of infrastructure assets by the District are dedicated to the City of Scottsdale, Arizona to maintain and operate. As a result, the District owns no capital assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item, deferred amount on refunding, that qualifies for reporting in this category. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the balance sheet.

6. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable portions of fund balance related to prepaids, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus on any permanent fund. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors passed a resolution authorizing the City of Scottsdale City Treasurer to assign fund balances and their intended uses. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, it is the District's policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in two categories: restricted and unrestricted. Restricted accounts for the portion of net position restricted by bond covenant. Unrestricted is the remaining net position not included in the previous category.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:

Tax revenues not available to pay current-period expenditures are deferred inflows in the funds.	\$ 22,842
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,174,244)
Deferred amounts on refunding are long-term in nature and not reported in the funds.	<u>359,931</u>
Net adjustment to reduce total fund balance to arrive at net position.	(9,791,471)
Total Fund Balance	<u>207,542</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ (9,583,929)</u></u>

B. Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	\$ 1,183
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds; however, it has no effect on net position.	920,000
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.	<u>(631)</u>
Net adjustments to reconcile net changes in fund balances to change in net position.	920,552
Net change in Fund Balance	<u>(24,219)</u>
Change in Net Position	<u><u>\$ 896,333</u></u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The District adopts an annual operating budget for revenues and expenditures for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual expenditures. Budgetary control over expenditures is exercised at the fund level.

B. Deficit Net Position

As described in Note 1, the District was formed to finance and acquire or construct infrastructure assets that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Therefore, the Statement of Net Position reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

Deposits – At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District’s deposits and bank balance were \$1,296,501.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District’s deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2018, the District had no deposits that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

2. Restricted Assets

Restricted cash at June 30, 2018, as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
Restricted Cash	\$ 11,243	\$ 1,243,675

3. Property Taxes Receivable

The Maricopa County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the County. The County levies the property taxes due to the District in August. Two equal installments, payable in October and March, become delinquent after the first business days in November and May. During the year, the County also levies various personal property taxes that are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding the assessment levy.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied in the government-wide financial statements and represent a reconciling item between the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 31 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 31 days subsequent to fiscal year-end or collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred inflows.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer’s Office, and at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
Taxes Receivable	\$ 708	\$ 36,292

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

At the end of the current fiscal year, unavailable revenue reported in the governmental fund was as follows:

	Debt Service Fund
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable (Unavailable)	\$ 22,842

B. Liabilities

Obligations Under Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified areas. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities only. The bonds are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bonds payable at June 30, 2018, consisted of the outstanding general obligation bonds presented below:

Purpose	Interest Rates (%)	Amount
2012 DC Ranch Community Facilities District General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$555,000 to \$1,245,000 beginning July 15, 2013 through July 15, 2027. Original issue amount \$14,670,000.	3.41	\$ 9,820,000

Community facilities districts (CFDs) are created only by petition to the City Council by property owners within the District areas. As board of directors for the District, the City Council has adopted a formal policy that CFD debt will be permitted only when the ratio of the full cash value of the District property (prior to improvements being installed), when compared to proposed District debt, is a minimum of 3 to 1 prior to issuance of debt and 5 to 1 or higher after construction of improvements. These ratios are verified by an appraisal paid for by the District and administered by the City. In addition, cumulative debt of all CFDs cannot exceed 5 percent of the City's full cash valuation.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 10,740,000	\$ -	\$ (920,000)	\$ 9,820,000	\$ 950,000
Plus Issuance Premium	393,605	-	(39,361)	354,244	-
Total	\$ 11,133,605	\$ -	\$ (959,361)	\$ 10,174,244	\$ 950,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 950,000	\$ 334,862
2020	980,000	302,467
2021	1,015,000	269,049
2022	1,050,000	234,438
2023	1,085,000	198,633
2024-2028	4,740,000	410,905
Total	<u>\$ 9,820,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,750,354</u>

NOTE 5 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss. The District carries commercial insurance for \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate covering general liability exposures. The District also carries public entity management liability insurance for \$1,000,000 each wrongful act and \$3,000,000 aggregate to cover damages resulting from the conduct of duties by or for a public entity or its boards. There have been no known losses in any of the past three fiscal years.

Required Supplementary Information

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –
Budget and Actual – General Fund**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Original and Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 62,950	\$ 66,693	\$ 3,743
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government			
City Treasurer - Finance and Accounting	71,500	70,387	1,113
Total Expenditures	71,500	70,387	1,113
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,550)	(3,694)	4,856
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	65,130	57,228	(7,902)
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 56,580</u>	<u>\$ 53,534</u>	<u>\$ (3,046)</u>

Supplementary Information

**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –
Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Original and Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 1,273,648	\$ 1,267,159	\$ (6,489)
EXPENDITURES			
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	920,000	920,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	370,234	367,684	2,550
Total Expenditures	1,290,234	1,287,684	2,550
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(16,586)	(20,525)	(3,939)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	164,305	174,533	10,228
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 147,719	\$ 154,008	\$ 6,289