DC Ranch Community Facilities District

(A Component Unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona)



Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
DC Ranch Community Facilities District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary budget comparison information for the Debt Service Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary budget comparison information of the Debt Service Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary budget comparison information of the Debt Service Fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2016, on our consideration of DC Ranch Community Facilities District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering DC Ranch Community Facilities District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld, merch & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. Phoenix, Arizona October 27, 2016

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

As management of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), we offer readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the District. The District is one of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona's component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Formed in 1997, the District is a special purpose taxing district and separate political subdivision under Arizona statutes. As such, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds, independent of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona (City). Property owners within the District boundaries pay for District infrastructure and functions through secondary property tax assessments. City staff administers the District and the cost of their services is reimbursed by District funds. The Scottsdale City Council also serves as the District Board of Directors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- District tax collections and funds carried forward from prior years were sufficient to pay debt service during the fiscal year 2015/16.
- District tax levies continue to comply with the City-imposed assessment limit of \$3.00 per \$100 assessed valuation. In fiscal year 2015/16, the tax rate was \$0.56 per \$100 assessed valuation.
- As of June 30, 2016 the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$275,827. Of this amount, \$61,973 is in the General Fund and \$213,854 is in the Debt Service Fund.
- Governmental fund balances increased by \$102,836 during the fiscal year. The tax rate was increased from \$0.52 in fiscal year 2014/15 to \$0.56 in fiscal year 2015/16.
- The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$860,000 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, due to scheduled principal payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. Because of its limited purpose, the District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: (1) Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and (2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Because the District has only has one governmental program, the government-wide and fund financial statements are combined.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether or not the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses related to accrued interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like the City, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Debt Service Fund resources are restricted as to use, and the General Fund resources are unassigned.

The District maintains two governmental funds, general and debt service. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund revenues and expenditures. Supplementary budgetary schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information a comparison between budgeted and actual amounts within the General Fund.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The liabilities of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$11.3 million (net position). The large negative net position balance results from the nature of the District's operations. The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and a separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the City. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes to pay the debt service over the life of the bonds. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. However, the City has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the District are combined together and included as if they were part of the City's operations and the assets financed through the District are combined with the infrastructure of the City Because the capital assets are recorded in the City's financial statements, the Statement of Net Position for the District reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

Net Position

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governmental Activities					
		2016		2015		
ASSETS						
Current Assets	\$	112,991	\$	103,681		
Noncurrent Assets		1,257,316		1,149,013		
Total Assets		1,370,307		1,252,694		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		439,916		479,908		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,810,223		1,732,602		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities	1	1,072,869		1,057,021		
Noncurrent Liabilities		12,057,966		12,957,327		
Total Liabilities		13,130,835		14,014,348		
NET POSITION						
Restricted	•	235,465		136,892		
Unrestricted		(11,556,077)		(12,418,638)		
Total Net Position	\$	(11,320,612)	\$	(12,281,746)		

The District's total net position increased by \$961,134 during the fiscal year.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governmental Activities					
	 2016		2015			
REVENUES			_			
Taxes	\$ 1,458,752	\$	1,336,060			
EXPENSES						
General Government	69,799		69,901			
Debt Service	 427,819		456,122			
Total Expenses	 497,618		526,023			
Change in Net Position	961,134		810,037			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 (12,281,746)		(13,091,783)			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (11,320,612)	\$	(12,281,746)			

Revenues increased in fiscal year 2015/16 due to the increased tax rate and expenses decreased due to the reduction in long-term debt resulting in an increase in the District's net position.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the District's ability to pay the debt service on the general obligation bonds it issues to fund construction or acquisition of public infrastructure.

As of the end of fiscal year 2015/16, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$275,827, an increase of 102,836 in comparison with the prior year. Of the total combined ending fund balance, \$61,973 is in the General Fund and \$213,854 is in the Debt Service Fund. The tax rate was increased from \$0.52 in fiscal year 2014/15 to \$0.56 in fiscal year 2015/16, revenues increased and expenditures decreased. All revenues collected represented property taxes and totaled \$1,459,823 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The District was formed to finance and acquire or construct amenities that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Since formation, District bonds have been issued and the proceeds used to acquire or construct parks, paths, trails, roads, athletic fields and related athletic field infrastructure.

The District has issued all of the authorized \$20 million in District general obligation bonds. The City has no liability for the District's debt.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

At the time of issue, District general obligation bonds have a 25-year term, typically with the first five years requiring interest-only payments. In the event that the District Board decides at a future time to dissolve the District, State statute provides that all taxable property in the District will remain subject to the lien for the payment of the bonds until all bonds have been defeased.

The District is not engaged in any significant activities other than providing for the levy of secondary property taxes to pay debt service and administrative fees. The District does not own or operate any facilities.

Outstanding Debt

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governmen	tal Ac	tivities
	2016		2015
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 11,625,000	\$	12,485,000

The District's total long-term debt decreased during the current fiscal year by \$860,000 due to the payment of principal on the refunding bonds.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The fiscal year 2016/17 District budget includes a \$.48 tax rate per \$100 of assessed value. This is a \$0.08 decrease from the rate used for the fiscal year 2015/16 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Scottsdale City Treasurer's Office at 7447 E. Indian School Road, Suite 210, Scottsdale, AZ 85251.

Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

	Gen	eral Fund	De	ebt Service Fund		Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash	\$	60,426	\$	-	\$	60,426	\$ -	\$ 60,426
Taxes Receivable		1,547		51,018		52,565		52,565
Total Current Assets		61,973		51,018		112,991		112,991
Noncurrent Assets Restricted Cash				1,257,316		1,257,316		1,257,316
Restricted Casti				1,237,310		1,237,310		1,237,310
Total Assets	\$	61,973	\$	1,308,334	\$	1,370,307		1,370,307
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Amounts on Refunding							439,916	439,916
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							439,916	1,810,223
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION								
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Matured Bonds Payable	\$	_	\$	860,000	\$	860,000	-	860,000
Interest Payable		-		212,869		212,869	-	212,869
Total Current Liabilities		-		1,072,869		1,072,869		1,072,869
Noncurrent Liabilities					-			
Due Within One Year		-		-		-	885,000	885,000
Due After One Year		-		_		_	11,172,966	11,172,966
Total Noncurrent Liabilities							12,057,966	12,057,966
Total Liabilities				1,072,869		1,072,869	12,057,966	13,130,835
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable Revenues		-		21,611		21,611	(21,611)	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		1,094,480		1,094,480	12,036,355	13,130,835
	-			1,001,100	_	1,001,100	12,030,333	13,130,033
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Fund Balances				040.054		242.054	(242.05.4)	
Restricted		- (1.072		213,854		213,854 61,973	(213,854)	-
Unassigned	-	61,973				01,9/3	(61,973)	
Total Fund Balances		61,973		213,854		275,827	(275,827)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	61,973	\$	1,308,334	\$	1,370,307		
Net Position								
Restricted for Debt Service							235,465	235,465
Unrestricted							(11,556,077)	(11,556,077)
Total Net Position							\$ (11,320,612)	\$ (11,320,612)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Gen	eral Fund	De	Debt Service Fund				Total		Adjustments		atement of Activities
REVENUES	_											
Taxes	\$	72,991	\$	1,386,832	\$	1,459,823	\$	(1,071)	\$	1,458,752		
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES												
Current	-											
General Government												
City Treasurer - Finance and Accounting		69,799		=		69,799		-		69,799		
Debt Service		•										
Principal Retirement		-		860,000		860,000		(860,000)		=		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		427,188		427,188		631		427,819		
O												
Total Expenditures/Expenses		69,799		1,287,188		1,356,987		(859, 369)		497,618		
1 . 1												
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)												
Expenditures		3,192		99,644		102,836		(102,836)		_		
1		,		,		,		(, ,				
Change in Net Position		-		_		_		961,134		961,134		
0								, , , , ,		, , , , ,		
Fund Balances/Net Position, Beginning of Year		58,781		114,210		172,991	(1	12,454,737)		(12,281,746)		
Tana Damineed, Teet Tooladdi, Deginning of Tear		20,701		11,210		1,2,771		=, (0 1, (0 1)		(12,201,710)		
Fund Balances/Net Position, End of Year	\$	61,973	8	213,854	\$	275,827	\$ (1	11,596,439)	\$	(11,320,612)		
Tund Dalances/ INCC FOSITION, End of Tear	P	01,973	٠	213,034	<u> </u>	213,021	- P	11,370,439)	٩	(11,520,012)		

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona (City), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A summary of the more significant accounting policies of the District follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The DC Ranch Community Facilities District was formed by petition to the City of Scottsdale City Council in March 1997. The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the City. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes and thus for the costs of operating the District. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors; however, the City has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the DC Ranch Community Facilities District are included as if the District were part of the City's operations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and miscellaneous revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the fiscal year.

Financial statements are provided for major governmental funds, with an adjustments column to arrive at government-wide financial statement amounts.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both earned and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 31 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due. However, since debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of governmental long-term principal and interest due early in the following year, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the Debt Service Fund.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Interest is accrued in the current fiscal period when the revenue is earned. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of other operating expenses for the District, which may include insurance, legal fees and administration costs.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of governmental long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The spending order for the District is to use restricted funds and then unassigned funds as they are needed. Currently the District does not have any nonspendable, committed or assigned funds.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest public monies in the State or County Treasurers' investment pools, interest bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the United States government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government; or bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, towns, school districts or special districts as specified by statute. As required by statute, collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 100 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash and investments held by trustee at June 30, 2016, plus accrued interest, are restricted as to usage.

2. Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments held by the District's trustee are classified as restricted on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired or construction of infrastructure assets by the District are dedicated to the City of Scottsdale, Arizona to maintain and operate. As a result, the District owns no capital assets.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amounts on refunding. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the balance sheet.

6. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable portions of fund balance related to prepaids, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus on any permanent fund. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors passed a resolution authorizing the City of Scottsdale City Treasurer to assign fund balances and their intended uses. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, it is the District's policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in two categories: restricted and unrestricted. Restricted accounts for the portion of net position restricted by bond covenant. Unrestricted is the remaining net position not included in the previous category.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:

Revenues not available to pay current-period expenditures are deferred inflows in the funds.	\$ 21,611
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(12,057,966)
Deferred amounts on refunding are long-term in nature and not reported in the funds.	 439,916
Net adjustment to reduce total fund balance to arrive at net position.	(11,596,439)
Total Fund Balance	 275,827
Total Net Position	\$ (11,320,612)
B. Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	\$ (1,071)
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds; however, it has no effect on net position.	860,000
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.	(631)
Net adjustments to reconcile net changes in fund balances to change in net position.	858,298
Net change in Fund Balance	 102,836
Change in Net Position	\$ 961,134

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The District adopts an annual operating budget for expenditures for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual expenditures. Budgetary control over expenditures is exercised at the fund level.

B. Deficit Net Position

As described in Note 1, the District was formed to finance and acquire or construct infrastructure assets that are subsequently dedicated to the City for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Therefore, the Statement of Net Position reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

Deposits – At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Districts deposits and bank balance were \$1,317,742.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2016, the District had no deposits that were exposed to custodial risk.

2. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at June 30, 2016, as follows:

Restricted for: Debt Service Fund

\$ 1,257,316

3. Property Taxes Receivable

The Maricopa County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the County. The County levies the property taxes due to the District in August. Two equal installments, payable in October and March, become delinquent after the first business days in November and May. During the year, the County also levies various personal property taxes that are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding the assessment levy.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied in the government-wide financial statements and represent a reconciling item between the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 31 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 31 days subsequent to fiscal year-end or collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred inflows.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's Office, and at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

			Deb	t Service
Year	Genera	al Fund	I	Fund
2015/16	\$	1,547	\$	51,018
,				

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

At the end of the current fiscal year, unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds was as follows:

	Una	vailable
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		
(Debt Service Fund)	\$	21,611

B. Liabilities

Obligations Under Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified areas. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities only. The bonds are not callable with interest payable semiannually. Bonds payable at June 30, 2016, consisted of the outstanding general obligation bonds presented below:

Purpose	Interest Rates (%)	 Mount
2012 DC Ranch Community Facilities District General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$555,000 to \$1,245,000 beginning July 15, 2013 through July 15, 2027. Original issue amount \$14,670,000.	3.41	\$ 11,625,000

Community facilities districts (CFDs) are created only by petition to the City Council by property owners within the District areas. As board of directors for the District, the City Council has adopted a formal policy that CFD debt will be permitted only when the ratio of the full cash value of the District property (prior to improvements being installed), when compared to proposed District debt, is a minimum of 3 to 1 prior to issuance of debt and 5 to 1 or higher after construction of improvements. These ratios are verified by an appraisal paid for by the District and administered by the City. In addition, cumulative debt of all CFDs cannot exceed 5 percent of the City's net secondary assessed valuation.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Plus Issuance Premium	\$ 12,485,000 472.327	\$ -	\$ (860,000) (39,361)	\$ 11,625,000 432.966	\$ 885,000
Total	\$ 12,957,327	\$ -	\$ (899,361)	\$ 12,057,966	\$ 885,000

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, Principal			
2017	\$	885,000	\$	396,412
2018		920,000		366,234
2019		950,000		334,862
2020		980,000		302,467
2021		1,015,000		269,049
2022-2026		5,630,000		801,521
2027		1,245,000		42,455
Total	\$	11,625,000	\$	2,513,000

NOTE 5 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss. The District carries commercial insurance for \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate covering general liability exposures. The District also carries public entity management liability insurance for \$1,000,000 each wrongful act and \$1,000,000 aggregate to cover damages resulting from the conduct of duties by or for a public entity or its boards. There have been no known losses in any of the past three fiscal years.

Required Supplementary Information	

DC Ranch Community Facilities District =20

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	74,110	\$	72,991	\$	(1,119)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current	•						
General Government							
City Treasurer - Finance and Accounting		75,800		69,799		6,001	
Total Expenditures		75,800		69,799		6,001	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,690)		3,192		4,882	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		54,256		58,781		4,525	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	52,566	\$	61,973	\$	9,407	



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budge		Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,387,04	2 \$	1,386,832	\$	(210)
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	860,00	0	860,000		_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	430,93	9	427,188		3,751
Total Expenditures	1,290,93	9	1,287,188		3,751
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	96,10	3	99,644		3,541
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	11,45	0	114,210		102,760
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 107,55	3 \$	213,854	\$	106,301