

#### **About The Cover**

#### SCOTTSDALE DESTINATION ATTRACTION, USA

The City of Scottsdale is readily recognized as a favorite destination of the cosmopolitan traveler. Few cities can compete with Scottsdale when it comes to fine dining, luxury resorts, haute couture shopping, cultural amenities, and sporting and recreational activities.

While tourism has always been one of the City's foremost hallmarks, Scottsdale has wisely put extra effort into diversifying its economic base. The revitalization of the City's downtown area is an ongoing joint effort involving downtown property owners and the City. Through this partnership, improvement districts have been formed to upgrade the downtown area and to give distinctive character and appearance to the various shopping areas.

This same strong private-public partnership has promoted construction of several major retail developments in the downtown area — the recently opened \$125 million Scottsdale Galleria and the combined renovations to Scottsdale Fashion Square and Camelview Plaza which make it Arizona's largest regional shopping center.

Other exciting plans for the downtown area include two significant projects — development of a Canal Bank Master Plan and construction of a 7,000-seat, multi-use sports and cultural facility. The canal bank project will provide planned development along the banks of the Arizona Canal to beautify the banks with pedestrian amenities, shops and restaurants. The multi-use sports and cultural facility, will replace the City's existing stadium and provide a year-round facility to house a wide variety of events and activities.

These and other community enhancements, will make FY 1991/92 a year of vision and accomplishment. Visitors and residents alike will see Scottsdale continue to build on its strong foundation and effectively plan for a bright future.

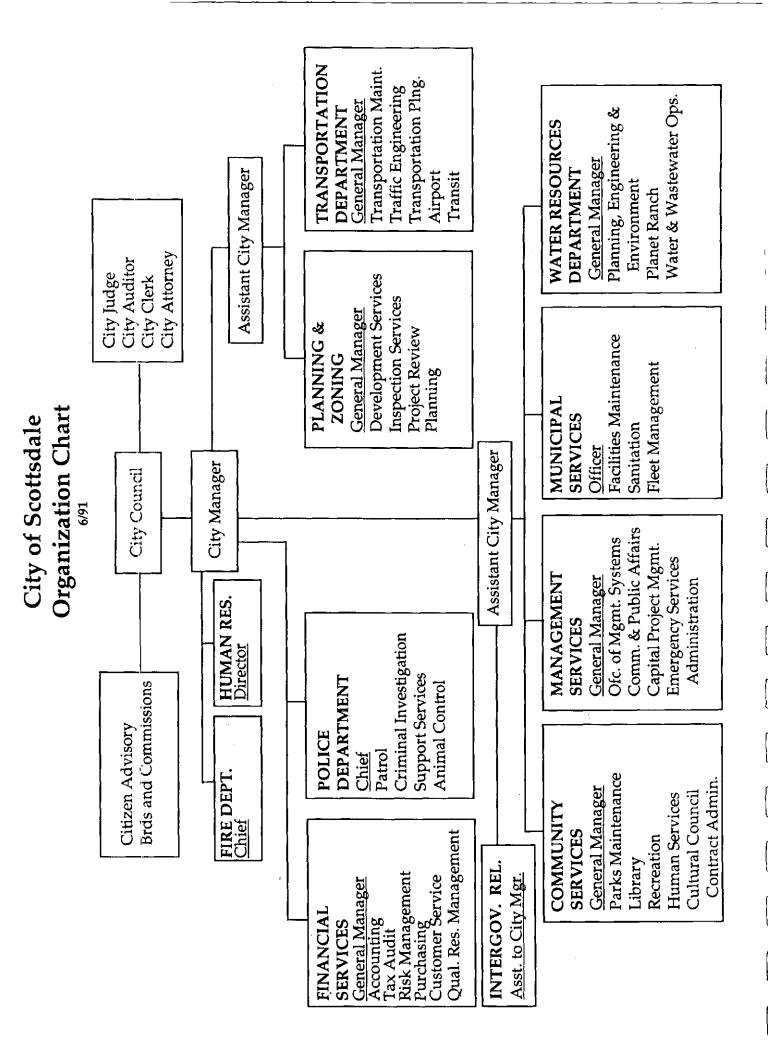
The cover highlights several aspects of Scottsdale that promote it as a dynamic destination attraction.

# 1991 - 92 FINANCIAL PLAN



# CITY OF SCOTTSDALE ARIZONA

Volume I
Operating Budget



## CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 1991 - 92 FINANCIAL PLAN



Herbert R. Drinkwater Mayor

The 1991 - 92 Financial Plan aggressively pursues important community and organization needs, while maintaining the strict fiscal discipline necessary to ensure fulfillment of our basic commitment, providing continuous quality service to our citizens.



Greg Bielli Councilman



Susan Bitter Smith Councilman



Sam Kathryn Campana Councilman



Ross Dean Councilman



Bill Soderquist Councilman



Bill Walton Councilman



Richard A. Bowers City Manager

Barbara A. Burns Assistant City Manager

Raymond L. Garrison Jr. Acting Assistant City Manager James A. Jenkins Financial Services General Manager

Larry G. Aungst Accounting Director

Nancy L. Swick Accounting Manager

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# THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE An Overview

#### Origin and Growth

The City is centrally located in Maricopa County, Arizona, with its boundaries encompassing an area of approximately 184.8 square miles. Lying at an elevation of 1,260 feet above sea level, the City receives an average of 7.74 inches of rainfall per year, with the average minimum and maximum temperatures ranging from 55.7 degrees to 84.6 degrees, respectively. The City is bordered by Phoenix, the state capital, to the west and the City of Tempe to the south. Scottsdale, together with its neighboring cities, forms the greater metropolitan Phoenix area, which is the economic, political, and population center of the state.

Scottsdale was founded in the 1800's when retired Army Chaplain Major Winfield Scott, homesteaded what is now the center of the City. The City was incorporated in 1951 and the City Charter under which it is presently governed was adopted in 1961. The City has experienced significant increases in population, with the 1950 census showing 2,032 persons residing in the City as compared to the City's June 30, 1990, preliminary census of 130,069.

#### Government and Organization

The City operates under a council-manager form of government as provided by its Charter. The Mayor and six City Council members are elected at large on a non-partisan ballot for four year terms. The City Council appoints the City Manager who has full responsibility for carrying out Council policies and administering City operations. The City Manager, in turn, appoints City employees and department heads under service procedures specified in the Charter.

#### Transportation

The City has access to a number of transportation facilities including Interstate 10 and 17, U.S. Highways 87 and 93, the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad and the Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe Railroad, Greyhound and Continental Trailways bus lines, and a number of transcontinental interstate and intrastate truck lines. Scottsdale Municipal Airport, which is owned and operated by the City, is located approximately nine miles north of the central business district. This airport provides both general aviation and regional commercial air service. National, regional, and local air service is also available at Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport, which is located approximately eight miles from the City.

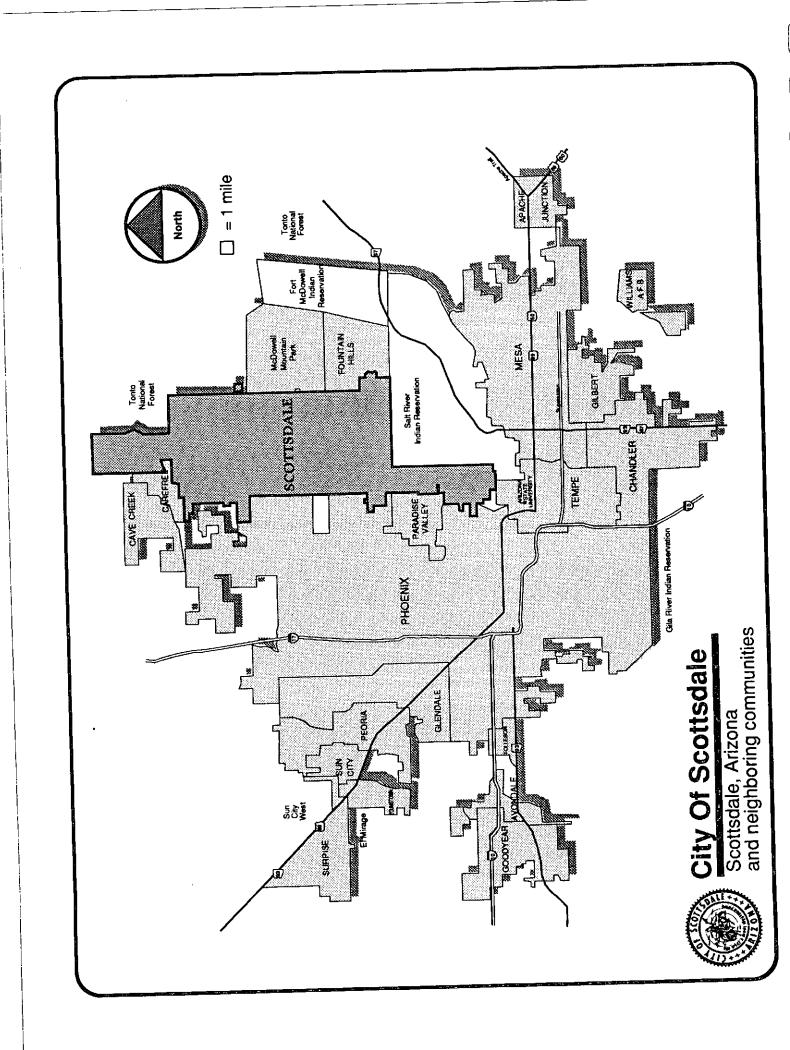
#### Educational Facilities

Several institutions of higher learning are available to City residents. Scottsdale Community College, a part of the Maricopa County Community College System located on the eastern border of the City, is a two-year college which offers a wide variety of academic, occupational, developmental, and special interest programs. Located in Tempe just south of the City is Arizona State University, one of the major universities in the Southwest. The University offers its approximately 43,000 students, graduate and undergraduate, a choice of 13 colleges and has an estimated 1,980 full-time faculty members. The City is also served by 17 public elementary and middle schools, and 6 public high schools.

# THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE An Overview, continued

#### **Tourism**

Tourism is an important contributor to the City's economy. The City contains a number of resort and convention facilities, along with many hotels and motels, provided 5,518 guest rooms, along with many public and private golf courses and tennis courts, and several country clubs. More than 2,500 retail shops, boutiques, and galleries are located throughout the City and a selection of almost 200 restaurants is available. These services and facilities, complemented by the mild winter, have made the City a popular vacation spot for tourists and winter visitors.





June 3, 1991

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Scottsdale Scottsdale, Arizona

Dear Mayor and Members of the City Council:

The following document represents our Proposed Financial Plan for the 1991-92 fiscal year. This budget is balanced and represents a total budget increase of 1.6% for operations, excluding transfers to the capital improvement program. The General Fund, where most city functions are reported, increases by only .1%.

The recommended budget totals \$165.1 million. We are able to present a financially sound plan that maintains important, basic citizen service levels because of substantial reserves accumulated in the past fiscal year. The foresight of the City Council in establishing these reserves is especially significant at this time. However, the proposed budget uses these one time reserves and thereby creates the need to replace a total of \$5.1 million in one time revenues in the coming fiscal year. Further, we are recommending the transfer of unrestricted Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) money into the General Fund to restore an appropriate level of reserves and prepare the organization for the uncertainties of the coming fiscal year. We strongly recommend that any additional revenues realized above those projected, be used in the coming year to restore the reserves and transfer back to the CIP fund the unrestricted CIP money borrowed.

The recommended budget emphasizes a sound level of basic citizen services.

#### "Commitment to Excellence in Basic Citizen Services"

Specific strategies to achieve this goal are:

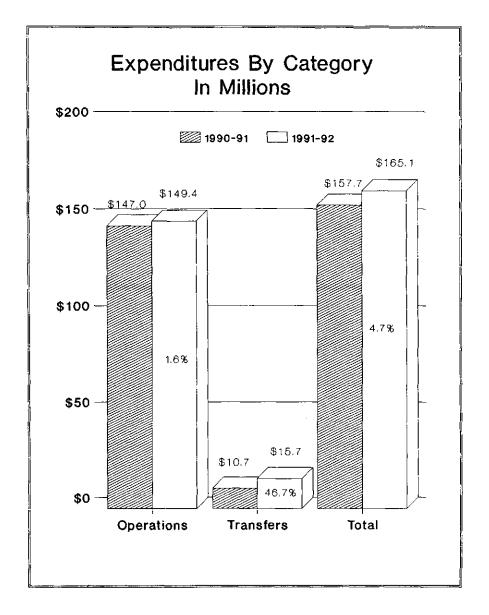
- maintain our strong organizational commitment to our employees;
- provide exceptional maintenance of all City assets;
- maintain the Scottsdale "quality of life;"
- be a leader in our community; setting the standard for water and energy conservation, and protection of the environment;
- be responsive to the community's public safety needs; and
- strengthen our financial base through improved financial planning.

Following an overview of the financial aspects of the proposed plan, this letter offers a discussion of the plan in reference to the six strategies described above. It concludes with a brief discussion of concerns we know to be emerging issues.

#### FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF THE PLAN

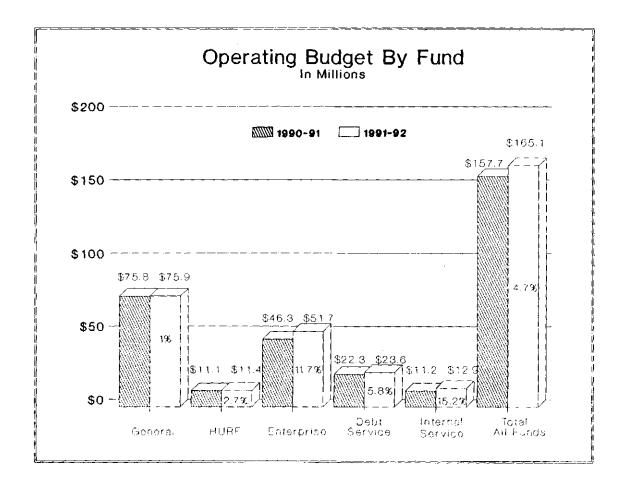
#### An Overview

The 1991-92 expenditure budget totals \$165.1 million. The chart below illustrates the proposed change in 1991-92 expenditures by the two major categories of expenditures, operations and transfers.



The 1991-92 expenditure budget of \$165.1 million represents a 4.7% increase from the 1990-91 budget of \$157.7 million.

The chart below illustrates the increase in the operating budget by fund.



\* Total is less interfund eliminations of \$9.0 (1991) and \$10.5 (1992).

#### Distinguishing between the Operating and Capital Budgets

The operating budget authorizes and provides the basis for control of operating expenditures for both internal and citizen services. The operating budget includes the cost of operating and maintaining new facilities. The capital budget authorizes and provides the basis for control of expenditures for the acquisition or construction of all capital facilities. The operating budget is funded with recurring annual revenues such as taxes, licenses, fines, user fees and return on investment. The capital budget is funded through voter approved bonds, the transportation portion of privilege tax (.2%), development fees and transfers from the operating budget.

#### 1991-92 Capital Budget

The new 1991-92 five-year capital budget totals \$467 million of which \$72 million is unfunded:

Total 1990-91 Five-year plan	\$397,200,000
less: authorized during 1990-91	-59,000,000
plus: modifications to 1990-91 Plan	4,500,000
project additions for 1991-92 Plan	\$124,500,000
Total 1991-92 Five-year plan	\$467,000,000

The City has established "pay-as-you-go" funding (includes funding sources other than general obligation and revenue bonds) goals for the five year CIP program. In addition, there is currently \$8 million in water resource fees that are being legally contested. These fees will be available for "pay-as-you-go" pending a favorable outcome for the City. The chart below compares the "pay-as-you-go" goal with the 1991-92 Plan, with and without the water resource fees.

Established targets	1991-92 Plan			
Category	Goal	Water Resources Fee		
		without	with	
% to total CIP	25-33%	36%	37%	
% to general-funded CIP	25%	31%	31%	
% to water/sewer CIP	47%	41%	45%	

#### **Impact on Property Taxes**

No property tax increase is anticipated in 1991-92. The tax rate is anticipated to remain at \$.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

#### Changes in Rates and Fees

The budget reflects no rate increase for refuse services, but does require a 5.5% increase in water and sewer rates. For an average homeowner, this translates into monthly increases of \$1.33 for water and .31¢ for sewer. Water and sewer development fees are recommended to increase 2%. In addition to these rate changes, the Planning & Zoning Department will institute several additional fees described below.

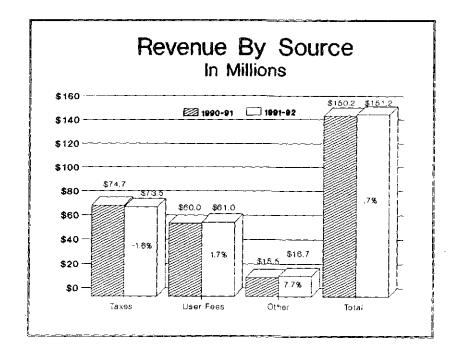
Water and sewer rates. An increase is needed for water and sewer rates because even with the 5.5% increase, our projected pay-as-you-go CIP% only reaches 41% compared to our goal of 47%.

Water and sewer development fees. These fees will increase by 2% based on actual increases in construction costs from March 1990 to March 1991 (cost increases are based on an industry construction cost index -- The Engineering News Record).

Planning & Zoning fees. Planning & Zoning will institute new fees for sign plan check, General Plan amendments, and adherence to the Environmentally Sensitive Land Ordinance. These fees will generate \$74,000.

#### Revenue Highlights

Estimated revenue for 1991-92 increased \$1 million over 1990-91. Due to the fact that the country is in the middle of a recession, revenue for this budget has remained stagnant. The City expects the economy to rebound during the second half of 1991-92.



#### Staffing Levels

1991-92's focus on maintaining service levels necessitates an additional 43 full-time and a reduction of 10 part-time positions, for a net change of 33 employes. This brings our total proposed staffing to 1,453 positions (1,167 full-time and 286 part-time). Of the 43 full-time positions added, 15 are the result of changing part-time positions to full-time.

Net changes in new positions by department and positions per capita are shown in the following tables:

		Net changes in new positions, by Department									
Position Category	General Government	Police	Financial Services	Transportation	Community Services	Management Services	Planning & Zoning	Fire	Water Resources	Municipal Services	Total
Full-time	3	3	1	4	21	1	1	0	4	5	43
Part-time	0	0	0	-1	-13	0	2	0	0	2	-10
Total change	3	3*	1	3	8	1	3	0	4	7	33

\* In addition to the three Police positions, seven positions were authorized for a motorcycle grant in 1990-91. The grant was not obtained and these positions are now to be utilized for other purposes.

Fiscal Year Ending	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
# of FT	1,010	1,059	1,060	1,051	1,124	1,167
Population	120,541	124,562	127,553	129,956	131,644	135,316
# of FT employees per 1,000 citizens	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.1	8.5	8.6

### COMMITMENT TO EXCELLENCE IN BASIC CITIZEN SERVICES

#### Providing Exceptional Maintenance of the City's Assets

Continued use and aging of City facilities requires our ongoing attention. Some of our facilities are over 20 years old and regular renovation and replacement are necessary. The need for safe and well maintained streets, buildings and park systems is our foremost priority. Our goal is to continue to achieve a high level of maintenance, supervision and customer service to safely and adequately accommodate citizen needs.

- maintaining City streets. Continued investment in the maintenance of our existing street network is an accepted and important financial strategy in order to avoid more expensive reconstruction programs in the future. The 1991-92 budget proposes to address this problem by allocating an additional \$500,000 to the street maintenance effort of the Capital Improvements Program. This will allow a 30% increase in the effort for 1991-92 and begin to move the program over the next five years to an appropriate standard;
- emphasizing the maintenance of medians on major streets. Two new
  positions in Transportation Maintenance are included in 1991-92 for the downtown
  improvement districts. These positions will be used prior to the completion of the ID to
  bring the median landscape maintenance back to previously established service levels;
- emphasizing the maintenance of parks. Four positions and additional equipment have been added to the Parks area to address the additional maintenance and renovations necessary to keep our facilities safe and attractive;
- emphasizing the maintenance of buildings. For the last two years we have deferred our preventive maintenance program for roofs and doors of our City buildings. To prevent damage to roofs and doors, we will be adding a building tradesworker to reestablish our preventive maintenance program;
- vehicle replacement. In 1991-92 we plan to replace 36 vehicles with an average age of 7.4 years, not including police patrol vehicles, which by policy are to be replaced at 100,000 miles. Replacement of these 36 vehicles and the addition of 12 new non-patrol vehicles will reduce the average age of the fleet, not including patrol vehicles, from 5.7 years in 1990-91 to 5 years in 1991-92. This is in line with the fleet management industry recommended average age of 5 years;
- implementing a geographic information system (GIS). Implementation of the GIS bond project is scheduled for October 1992. This project will permit all City departments to begin the storage, analysis, retrieval, and sharing of geographic based information which will assist in developing police patrols, residential refuse collection routes, meter reading, revenue recovery, and planning. This project is consistent with the City-wide 5-year technology master plan; and

• establishing endowment trust funds. The City has established an endowment trust fund to provide a mechanism for the City to accept contributions/donations for specific City services such as the Library. This endowment trust fund will be expanded to include additional endowment funds for Human Services, Parks/Recreation, Public Safety and General Government. These endowment funds will provide the City with a new funding source for basic services. The City will take an aggressive role in developing the use of endowment funds.

# Maintaining the Scottsdale "Quality of Life" for Citizens, Businesses and Visitors

Maintaining Scottsdale's reputation as a nationally recognized destination attraction, requires continuous planning and foresight. By investing in our downtown, facilitating strong public-private partnerships, and pursuing a citizen-oriented visioning process, the City is able to sustain Scottsdale's highly enviable quality lifestyle.

• continued investment in downtown Scottsdale. In 1991-92 the City will be funding the maintenance of the Fifth Avenue, Old Town and West Main improvement districts which are slated for completion in November 1991.

A key Capital Improvement Project (CIP) scheduled to be completed in the downtown area is in the Multi-Use Sports and Cultural Facility. In addition, we will begin the following major CIP projects: East Couplet Phase II, Scottsdale Road (Stetson to Camelback), the West Couplet (Indian School Road to Camelback Road), and implementation of the Canal Bank master development plan.

These City investments will complement the private sector downtown projects such as the Galleria, and Scottsdale Fashion Square/Camelview Plaza, and will make Scottsdale one of the most attractive retail destinations in the United States;

- implementing community visioning. This community driven process will require significant staff, consultant, and citizen resources over the next year. This process is crucial to the establishment of a community concensus which will guide our future development;
- implementing neighborhood planning. The City is funding a neighborhood coordinator position in 1991-92 to work with the community to identify needs and mobilize existing resources. The City has appointed a Neighborhood Enhancement Advisory Committee to review future programs and concepts developed by the coordinator to ensure they reflect neighborhood concerns;
- continuing Paiute Park improvements. Through the continuing team efforts of the Police, Human Services, Recreation and Zoning Offices, the City is taking steps to improve the quality of life and reestablish a neighborhood focus in the Holiday Park neighborhood. The afterschool program at the park has been extended to evenings, three days a week, and Saturdays. A 1991-92 CIP project provides funding for conducting a needs assessment for a community center;
- continued improvement of public transportation facilities. The five-year CIP plan, formulated to carry out the City Council's commitment to transportation, is scheduled to have an additional 25 bus benches and 6 shelters added in 1991-92. This will bring the total to 56 bus benches and 21 shelters by the end for 1991-92. It is anticipated that 80% of the shelters will be funded by an Urban Mass Transportation Authority grant;
- providing additional downtown parking. One parking lot is scheduled for construction in 1991-92 in the 5th Avenue/Marshall Way district where public parking is critically needed;

- constructing the Multi-use Sports and Cultural Facility. Slated to open February 1992, the new facility and grounds will be suitable for many programmed, revenue generating uses as well as a general park. The operational plan for the facility projects 120 uses per year, up from the current 45 uses per year;
  - A parking lot is planned in the Jaycees current location adjacent to the stadium. The Chaparral Scottsdale Boys Club facility will be purchased for the Jaycees relocation;
- continuing the downtown trolley system. This experimental project proved to be successful in 1990-91 by increasing ridership 236%. Restructuring of routes and familiarity with the program has dramatically improved the level of ridership and public and business acceptance has been positive. This budget includes \$50,000 to partially support this purpose, however, \$35,000 from other sources will need to be funded by the private sector in order to provide the same service level in 1991-92. This is in keeping with the original goals of this program;
- achieving Part 139 certification. An application has been submitted to the FAA for Part 139 Certification. Success in being certified would likely require a scheduled carrier. The Chamber of Commerce is actively pursuing a carrier to the Scottsdale Airport. There may be short- and long-term fiscal impacts and benefits associated with this program as it evolves. The most apparent unplanned costs at this time appear to be the potential impacts on our terminal facilities. We are currently reviewing these impacts and are aware that FAA grant funding is available for these type of improvements;
- implementing an artist-designed bus shelter and benches program. While the City has a 'standard' shelter design, an opportunity exists subject to grant funding to demonstrate the functional aspects of art by co-sponsoring a competition that would result in the design of artistically inspired transit amenities for the community. This project will raise awareness of mass transit and contribute to Scottsdale's reputation as a leader in innovative arts;
- increasing our commitment to social services funding. We will continue to conduct an annual community services needs assessment and use the results to recommend categories of services for funding. These recommendations will then serve as the framework by which the Human Services Commission can allocate funds to specific agencies. In 1991-92 the City will utilize \$97,800 through the Community Development Block Grant program to fund social services. In addition, the City will contribute \$200,595 to human service agencies. Through the combination of CDBG funding, grants, subsidies and contributions to the Scottsdale Prevention Institute, the City is providing \$298,395 for social services, which is a 39.2% increase over 1990-91;
- rewriting zoning ordinances. Funding to enable us to begin updating the City's zoning ordinances has been included. This project was originally funded in 1991-92, but was not utilized that year due to other planning and zoning related priorities. When initiated, it will take approximately three years to complete the process. These ordinances constitute one of the most visible elements of the City Code and must be updated to accurately reflect our community's land use policies. Although there have been some slight revisions, these ordinances are over 20 years old;

- improving film and entertainment promotion efforts. Working in conjunction with the Scottsdale Chamber of Commerce, we will be designing a strategic action plan which capitalizes on the long-term economic benefit of the film and entertainment industry in Scottsdale. The intent of this plan is for the City to assume more of a promotional role in attracting these industries to Scottsdale. This effort is supported by \$7,185 from City funds. In addition, we will approach the Hospitality Commission to consider funding a \$20,000 study of the film industry;
- improving the City/Chamber of Commerce partnership. We will appropriate \$1,675,000 to the Scottsdale Chamber of Commerce for tourist promotion services. By working closely with the Chamber we have developed better measures of performance to monitor the effectiveness of these services. These measures will continue to be reviewed and revised to ensure the productive use of promotional monies;

We are increasing funding for Economic Development Service to \$364,000. The \$14,000 increase in funding will cover the increased costs of membership for the Greater Phoenix Economic Council. The Scottsdale Partnership program will continue to provide funds at the \$300,000 level;

- maintaining our commitment to the arts. The City is maintaining the same level of funding for the Cultural Council; and
- continuing our commitment to quality citizen service. We have added several positions to ensure that our service to internal and external customers is at a satisfactory level.

#### Being a Leader in the Community --Setting the Standard for Water and Energy Conservation, and Protection of the Environment

We are positioning ourselves to assume a leadership role in dealing with emerging environmental issues. It is important for our organization and our citizens to continue this heightened awareness of environmental concerns, and to develop practical strategies for dealing with these concerns.

- considering a waste-to-energy facility. A feasibility study for a waste-toenergy facility is scheduled to be completed December 1991. Potential benefits are multifaceted. At the same time, this plant can provide a source of power for the Regional Water Reclamation, Plant and Advanced Water Treatment plants;
- maintaining solid waste recycling. We currently have 2 mobile recycling trailers and will have an estimated 160 stationary containers available at many of our commercial customer sites to collect newspaper for recycling. We estimate we will collect 900 tons of recyclable waste in 1991-92; an increase of 250 tons over 1990-91. In addition, we have implemented an aggressive recycling program for all City facilities, requiring the use of biodegradable products in all City offices, and encouraging use of recycled products;
- reducing noise and air pollution. The City is mandated by State law to participate in the Travel Reduction Program (TRP). The primary purpose of TRP is to encourage employees to reduce the average number of miles driven and reduce the number of single occupancy drivers to a work site. An ambitious travel reduction program was implemented in 1990-91 for City employees. In 1991-92, the City will need to implement an additional 5% reduction in the proportion of employees commuting by single occupancy vehicles or the total vehicle miles traveled as determined in the annual survey conducted in April 1991. As of April 1991, 1,119 of the total full-time equivalent employees (1,355) were participating in TRP. One component of TRP is alternate work schedules. The State mandate for compliance to alternate work schedules is 85%; Scottsdale is at 91% compliance;
- collecting household hazardous waste. Hazardous waste is becoming a serious
  environmental problem. The State Senate is currently looking at legislation that would
  require all communities with a population greater than 25,000 to collect household
  hazardous waste at least one day a year. Two hazardous waste days were held in 199091 and we will be funding one collection day in 1991-92;
- continuing our current environmental initiatives. These initiatives include converting an additional 10 vehicles to compressed natural gas (CNG) (bringing the total CNG vehicle conversion to 127); converting City landscaping/medians to drought tolerant and "xeriscape" plants; implementing energy conservation programs for city buildings; implementing the traffic signal intertie program to improve traffic flow throughout the city (and thus reduce concentrated carbon monoxide emissions); inspecting and testing City underground storage tanks; and preserving of our environmentally-sensitive lands through the ESLO ordinance;

- implementing a city-wide energy policy. A Task Force on Energy Planning recently completed and submitted a plan identifying 23 short- and long-term actions the City can take to reduce energy consumption and improve our environment. We will be evaluating this plan in 1991-92 to establish an energy policy for the City;
- ensuring compliance with storm water runoff regulations. Recent EPA regulations require cities with populations over 100,000 to apply for a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. This permit covers all storm water runoff entering into the Indian Bend Wash. We will be hiring a consultant to collect the necessary data and submit the permit application so that we will be in compliance with the regulation;
- initiating construction process for the Wastewater Treatment and Advanced Water Treatment Plants. We will be completing negotiations with the State to purchase land for the wastewater treatment and advanced water treatment plants. We will also be completing the preliminary designs for the plants and a prototype of the advanced water treatment plant this year;
- achieving recharge/underground storage requirements. Reclamation and
  underground storage of reclaimed and surplus water through recharge helps us achieve
  this goal while meeting the City's future water supply requirements. We are currently
  designing a pilot program for recharge and storage which will lead to full-scale projects;
  and
- encouraging water conservation. The City will implement a goal billing/rebate program by January 1992. This program will provide goals for all users as well as provide incentives for conversion to water saving devices.

#### Being Responsive to the Community's Public Safety Needs

Responding to the public safety needs of the community is one of our foremost priorities. We are implementing numerous programs which will promote a public safety partnership with the community, provide for improved problem solving, and encourage visionary leadership.

- implementing Police Department improvements. A comprehensive report on the Department was prepared by the Institute for Law and Justice (ILJ). The report includes recommendations on staffing, deployment, and ways to improve police services. The Department is in the preliminary stages of evaluating and implementing many of the recommendations. This plan provides funding for an additional 11 positions (net of 10 positions -- one position transferred to another department): five patrol officers to provide improved response time in the area bounded by Shea Boulevard to Frank Lloyd Wright Parkway and Scottsdale Road to Pima Road, two additional communications dispatchers, an additional logistics/detention technician, an accident investigation officer, a data conversion clerk, and an additional police lieutenant for internal affairs; a Phoenix Automated Computer Entry (PACE) terminal for the Special Enforcement Unit; training and equipment for the Entry/Negotiations team; and a new records management system;
- continuing our "community policing" program. To address changing demographics and needs of the community, we are continuing to implement community policing. The proposed 1991-92 budget includes funds necessary to continue implementing the philosophy of community policing and fostering an attitude which accepts the community as a partner in problem solving;
- rewriting the alarm ordinance. It is estimated that 23% of all calls for service are alarm related and that 95% of these calls are false alarms. A task force is currently reviewing the permitting and regulation of alarm systems;
- constructing an on-airport fire station. A plot of land just north of the control tower has been identified as the site of the "on airport fire station." A temporary station consisting of a trailer and a truck cover will be erected by August of this year. Final cost estimates have been gathered and the Development Review Board contacted to begin the approval process for the temporary structure; and
- implementing Fire & Emergency Medical Services improvements. We are recommending an increase of \$289,833 to the fire contract, which includes monies for a paramedic/EMT-D (semi-auto defibrillator) coordinator, computer aided dispatch system (CAD), and improvements in the firefighters compensation plan. In addition, a contingent amount of \$50,000 is recommended for documented increases in non-personnel costs.

#### Strengthening the City's Financial Base through Improved Financial Planning

The 1991-92 financial plan reflects a balanced budget largely due to the foresight of the City Council. Their judicious use of previous funds has provided us a means to weather recessionary times and maintain citizen service levels. We will continue to utilize long-range financial planning to insure the health of the City's revenue base.

- preserving the general fund balance. The City has been very cognizant of the importance of not relying on one time revenues to balance the general fund. In this year of reduced revenue we will reduce our fund balances to meet service level commitments. This reduction includes using the \$1 million for the early retirement of debt and the \$3 million designated for the economic stabilization reserve fund. This is a temporary action and we will replace these funds in future years. The City of Scottsdale has a Moody Investors Service bond rating for general obligation bonds of Aa1 which is the highest of any municipality in the State of Arizona. Recognizing that the City has a need for issuing future general obligation bonds, it is imperative that we maintain the highest credit rating possible through responsible fiscal management;
- utilizing the economic stabilization reserve fund. The prior year budgeted general fund balance of \$7 million included \$3 million designated as a supplemental revenue source should anticipated revenues not be realized. However, the proposed 1991-92 budget will reduce the balance to zero as this reserve is being used for its intended purpose in 1991-92. This designated reserve balance will be reestablished as the general fund balance increases in future years;
- maintaining operating contingencies. Our \$1.5 million operating contingency is the same as the prior year. Over the past five years, the City's budgeted operating contingency has averaged \$1.2 million, with an average of approximately \$700,000 used each year;
- utilizing one-time revenues. The City does not incorporate use of one-time revenues into its revenue projections, which provides a more realistic and accurate picture of what will be available from year to year;
- identifying expenditure commitments that have second-year impacts. As part of the 1991-92 process, departments identified any projects or services which would have a carry-over into the next fiscal year. This analysis provided a more rational basis for determining which projects to defer based on current available funds; and
- preparing a 'no-growth' budget. By matching our base level expenditures with what can be reasonably anticipated to be our base revenues, we can adequately fund our basic services. Furthermore, budget decisions regarding new commitments for service levels are supported only when there is adequate basic revenues to support them.

#### Sustaining Our Strong Organizational Commitment to Our Employees

The nature and composition of our workforce is dramatically changing. Therefore, our ability to identify and meet employee needs is a foremost concern. We are faced with the challenge of developing effective programs which will promote an optimum working environment for our employees.

- establishing a Martin Luther King Day. The City will add a paid holiday to recognize Martin Luther King day and the significant contributions Mr. King made in establishing equal rights in this country;
- implementing a market adjustment for salaries. We are recommending a 2.0% market adjustment for all employees to ensure competitiveness in the marketplace;
- continuing a special incentive pay program. We implemented our "Performance Plus" program in 1990-91 and will continue to reward employees for exceptional performance;
- increasing training and professional development. Funding for this purpose increases from \$289,103 to \$382,560;
- providing in-house training. We have designed two in-house training programs for management. The "undergraduate" program -- the Management Academy, will focus on fundamentals of supervision. The "graduate" program -- the Leadership Institute, will emphasize leadership skills and attitudes necessary to provide leadership in the service we deliver. We will also be providing customer service and workplace literacy training;
- making provisions for benefits increases. We are prepared to continue funding a proportionate share of benefit costs;
- changing Recreation III positions to full-time status. There are 12 Recreation Leader III and two Pool Manager positions that warrant full-time status. These direct service positions either supervise people or coordinate recreation programs during night and weekend hours at various sites throughout the City. These positions have been reclassified to full-time; and
- increasing the Police Department uniform allowance. Uniform allowances in the Police Department are being increased \$25 per year for sworn officers and \$15 for non-sworn positions to be consistent with the marketplace.

#### **FUTURE ISSUES**

Acquiring additional water rights. We are currently discussing the possibility of leasing water rights from the San Carlos Apache Indians. Obtaining these water rights will require congressional authorization.

Public Safety issues. Our 1991-92 plan includes many significant enhancements to public safety. We will continue to evaluate recommendations made by an outside consultant concerning our Police Department and review current fire safety services in anticipation of the June 30, 1993 expiration of our contract.

Station planning. Rural Metro and the City are working together to develop a new station in the area of 74th St. and Shea Boulevard as outlined in the bond election. Construction has been delayed three months, and is scheduled to be staffed and operational in 1992-93. This site proposal is consistent with the overall fire master plan.

Implementation of Arizona Fingerprinting Information System (AFIS). The statewide task force developing the RFP for the State AFIS system was completed in May 1991. Currently, the state procurement office will issue the call for bids (providing the Governor releases the funds). Once the bid is awarded, we will evaluate the bid award to determine if connectivity between the Phoenix AFIS system and the State AFIS system is possible.

Disposition of the Frank Lloyd Wright House. Because the exhibit is a temporary structure which is not suitable to become a permanent attraction, we will need to make a decision regarding the disposition of this structure in the coming year.

Funding the City's Transit Plan. The Financial Plan does not include any funding for expansion of the City's existing transit service. Reconsideration of this issue will follow the establishment of a regional plan.

#### CONCLUSION

The City realizes the need to replenish one time revenues, tail expenditures and reestablish reserves in the future. The tendency in the past has been to underfund our basic services in order to venture forth with new services. This tendency to expand services without identifying a recurring revenue source needs to be carefully monitored. Failure to do this will seriously limit the City's ability to prepare a balanced budget without impacting service levels.

Our plan is built around the theme of "Commitment to Excellence in Basic City Services." Our challenge is to aggressively take on the goal of identifying the appropriate citizen service levels and to perform those services well.

I would like to thank the City Council, the General Managers, all the staff, and the dedicated Financial Services group -- their expertise and hard work made this plan possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard A. Bowers City Manager The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented an award for Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City of Scottsdale, Arizona for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1990.

In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communications medium.

The award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.



**GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION** 

# Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO
City of Scottsdale,
Arizona

"An Especially Notable Policy Document"

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

1.1.4.4000

July 1, 1990

President

Gary R. howten

**Executive Director** 

#### THE BUDGET PROCESS

#### Overview

The Charter of the City of Scottsdale specifies that the Council will adopt each Annual Budget at the first regular Council meeting in June for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July. In addition, the City Council adopted on December 19, 1988, the Budget Policy Issue Resolution to implement a new budget and policy development process. This process is divided into six phases spanning the entire fiscal year. This process includes:

- 1. Needs Assessment -- This is the foundation for determining what our customers feel is needed -- reducing services, adding services, or changing how resources are allocated. It is also with what and how we are doing. Needs are analyzed by the professional staff, market surveys, public hearings, and board and commission input. This occurs in August and September of each year.
- 2. Policy Phase -- This phase involves development of Council policy. It sets the tone, the direction of all policy and financial planning. The staff identifies what they believe are the most critical policy issues. A proposed policy agenda is presented to Council. The Council uses a retreat to review this proposal and develops its policy agenda. A five year financial forecast, using assumptions approved by Council, is formulated. The forecast projects revenues and expenses using assumptions approved by Council and identifies key financial and operational issues for next year and beyond. Council also receives a report on financial trends describing the City's financial condition.

In this phase, the Council adopts a policy agenda and the financial forecast. This occurs October through December of each year.

- 3. Department Phase -- In this phase, departments define what the City currently does, at what cost, and how to measure performance. They also determine what would be required to implement the Council's policy agenda. The Council would review this information and provide direction on alternative service measures. This occurs in January and February each year.
- 4. City Manager Phase -- In this phase, the City Manager would develop a recommended financial plan based on the Council's policy direction. This occurs in March of each year.
- Adoption Phase -- A proposed financial plan would be presented to the City Council. Also, a
  Citizen's Summary of the Budget would be transmitted to the general public. This would be in the
  form of a newspaper insert, a handout, a video, or a combination of these products.
  - Public hearings would be held, and the Council would adopt the budget and the tax levy consistent with the City Charter and State law. This occurs in April, May, and June of each year. Final budget adoption occurs at the first regular Council meeting in June.
- 6. Implementation Phase -- Monitoring of the operating and capital budgets is done on a quarterly basis. The entire Council is provided with reports and review of these reports.

The 1991-92 Financial Plan is published in two volumes. Volume I, the 1991-92 Financial Plan, includes all Operating Departments, Debt Service, Designated Funds, and the Operating Contingencies. Volume II, the 1991-92 Capital Budget and Capital Improvements Plan, includes the Capital Budget, the Capital Improvements Plan, and the Capital Improvements Contingencies.

# THE BUDGET PROCESS (Continued)

#### Review and Approval of the Budget

The City Council considers the Proposed Financial Plan and holds review sessions and public hearings in April and May. The sessions provide an opportunity for City Management, departments, and the general public to offer information and recommendations to the City Council.

Legally, the budget must be adopted by the first Council meeting in June. State law requires the annual operating budget to be all inclusive. If it is not budgeted, it cannot be legally expended. Therefore, the budget must include sufficient provisions for contingent revenues and expenditures that cannot be accurately determined when the budget is adopted. The adopted budget line items are the department expenditures totals. The ordinance adopting the annual operating budget currently requires City Council authorization for expenditures from contingency and City Manager authorization for budget transfers within line items.

#### Implementation of the Budget

Upon adoption of the budget, staff prepares the Adopted Financial Plan, incorporating all changes from the proposed budget. The Adopted Financial Plan is published in late June. By City Charter, the Council may make certain changes, with insertions of titles, descriptions, or conditions of administration which require public notice.

#### Amendment of the Budget

The City of Scottsdale budget is adopted at department level. Any transfers between departments and out of contingencies requires City Council approval. On May 15, 1989, the City Council adopted a policy issue resolution which defined the authorized uses of contingency.

Operating contingency funds can be used for two purposes. When:

- additional funds are necessary to offset unexpected revenue shortfalls or expenditure increases so that budgeted citizen Service Measures can be maintained, and
- unanticipated and/or inadequately budgeted events threaten the public health or safety.

#### The Financial Plan

The 1991-92 City of Scottsdale budget is comprised of:

- the Financial Plan which includes the Operating Budget and a listing of all Other Fiscal Activity, and
- the Capital Budget and Capital Improvements Plan which includes the 1991-92 Capital Budget and the multi-year Capital Improvement Plan.

The Financial Plan is developed by fund on a GAAP basis, except that depreciation and amortization are not budgeted. Principal payment on debt in the Enterprise funds is budgeted as an expense.

General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds are budgeted on a modified accrual basis. Enterprise and Internal Service funds are budgeted on an accrual basis. There are no fixed annual budgets for grant, trust, and capital improvements which are included in the other fiscal activity detailed in the Appendix.

The fund summaries in the Financial Plan detail the Beginning Balance, Revenues, Expenditures, Other Sources and Uses, and the Ending Balance for each of the individual funds which have legally fixed annual budgets.

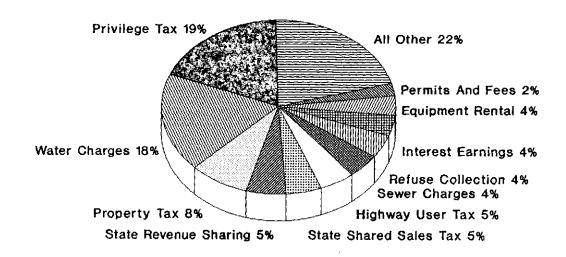
The remainder of the Financial Plan is presented by City operating department without regard to fund. Each department is divided into operating divisions and a summary of the budget by expenditure category is listed for each division.

The Capital Budget and Capital Improvement Plan is detailed in Volume II. The Capital Budget has its own funding sources. Any future year's operating impact is noted in the Capital Budget and is included in the five year plan so that it can be included in the proper year's operating budget.

Revenue determines a City's capacity to provide services. On the chart below and on the following pages the City of Scottsdale's eleven largest sources of revenue are detailed. In addition to these the City receives revenue from nineteen additional sources. A complete listing of all operating revenue sources follows the Revenue Summaries: The major revenue sources making up the 1991-92 budget are:

Privilege Tax	\$ 28,100,000
Water Charges	27,700,000
Property Tax	12,433,366
State Revenue Sharing	8,300,000
State Shared Sales Tax	7,423,000
Highway User Tax	7,300,000
Sewer Charges	6,765,000
Refuse Collection Charges	6,400,000
Interest Earnings	5,700,000
Equipment Rental	5,605,000
Permits and Fees	3,574,000
All Other	31,874,492
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 151,174,858

# TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE 1991-92



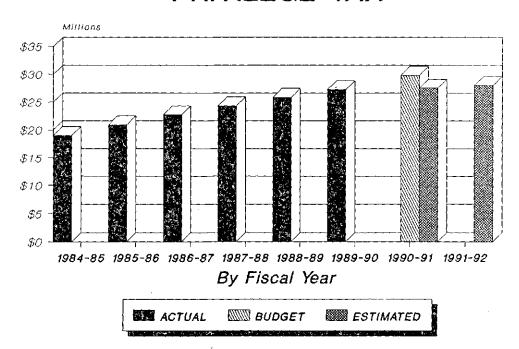
### Privilege Tax

The Privilege (Sales) Tax is the City's largest source of revenue and is obtained from the 1.2 percent tax on retail and other sales. This item also includes application and penalty fees. The one percent portion of privilege tax revenue is used for repayment of excise debt and for general fund operations. The remaining .2 percent is used to assist in funding the Capital Improvement Plan.

Additional information on privilege tax collections can be found in the Appendix.

1984-85	\$19,019,594
1985-86	20,909,474
1986-87	22,718,346
1987-88	24,315,106
1988-89	25,816,238
1989-90	27,242,055
1990-91 Budget	29,841,000
1990-91 Estimate	27,550,000
1991-92 Estimate	28,100,000

## PRIVILEGE TAX

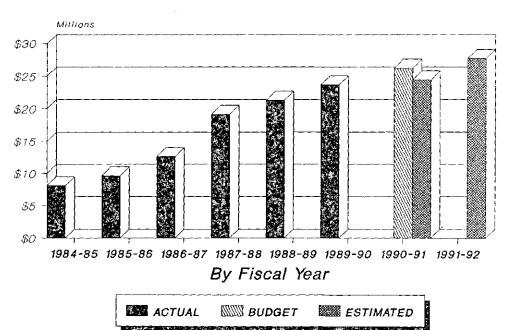


### Water Charges

Water charges are received for the sale of domestic water to customers within the City. Monthly water billings consist of a base charge according to meter size and a charge for the amount of water consumed. In 1986-87 the City purchased that portion of the City of Phoenix water system that served Scottsdale residents adding 14,376 customers to the Scottsdale water system.

1984-85	\$ 8,085,403
1985-86	9,652,839
1986-87	12,606,104
1987-88	19,137,519
1988-89	21,281,210
1989-90	23,672,493
1990-91 Budget	26,193,000
1990-91 Estimate	24,400,000
1991-92 Estimate	27,700,000

## WATER CHARGES

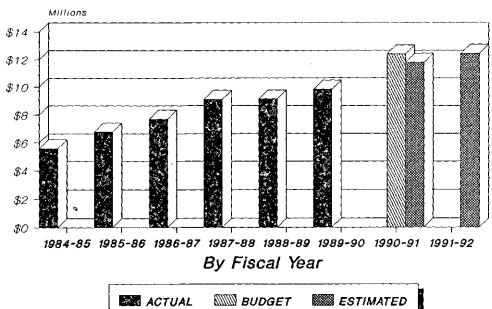


In Arizona, property taxes are divided into two parts:

- 1. Primary property taxes are used for general government operations. Annual increases are limited to two percent plus allowances for annexations and new construction.
- 2. Secondary property taxes are levied to pay for general bonded debt obligations.

1984-85	\$ 5,580,005
1985-86	6,782,380
1986-87	7,707,117
1987-88	9,094,087
1988-89	9,125,216
1989-90	9,822,930
1990-91 Budget	12,395,000
1990-91 Estimate	11,790,000
1991-92 Estimate	12,433,366

## PROPERTY TAX



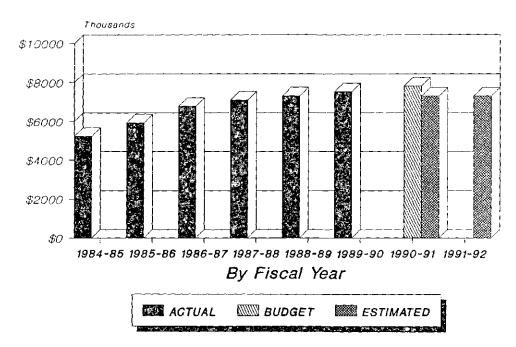
### Highway User

The highway user fuel tax (gas tax) is shared with municipalities with a portion distributed based on population of the city and a portion distributed based upon the origin of the sales of the fuel. The state constitution requires that all highway user revenue be used solely for street and highway purposes.

In January 1986 the gas tax was increased by 3 cents per gallon.

1984-85	\$5,240,803
1985-86	5,930,919
1986-87	6,772,029
1987-88	7,103,590
1988-89	7,306,733
1989-90	7,515,860
1990-91 Budget	7,814,000
1990-91 Estimate	7,300,000
1991-92 Estimate	7,300,000

## HIGHWAY USER FUEL TAX

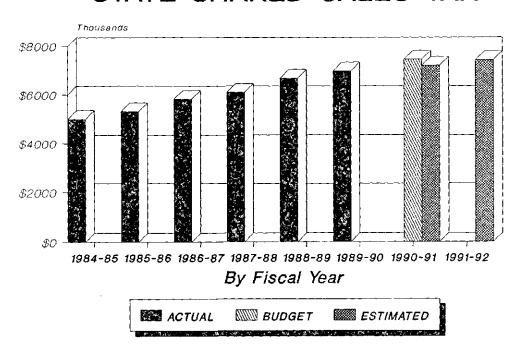


### State Shared Sales Tax

Cities and towns share in a portion of the five percent sales tax collected by the state. The formula for distribution is based on the relation of the City's population to the total state population. Twenty-five percent of the state sales tax is available for distribution to the cities.

1984-85	\$4,998,108
1985-86	5,314,375
1986-87	5,823,940
1987-88	6,103,255
1988-89	6,680,399
1989-90	6,978,440
1990-91 Budget	7,449,000
1990-91 Estimate	7,200,000
1991-92 Estimate	7,423,000

## STATE SHARED SALES TAX

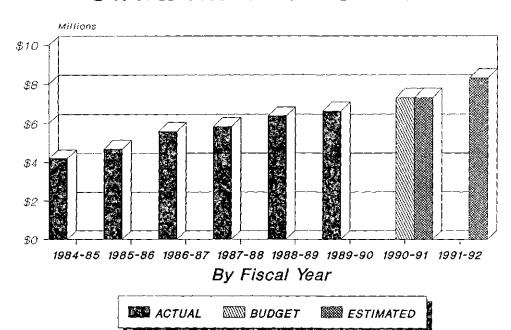


### State Revenue Sharing

Cities and towns are entitled to 15% of State income tax collections from two years previous. The revenue for 1991-92 would come from the 1989 income tax collections. The City's share is determined based on Scottsdale population as a percentage of the total state population.

1984-85	\$4,206,005
1985-86	4,694,187
1986-87	5,588,160
1987-88	5,841,228
1988-89	6,375,140
1989-90	6,630,937
1990-91 Budget	7,312,000
1990-91 Estimate	7,312,000
1991-92 Estimate	8,300,000

## STATE REVENUE SHARING

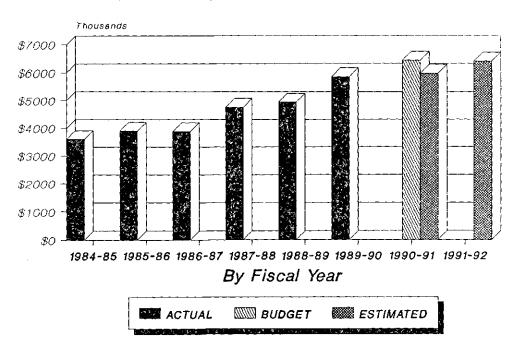


Refuse Collection

Customers are charged monthly for the pick-up of solid waste. Residential customers are charged a flat fee per month while commercial customers are charged based on the size of the container and the number of pick-ups per month.

1984-85	\$3,599,758
1985-86	3,898,005
1986-87	3,878,721
1987-88	4,479,203
1988-89	4,930,777
1989-90	5,851,258
1990-91 Budget	6,432,000
1990-91 Estimate	5,965,000
1991-92 Estimate	6,400,000

# REFUSE COLLECTION CHARGES

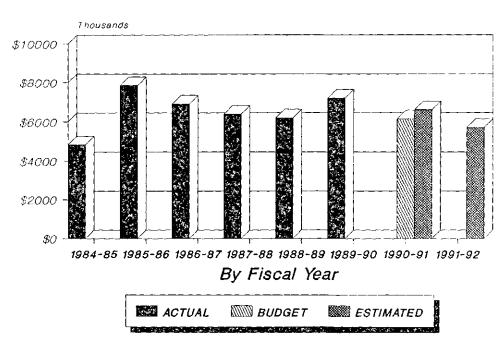


### Interest Earnings

The City earns interest on idle funds through various investment vehicles in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes and City Ordinance.

	Interest Earnings	Interest Rate	Average Daily Cash Balance
1984-85	\$4,834,175	11.22%	\$43,085,339
1985-86	7,843,389	11.31%	69,349,151
1986-87	6,907,053	9.59%	72,023,493
1987-88	6,378,903	8.36%	76,302,668
1988-89	6,185,127	9.19%	67,302,797
1989-90	7,195,678	8.62%	83,466,860
1990-91 Budget	6,140,000	7.50%	81,866,667
1990-91 Estimate	6,600,000	8.00%	82,500,000
1991-92 Estimate	5,700,000	7.00%	81,428,570

## INTEREST EARNINGS

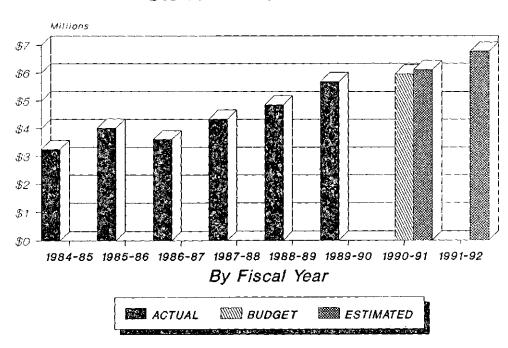


### Sewer Charges

The City charges fees for the disposal of sanitary sewer waste. Residential customers are charged a flat fee per month and commercial users are charged based on water consumption and type of business. Fees are studied annually to determine if they are covering the cost of providing this service.

1984-85	\$3,262,696
1985-86	4,026,200
1986-87	3,605,797
1987-88	4,327,863
1988-89	4,842,963
1989-90	5,681,816
1990-91 Budget	5,960,000
1991-91 Estimate	6,100,000
1991-92 Estimate	6,765,000

## SEWER CHARGES

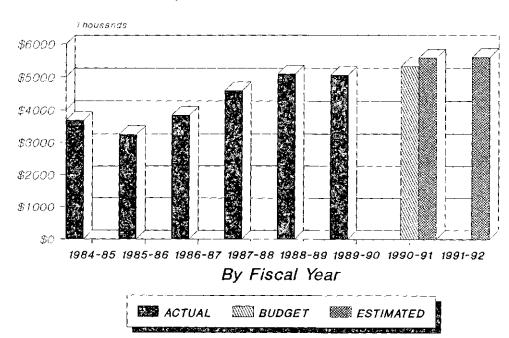


### **Equipment Rental**

The fees for equipment rental come from a charge to other areas of the City for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of City vehicles. The using divisions are charged based on the maintenance history of their vehicles. The fee for these charges is returned to the Motor Pool fund as revenue.

1984-85	\$3,679,910
1985-86	3,240,401
1986-87	3,839,400
1987-88	4,591,692
1988-89	5,086,668
1989-90	5,060,220
1990-91 Budget	5,326,000
1990-91 Estimate	5,576,000
1991-92 Estimate	5,605,000

## **EQUIPMENT RENTAL**

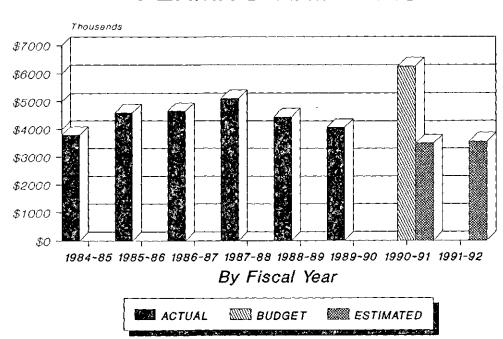


### Permits and Fees

The permits and fees category includes all fees recovered as a part of the development process. This would include billing, electrical, mechanical, and plumbing permits. Subdivision, zoning, and plan check fees are also included in this category.

1984-85	\$3,792,654
1985-86	4,603,289
1986-87	4,659,473
1987-88	5,119,833
1988-89	4,451,464
1989-90	4,069.761
1990-91 Budget	6,264,000
1990-91 Estimate	3,500,000
1991-92 Estimate	3,574,000

## PERMITS AND FEES



### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SUMMARY OF ACTUAL, ADOPTED, ESTIMATED, AND PROPOSED REVENUE

TAXES   LOCAL   Property Tax   27,242,055   29,841,000   27,550,000   28,100,000   11,790,000   12,433,366   Privilege Tax   27,242,055   29,841,000   27,550,000   28,100,000   17,400,000   17,400,000   17,400,000   17,400,000   17,400,000   17,400,000   14,400,0		ACTUAL REVENUE 1989-90	ADOPTED REVENUE 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUE 1990-91	ADOPTED REVENUE 1991-92
LOCAL	TAVEC				
Property Tax					
Privilege Tax		9 822 930	12 395 000	11 790 000	12 433 366
Transient Occupancy Tax					
Light & Power Franchise   2,163,258   2,279,000   2,315,000   2,447,000   Salt River Project Lieu   80,334   124,000   152,000   155,000   155,000   156,000   170,000   157,000   155,000   155,000   157,000   157,000   155,000   155,000   157,000   155,000   157,000   155,000   155,000   157,000   155,0					
Satt River Project Lieu					
Fire Insurance Premium Tax TOTAL 43,300,830 160,000 155,000 160,000 TOTAL 43,300,830 48,871,000 45,840,000 47,211,366 FROM OTHER AGENCIES State Shared Sales Tax 6,978,440 7,449,000 7,200,000 7,423,000 Auto Lieu Tax 2,017,805 2,195,000 2,100,000 2,200,000 Highway User Tax 7,515,860 7,814,000 7,300,000 7,300,000 State Revenue Sharing 6,830,937 7,312,000 7,312,000 8,300,000 TOTAL 24,201,824 25,845,000 24,983,000 26,276,000 TOTAL 24,201,824 25,845,000 24,983,000 26,276,000 EURARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES Permits and Fees 1,394,192 1,427,000 1,423,000 1,510,000 Filks Management 2,215,015 3,120,000 3,170,000 3,382,000 Equipment Rental 5,060,220 5,326,000 5,576,000 5,605,000 TOTAL 12,739,188 16,137,000 13,669,000 14,071,000 TOTAL 12,739,188 16,137,000 13,669,000 14,071,000 TOTAL 2,005,2306 2,404,000 250,000 250,000 TOTAL 2,005,2306 2,404,000 250,000 250,000 TOTAL 2,005,2306 2,404,000 250,000 250,000 TOTAL 2,005,2306 2,404,000 2,191,000 2,213,000 TOTAL 2,052,3306 2,404,000 2,191,000 2,213,000 TOTAL 8,072,742 7,282,000 7,742,000 6,917,000 TOTAL 8,072,742 7,282,000 7,742,000 6,917,000 Water Charges 5,881,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,965,000 UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES Refuse Collection Charges 5,881,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,917,000 Water Charges 5,881,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,765,000 Water Charges 5,881,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,765,000 Water Place Collection Charges 2,3672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 1,866,466 2,143,000 2,000,000 3,342,540 Water Charges 2,3672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,000 3,000,000 3,342,540 Water Charges 2,3672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,000 3,000,000 3,342,540 Water Charges 2,3672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,0			657,000	678,000	716,000
TOTAL		•			
State Shared Sales Tax					
State Shared Sales Tax	TOTAL	43,300,830_	48,871,000	45,840,000_	47,211,366
State Shared Sales Tax	EDOM OTHER ACENCIES				
Auto Lieu Tax		6 978 <i>44</i> 0	7 449 000	7 200 000	7 423 000
Local Transportation Assistance Fund Highway User Tax					
Highway User Tax   7,515,860   7,814,000   7,300,000   7,300,000   7,300,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   7,312,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000   24,983,000   26,276,000					
TOTAL   24,201,824   25,845,000   24,983,000   26,276,000					
LICENSES AND PERMITS   Business & Liquor Licenses   617,200   768,000   621,000   638,000	State Revenue Sharing	6,630,937	7,312,000	7,312,000	8,300,000
Business & Liquor Licenses   617,200   768,000   621,000   638,000	TOTAL	24,201,824	25,845,000	24,983,000	26,276,000
Business & Liquor Licenses   617,200   768,000   621,000   638,000	LIGENOES AND DECLUTS				
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES           Permits and Fees         4,069,761         6,264,000         3,500,000         3,574,000           Recreation Fees         1,394,192         1,427,000         1,423,000         1,510,000           Risk Management         2,215,015         3,120,000         3,770,000         3,382,000           Equipment Rental         5,060,220         5,326,000         5,576,000         5,605,000           TOTAL         12,739,188         16,137,000         13,669,000         14,071,000           FINES AND FORFEITURES           Court Fines         1,694,251         2,006,000         1,800,000         1,822,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY           Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000		617.000	760,000	001 000	600.000
Permits and Fees         4,069,761         6,264,000         3,500,000         3,574,000           Recreation Fees         1,394,192         1,427,000         1,423,000         1,510,000           Risk Management         2,215,015         3,120,000         3,170,000         3,382,000           Equipment Rental         5,060,220         5,326,000         5,576,000         5,605,000           TOTAL         12,739,188         16,137,000         13,669,000         14,071,000           FINES AND FORFEITURES         2000,000         1,800,000         1,822,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           Water Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charge	Business & Liquor Licenses	617,200	768,000	621,000	638,000
Permits and Fees         4,069,761         6,264,000         3,500,000         3,574,000           Recreation Fees         1,394,192         1,427,000         1,423,000         1,510,000           Risk Management         2,215,015         3,120,000         3,170,000         3,382,000           Equipment Rental         5,060,220         5,326,000         5,576,000         5,605,000           TOTAL         12,739,188         16,137,000         13,669,000         14,071,000           FINES AND FORFEITURES         2000,000         1,800,000         1,822,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           Water Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charge	CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES				
Recreation Fees         1,394,192         1,427,000         1,423,000         1,510,000           Risk Management         2,215,015         3,120,000         3,170,000         3,382,000           Equipment Rental         5,066,020         5,326,000         5,576,000         5,605,000           TOTAL         12,739,188         16,137,000         13,669,000         14,071,000           FINES AND FORFEITURES           Court Fines         1,694,251         2,006,000         1,800,000         250,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY         Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES           Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,100		4,069,761	6,264,000	3,500,000	3,574,000
Equipment Rental   5,060,220   5,326,000   5,576,000   5,605,000   TOTAL   12,739,188   16,137,000   13,669,000   14,071,000   17,000   18,000   14,071,000   18,00	Recreation Fees	1,394,192			
TOTAL 12,739,188 16,137,000 13,669,000 14,071,000  FINES AND FORFEITURES  Court Fines 1,694,251 2,006,000 1,800,000 250,000  Parking Fines 232,106 250,000 250,000 250,000  Library Fines 125,949 148,000 141,000 141,000  TOTAL 2,052,306 2,404,000 2,191,000 2,213,000  USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY  Interest Earnings 7,195,678 6,140,000 6,600,000 5,700,000  Property Rental 877,064 1,142,000 1,142,000 1,217,000  TOTAL 8,072,742 7,282,000 7,742,000 6,917,000  UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES  Refuse Collection Charges 5,851,258 6,432,000 5,965,000 6,400,000  Sewer Charges 5,681,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,765,000  Water Charges 23,672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000  Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,000 3,000,000 3,342,540  Water Resources Development Fee 1,866,466 2,143,000 2,500,000 2,017,000  Airport 672,102 670,000 670,000 670,000  TOTAL 40,310,463 43,888,000 42,635,000 46,894,540  DTHER REVENUE  Miscellaneous 1,571,963 1,800,000 3,210,000 4,678,952  TOTAL 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952  TOTAL 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952					
FINES AND FORFEITURES  Court Fines					
Court Fines         1,694,251         2,006,000         1,800,000         1,822,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY         Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES         86432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water Resources Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         40,310,463	TOTAL	12,739,188	16,137,000	13,669,000	14,071,000
Court Fines         1,694,251         2,006,000         1,800,000         1,822,000           Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY         Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES         86432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water Resources Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         40,310,463	EINIES AND EODEEITHBES				
Parking Fines         232,106         250,000         250,000         250,000           Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES         Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40		1 694 251	2 006 000	1 800 000	1 822 000
Library Fines         125,949         148,000         141,000         141,000           TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY         Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES         Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           THER REVENUE           Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         3,210,000					, , ,
TOTAL         2,052,306         2,404,000         2,191,000         2,213,000           USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY Interest Earnings         7,195,678         6,140,000         6,600,000         5,700,000           Property Rental         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           TOTAL         8,072,742         7,282,000         7,742,000         6,917,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           OTHER REVENUE           Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000					
USE OF MONEY & PROPERTY Interest Earnings 7,195,678 6,140,000 6,600,000 5,700,000 Property Rental 877,064 1,142,000 1,142,000 1,217,000 TOTAL 8,072,742 7,282,000 7,742,000 6,917,000  UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES Refuse Collection Charges 5,851,258 6,432,000 5,965,000 6,400,000 Sewer Charges 5,681,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,765,000 Water Charges 23,672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,000 3,000,000 3,342,540 Water Resources Development Fee 1,866,466 2,143,000 2,500,000 2,017,000 Airport 672,102 670,000 670,000 670,000 TOTAL 40,310,463 43,888,000 42,635,000 46,894,540  DTHER REVENUE Miscellaneous 1,571,963 1,800,000 1,800,000 2,275,000 Improvement District Fees 2,957,646 3,210,000 3,210,000 4,678,952 TOTAL 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952					
Interest Earnings   7,195,678   6,140,000   6,600,000   5,700,000					
Property Rental TOTAL         877,064         1,142,000         1,142,000         1,217,000           UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952					
TOTAL 8,072,742 7,282,000 7,742,000 6,917,000  UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES Refuse Collection Charges 5,851,258 6,432,000 5,965,000 6,400,000 Sewer Charges 5,681,816 5,960,000 6,100,000 6,765,000 Water Charges 23,672,493 26,193,000 24,400,000 27,700,000 Water and Sewer Development Fee 2,566,328 2,490,000 3,000,000 3,342,540 Water Resources Development Fee 1,866,466 2,143,000 2,500,000 2,017,000 Airport 672,102 670,000 670,000 670,000 TOTAL 40,310,463 43,888,000 42,635,000 46,894,540  DTHER REVENUE Miscellaneous 1,571,963 1,800,000 1,800,000 2,275,000 Improvement District Fees 2,957,646 3,210,000 3,210,000 4,678,952 TOTAL 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952					
UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES           Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952					
Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952	TOTAL	8,072,742	7,282,000	7,742,000	6,917,000_
Refuse Collection Charges         5,851,258         6,432,000         5,965,000         6,400,000           Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952	UTILITIES AND ENTERPRISES				
Sewer Charges         5,681,816         5,960,000         6,100,000         6,765,000           Water Charges         23,672,493         26,193,000         24,400,000         27,700,000           Water and Sewer Development Fee         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Water Resources Development Fee         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952		5,851,258	6,432,000	5,965,000	6,400,000
Water and Sewer Development Fee Water Resources Development Fee Water Resources Development Fee Airport         2,566,328         2,490,000         3,000,000         3,342,540           Airport TOTAL         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE Miscellaneous Improvement District Fees TOTAL         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952	Sewer Charges				
Water Resources Development Fee Airport         1,866,466         2,143,000         2,500,000         2,017,000           Airport TOTAL         672,102         670,000         670,000         670,000           TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE Miscellaneous Improvement District Fees TOTAL         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952					
Airport TOTAL         672,102 40,310,463         670,000 43,888,000         670,000 46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE Miscellaneous Improvement District Fees TOTAL         1,571,963 1,800,000 1,800,000 2,275,000 4,678,952 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952					
TOTAL         40,310,463         43,888,000         42,635,000         46,894,540           DTHER REVENUE         Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952					
OTHER REVENUE         Miscellaneous       1,571,963       1,800,000       1,800,000       2,275,000         Improvement District Fees       2,957,646       3,210,000       3,210,000       4,678,952         TOTAL       4,529,609       5,010,000       5,010,000       6,953,952					
Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952	IUIAL	40,310,463	43,888,000	42,635,000	46,894,540
Miscellaneous         1,571,963         1,800,000         1,800,000         2,275,000           Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952	OTHER REVENUE				J
Improvement District Fees         2,957,646         3,210,000         3,210,000         4,678,952           TOTAL         4,529,609         5,010,000         5,010,000         6,953,952		1,571,963	1.800 000	1.800.000	2,275,000
TOTAL 4,529,609 5,010,000 5,010,000 6,953,952					
OTAL OPERATING REVENUE 135,824,162 150,205,000 142,691,000 151,174,858		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
	OTAL OPERATING REVENUE	135,824,162	150,205,000	142,691,000	151,174,858

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY TAX ACTUAL 1960-61 THROUGH 1991-92

¥ 8°	Assessed			Adjusted Assessed	Tax		
Year	Valuation	Adjus	Adjustment Factor	Valuation	Rate		Tax Levy
9-096	,678,1			S	\$ .48		0,44
961-6	,324,0				.38		9,6
962-6	,965,8				1.18		13,19
963-6	,834,7				1.07		33
964-6	,072,7				1.07		739,079
1965-66	,864,2				1.07		779,647
9-996	,073,2				1.07		68
9-196	0,044,				1.07		882,106
9-896	,337,2				1.03		848,486
2-696	,814,7		-		1.03		852,987
970-7	802,8				1.03		966,172
971-7	,143,6				1.03		,062
972-7	,280,9				1.03		,291,
973-7	,633,0				.82		,431
974-7	584,2				1.03		,014
975-7	9,600,				1.25		,662,
976-7	960,5				1.25		,812,
977-7	262.9				1.39		395
978-7	561,6		0	,319	1		,118,
ထ			1.15	285,629,188	1.0		941,98
ď	Primary			Secondary		T.	Total
Assessed			Assessed				
Valuation	Rate	Levy	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Rate	Levy
1 \$ 298,341,45	3 (.630	\$1,882,000	,603,07	7.)	\$1,282,000	\$1.04	\$3,164,000
981-82 349,739,65	9 (.5820	035	,940,	<i>:</i>	,270,31	68.	,306,0
982-83 395,894,49	5 (.5527	,188	471,841,031	ث	,259	.81	,448,3
983-84 497,833,85	1 (.5139	,558	,986,66	(.3964	,449	.91	,008,4
984-85 569	64174.	2,719,021	670,558,525	د	2,762,021	06.	481,
985-86 697,641,91	3 (.4360	,042	,892,84	6 (.457	,734	68.	,776,2
986-87 862,628,35	2 (.41846	909	,011,329,42	4 (.4315	,364	-86	,973,8
987-88 999,511,30	1 (.4134	,131	,154,756,37	2 (.416	,812	•	,943,9
988-89 1,123,010,82	0 (.4031	,526	,822,15	(.355	,569,	.7587	,095,8
989-90 1,277,013,46	9 (.3919	•3	,440,604,45	.34 (.33730)	ထ	N	,863,61
,374,143,61	9 (.3941	415	,477,813,36	8 (.477	,052,	$\sim$	,467,6
991-92	•	,		•			1
st.	.41 (.40880)	5,662,940	1,460,087,512	.46 (.46370)	6,770,426	.8725	12,433,366

# CITY OF SCOTTSDALE ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY TAX 1991-92 PROPERTY TAX ESTIMATES

#### 1991-92 Estimated Assessed Valuation

	Prima	ry	Secondary
1990-91 Assessed Valuation (1) Estimated Valuation Increase	\$1,374,14 (22,86		1,477,813,367 (51,707,325)
(1) Estimated New Construction	\$1,351,27 33,98	7,685 <b>\$</b>	1,426,106,042 33,981,470
	\$1,385,25	9,155 \$	1,460,087,512
(1) Estimated values are prelimination of Finance Department.	ary figures recei	ved from Marico	pa County
1991-92	Estimated Tax Le	vy	
	Primary	Secondary	Total
Value of G.O. Debt Service 1990-91 Levy Plus 2% Plus New Construction	\$ 0 5,415,500 108,310 139,130	\$6,770,426 0 0 0	\$ 6,770,426 5,415,500 108,310 139,130
	\$5,662,940	\$6,770,426	\$12,433,366
Example of 1990-91/1991-92 Tax	Rate on a Reside	ntial Home in S	cottsdale
	1990-9	199	1-92
Cash Value - 1990 Tax Roll 1991 Estimated Valuation Increas	\$100,00 se - 0%	0 \$100 0	,000
Tax Roll - Cash Value	\$100,00	\$100	,000
Assessed Valuation at 10%	\$ 10,00	0 \$ 10	,000
Tax Rate Primary Secondary Total	\$ .394 .477 \$ .871	2	4088 (Est.) 4637 (Est.) 3725
Tax Amount	\$ 87.1	3 \$ 8	7.25

## SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTS

	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
DEPARTMENTS	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
DEI 711 (III EI VIO				
General Government	5,186,895	5,306,092	5,344,085	6,011,522
Police	14,979,136	17,816,253	17,795,819	18,200,471
Financial Services	6,200,699	7,199,444	7,387,216	7,401,362
Transportation	7,456,422	8,020,534	7,934,794	8,898,649
Community Services	12,587,554	13,600,899	13,907,463	14,220,597
Management Services	4,141,278	4,363,640	4,340,689	4,497,826
Planning & Zoning	8,655,113	8,986,181	9,670,420	7,651,953
Fire	5,134,046	5,895,823	5,891,765	6,213,331
Water Resources	14,260,862	17,291,120	16,836,142	17,996,977
Municipal Services	12,340,883	15,907,634	15,844,703	16,460,863
Debt Service	32,216,27 <del>9</del>	36,705,634	34,083,518	35,701,107
Contingency	2,407,380	5,950,193	3,762,818	6,339,058
Total	125,566,547	147,043,447	142,799,432	149,593,716
CATEGORY				
Personnel	43,336,112	48,362,240	47,418,022	51,155,823
Contractual	35,461,837	40,535,484	41,608,009	40,784,005
Commodities	10,925,436	12,477,974	12,583,089	13,059,095
Capital Outlay	1,219,503	3,011,922	3,343,976	2,554,628
Debt Service	32,216,279	36,705,634	34,083,518	35,701,107
Contingency	2,407,380	5,950,193	3,762,818	6,339,058
		147,043,447	142,799,432	149,593,716

## Summary of All City Funds

The Summary of All City Funds includes the financial activity of all funds except the Capital Projects Fund, which is budgeted and included in Volume II, the Capital Budget and Capital Improvements Plan.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SUMMARY OF ALL CITY FUNDS 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$11,132,244	\$12,942,984	\$13,737,280	\$11,788, <del>0</del> 82
REVENUES				
General Fund	57,725,454	·	59,293,170	60,672,649
Highway User Revenue Fund Debt Service Fund	8,574,642 19,152,156	8,889,000 21,937,884	8,371,000 21,215,830	8,353,000 23,567,669
Water & Sewer Fund	36,382,603		38,210,000	42,324,540
Airport Fund	690,709	670,000	670,000	670,000
Sanitation Fund	5,898,251	6,432,000 5,326,000	6,020,000	6,450,000
Motor Pool Fund	5,185,605	5,326,000	5,741,000	5,755,000
Self Insurance Fund	2,215,015	3,120,000	3,170,000	3,382,000
TOTAL REVENUES	135,824,435	150,205,000	142,691,000	151,174,858
EXPENDITURES				
General Fund	61,952,275	70,531,667	68,677,083	69,794,644
Highway User Revenue Fund	10,173,972	11,075,967	11,044,493	11,380,101
Debt Service Fund	19,250,763		20,210,172	23,389,537
Water & Sewer Fund	21,459,503		25,610,357	26,035,399
Airport Fund	392,466	526,697	545,219	639,480
Sanitation Fund Motor Pool Fund	4,575,128 3,690,143	5,197,437	5,145,311 5,060,206	5,425,744
Self Insurance Fund	4,173,297	5,846,429 5,367,725	5,605,991	6,844,818
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	125,566,547	147,043,447	142,799,432	149,593,716
REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	10,257,888	3,161,553	(108,432)	1,581,142
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN				
In Lieu Property Tax	428,000	438,619	438,619	620,148
Indirect Cost Allocation	4,716,971		4,633,410	4,827,292
Franchise Fee	1,434,200	1,607,650	1,607,650	1,723,250
Payroll Accrual	1,488,385	0 000 000	0 004 400	0 000 000
Encumbrance - Rebudgets Transfers From Other Funds	3,397,980	3,000,000 2,308,128		3,000,000 7,596,950
GO Bond Proceeds	3,031,300	2,000,120	2,000,000	2,000,000
GAAP Adjustment	425,784			_,,
Fund Contingency Elimination	2,407,380	3,428,857	3,462,818	4,839,058
Inter-Fund Eliminations	(7,887,958)	(8,987,807)	(9,235,238)	(10,467,640)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	6,410,742	6,428,857	5,694,284	14,139,058
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT				
In Lieu Property Tax	428,000	438,619	438,619	620,148
Indirect Cost Allocation	4,716,971		4,633,410	4,827,292
Franchise Fee	1,434,200	1,607,650	1,607,650	1,723,250
Encumbrance - Rebudgets Reserve - Resource Development Fee	1,866,466	3,000,000 2,143,000	2 800 000	3,042,090 2,017,000
	12,797,300	7,828,845	2,500,000 7,590,609	13,931,017
Transfers To Other Funds GAAP Adjustment	708,615	7,020,040	, ,350,003	10,301,017
Inter-Fund Eliminations	(7,887,958)	(8,987,807)	•	(10,467,640)
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	14,063,594	10,663,717	7,535,050	15,693,157
			<b>*</b>	
ENDING BALANCE	\$13,737,280	\$11,869,677	\$11,788,082	

### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary reporting vehicle of the City's operations. It accounts for all financial activities not required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in another fund.

The General Fund reflects the basic governmental activities of the City, such as, police and fire protection, recreation, planning, legal services, administrative services, etc.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE GENERAL FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$6,406,878	\$8,572,538	\$8,851,164	\$5,306,818
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Local				
Property Tax	4,966,741	5,342,823	5,082,039	5,662,940
Privilege Tax Transient Occupancy Tax	16,968,532 3,220,066	19,265,293 3,415,000	17,252,131 3,200,000	17,597,384 2,484,325
Light & Power Franchise	2,163,258	2,279,000	2,315,000	2,447,000
Cable TV	620,686	657,000	678,000	716,000
Salt River Project Lieu	80,334	124,000	152,000	155,000
Fire Insurance Premium	151,501	160,000	155,000	160,000
From Other Agencies				
State Shared Sales	6,978,440	7,449,000	7,200,000	7,423,000
Auto Lieu	2,017,805	2,195,000	2,100,000	2,200,000
State Revenue Sharing	6,630,937	7,312,000	7,312,000	8,300,000
Licenses and Permits	617,200	768,000	621,000	638,000
Business & Liquor License Charges for Current Services	017,200	700,000	021,000	030,000
Permits and Fees	4,069,761	6,264,000	3,500,000	3,574,000
Recreation Fees	1,394,192	1,427,000	1,423,000	1,510,000
Fines & Forfeitures	.,	., ,	.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Court Fines	1,694,251	2,006,000	1,800,000	1,822,000
Parking Fines	232,106	250,000	250,000	250,000
Library Fines	125,949	148,000	141,000	141,000
Use of Money & Property	4 440 040	0.540.000	4 475 555	
Interest Earnings	4,416,349	3,540,000	4,170,000	3,100,000
Property Rental Other Revenue	877,064	1,142,000	1,142,000	1,217,000
Miscel laneous	500,282	800,000	800,000	1,275,000
TOTAL REVENUE	57,725,454	64,544,116	59,293,170	60,672,649
	(		,,	50,01-,015
EXPENDITURES .		•		
General Government				
Legislative	417,049	473,389	454,229	476,633
City Manager	703,762	681,379	757,320	733,209
City Clerk Elections	371,724 185,857	428,525 30,094	438,944 29,402	397,816 211,306
City Attorney	1,322,981	1,215,012	1,182,034	1,309,871
Intergovernmental Relations	171,687	179,355	170,306	184,405
Human Resources	943,882	950,792	971,254	1,007,717
City Auditor	233,356	360,477	304,255	337,828
Office Environmental Affairs	·	·	·	216,251
Court	836,597	987,069	1,036,341	1,136,486
Total General Government	5,186,895	5,306,092	5,344,085	6,011,522

#### CITY OF SOOTTSDALE GENERAL FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		<del></del>		
Police Department				
Chief of Police	889,708	1,443,636	1,564,083	1,320,066
Patrol Bureau	8,366,512	9,939,367	9,790,155	10,289,422
Criminal Investigations Bureau	3,051,029	3,351,486	3,343,694	3,460,798
Support Services Bureau	2,615,887	3,005,764	3,023,887	3,039,140
Animal Control	56,000	76,000	74,000	91,045
Total Police Department	14,979,136	17,816,253	17,795,819	18,200,471
•		,		
Financial Services Department	220 642	204 051	010 610	204 506
Financial Services Administration Accounting	238,642 1,019,536	204,051 1,048,038	212,610 1,029,739	224,526 1,048,433
Tax Audit	431,663	473,535	445,058	481,583
Contribution to Self Insurance	451,000	625,000	625,000	575,582
Purchasing	1,087,916	1,107,436	1,122,299	1,152,753
Customer Service	422,944	509,918	491,778	509,439
Quality Resource Management	335,388	386,487	353,563	398,137
Total Financial Services Department	3,536,089	4,354,465	4,280,047	4,390,453
Total Fillancial Services Department	3,330,009	4,004,400	4,200,047	4,090,400
Community Services Department				
Community Services Administration	213,454	352,621	356,093	579,405
Parks Maintenance	2,886,611	3,032,093	3,114,936	3,310,028
Library	3,434,588	3,585,117	3,660,129	3,667,568
Recreation	3,606,501	3,990,306	4,012,109	3,901,288
Human Services	759,940	848,438	877,385	969,984
Cultural Council	1,686,460	1,792,324	1,886,811	1,792,324
Total Community Services Department	12,587,554	13,600,899	13,907,463	14,220,597
Management Services Department				
Management Services Administration	144,116	200,565	151,357	134,755
Office of Management Systems	3,003,978	2,972,898	3,032,393	3,130,521
Communications and Public Affairs	443,962	528,151	522,685	561 748
Capital Project Management	534,181	540,715	525,888	575,430
Emergency Services Administration	15,041	121,311	108,366	95,372
Total Management Services Department	4,141,278	4,363,640	4,340,689	4,497,826
Diamina & Zaning Dangstrant				
Planning & Zoning Department Planning & Zoning Administration	195,732	190,427	193,363	205,522
Planning Division	4,208,270	3,833,103	4,676,685	3,098,171
Development Services	1,022,940	1,145,222	1,125,737	1,183,027
Inspection Services	1,285,115	1,522,661	1,473,696	1,465,226
Project Review	1,302,690	1,762,804	1,568,201	1,700,007
Tatal Blancia ( Taria Barata )				
Total Planning & Zoning Department	8,014,747	8,454,217	9,037,682	7,651,953

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE GENERAL FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Fire Department General Fire Protection Fire Support	4,881,273 252,773	5,612,980 282,843	5,614,426 277,339	5,923,782 289,549
Total Fire Department	5,134,046	5,895,823	5,891,765	6,213,331
Municipal Services Municipal Services Administration Facilities Maintenance	150,771 4,189,916	194,651 4,845,669	197,912 4,716,020	167,283 4,974,967
Total Municipal Services	4,340,687	5,040,320	4,913,932	5,142,250
Debt Service/Lease Purchase Operating Contingency Compensation Contingency Designated Contingency	4,031,843	3,230,013 1,500,000 222,840 747,105	3,165,601	1,966,241 1,500,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	61,952,275	70,531,667	68,677,083	69,794,644
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,226,821)	(5,987,551)	(9,383,913)	(9,121,995)
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN In Lieu Property Tax Indirect Cost Allocation Franchise Fee Payroll Accrual Encumbrance - Rebudgets GAAP Adjustment Transfer from CIP Fund	428,000 4,716,971 1,434,200 1,160,977 369,746	438,619 4,633,410 1,607,650 3,000,000	438,619 4,633,410 1,607,650 1,715,447	620,148 4,827,292 1,723,250 3,000,000 4,300,000
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	8,109,894	9,679,679	8,395,126	14,470,690
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT Encumbrance - Rebudgets Transfer to HURF Fund Airport Fund CDBG	1,308,787 130,000	3,000,000 2,186,967 121,161	2,488,684 66,875	3,042,090 3,027,101 269,849
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	1,438,787	5,308,128	2,555,559	6,339,040
ENDING BALANCE	\$8,851,164		\$5,306,818	\$4,316,473
ENDING BALANCE DESIGNATION Economic Stabilization Early Debt Retirement Undesignated		\$3,000,000 1,000,000 2,956,538		
		\$6,956,538		

## Highway User Revenue Fund

The Highway User Revenue Fund receives and expends the City's allocation of the Arizona Highway User Revenue Tax (HURF) and Lottery Fund (LTAF). This fund accounts for all transportation activity such as street construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and transit.

The General Fund supplements this fund by transfer if the restricted revenues (LTAF and HURF) are insufficient to provide for all expenditures.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE HIGHWAY USER FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$192,844	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
LTAF Highway User	1,058,782 7,515,860	1,075,000 7,814,000	1,071,000 7,300,000	1,053,000 7,300,000
TOTAL REVENUES	8,574,642	8,889,000	8,371,000	8,353,000
EXPENDITURES Transportation				
Transportation Administration	443,283	408,764	403,162	414,422
Transportation Maintenance	4,944,809	5,155,911	5,092,511	5,922,812
Traffic Engineering	412,315	443,355	454,522	469,781
Transportation Planning	458,198	530,028	508,680	495,882
Transit	805,351	958,427	930,700	956,272
Total Transportation	7,063,956	7,496,485	7,389,575	8,259,169
Planning & Zoning				
Project Review	640,366	531,964	632,738	
Debt Service	2,469,650	3,022,180	3,022,180	3,120,932
Compensation Contingency		25,338		~
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,173,972	11,075,967	11,044,493	11,380,101
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				·
EXPENDITURES	(1,599,330)	(2,186,967)	(2,673,493)	(3,027,101)
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN		_		
Payroll Accrual	98,678			
Transfer From General Fund Encumbrance Rebudgets	1,308,787	2,186,967	2,488,684 184,809	3,027,101
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	1,407,465	2,186,967	2,673,493	3,027,101
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT				
GAAP Adjustment	979			
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	979	0	0	0
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS COT				
ENDING BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

### **Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest not serviced by the Enterprise Funds. It does not include contractual obligations accounted for in the individual funds.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE DEBT SERVICE FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$719,848	\$560,388	\$563,588	\$1,456,303
REVENUES				
Privilege Tax Transient Occupancy Tax	10,273,523	10,575,707	10,297,869	10,502,616 715,675
Property Tax	4,856,189	7,052,177	6,707,961	6,770,426
Special Assessments	2,957,646	3,210,000	3,210,000	4,678,952
Interest	1,064,798	1,100,000	1,000,000	900,000
TOTAL REVENUES	19, 152, 156	21,937,884	21,215,830	23,567,669
EXPEND LTURES				
Principal - G.O. Bonds	2,475,000	2,515,000	2,620,000	2,435,000
Interest - G.O. Bonds	2,720,074	5,249,988	3,372,496	4,546,294
Principal - M.P.C. Bonds	3,015,000	3,190,000	3,190,000	3,390,000
Interest - M.P.C. Bonds	7,955,066	8,055,707	7,777,869	8,296,291
Principal - S.A. Bonds	2,017,000	1,959,000	1,959,000	3,162,000
Interest - S.A. Bonds	1,034,913	1,250,807	1,250,807	1,516,952
Fiscal Agent Fees	33,710	40,000	40,000	43,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,250,763	22,260,502	20,210,172	23,389,537
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(98,607)	(322,618)	1,005,658	178,132
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN Transfer From:				
M.P.C. Bond Proceeds	1,994,926			
Prepaid Special Assessments	94,267			
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	2,089,193	0	0	0
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT Transfer To:				
Capital Projects Fund	1,994,926			
Sinking Fund	151,920		112,943	212,750
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	2,146,846	0	112,943	212,750
ENDING BALANCE	\$563,588	\$237,770	\$1,456,303	
	<del></del>			

## **Enterprise Funds**

An Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. An Enterprise Fund reflects self-supporting activities of the City which provide services to the general public on a user-charge basis.

The City has three Enterprise Funds which account for the Water and Sewer Utilities, the Airport, and Sanitation Services.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE WATER & SEWER FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$1,904,143	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
Sewer Charges	5,681,816	5,960,000	6,100,000	6,765,000
Sewer Development Fees	1,359,599	1,245,000	1,500,000	1,670,760
Water Charges	23,672,493	26,193,000	24,400,000	27,700,000
Water Development Fees	1 206 729	1.245 000	1,500,000	1,671,780
Water Resources Development Fees	1,866,466 1,038,378	2,143,000	2,500,000	2,017,000
Planet Ranch	1,038,378	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Interest Earnings	1,557,122	1,500,000	1,210,000	1,500,000
TOTAL REVENUES	36,382,603	39,286,000	38,210,000	42,324,540
EXPEND! TURES				
Financial Services				
Customer Service	734,618	744,723	788,650	814,025
Water Resources	000 005	1 010 500	4 000 077	4 075 457
Planning, Engineering, Environment	4 365 010	1,012,503	1,223,877	1,3/5,15/
Planet Ranch Water & Wastewater Operations	12 028 257	14 956 755	1,408,415 14,203,850	15 085 456
water a wastewater Operations			74,200,000	
Total Water Resources	14,260,862	17,291,120	16,836,142	17,996,977
Debt Service	6,464,023	8,192,939	7,685,565	7,224,397
Contingency Compensation Contingency		8,241	300,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,459,503	26,237,023	25,610,357	26,035,399
REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES '	14,923,100	13,048,977	12,599,643	16,289,141
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN				
Payroll Accrual	109,802			
Encumbrance Rebudgets			207,724	
GO Bond Proceeds				2,000,000
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	109,802	0	207,724	2,000,000
			,,	_,,,,,,,
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT				
In Lieu Property Tax	402,000	413,057	413,057	592,987
Indirect Cost Allocation	3,468,927 1,434,200	3,364,553 1,607,650	3,364,553 1,607,650	3,534,587 1,723,250
Franchise Fee Reserve - Resource Development Fee	1,866,466	2,143,000	2,500,000	2,017,000
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	1,000,400	2,140,000	2,500,000	2,017,000
Development Fees	2,566,328	2,490,000	3,000,000	3,342,540
Capital Projects	6,645,339	3,030,717	1,922,107	7,078,777
GAAP Adjustment	553,785			, -
TOTAL OTHER LINES (TRANSPERS) OF	16 027 045	12 049 077	12,807,367	10 200 141
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	10,937,043	10,040,8//	14,007,307	10,209,141
ENDING BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
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#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE AIRPORT FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	(\$13,530)	(\$5,894)	\$52,721	\$0
REVENUES Airport Fees	672,102	670,000	670,000	670,000
interest Earned	18,607			
TOTAL REVENUES	690,709	670,000	670,000	670,000
EXPENDITURES  Transportation  Airport  Compensation Contingency	392,466	524,049 2,648	545,219	639,480
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	392,466	526,697	545,219	639,480
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	298,243	143,303	124,781	30,520
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN Payroll Accrual Transfer from General Fund GAAP Adjustment Encumbrance Rebudgets	2,810	121,161	66,875 14,193	269,849
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	10,248	121,161	81,068	269,849
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT In Lieu Property Tax Indirect Cost Allocation		25,562 233,008	233,008	27, 161 273, 208
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	242,240		258,570	300,369
ENDING BALANCE	\$52,721	\$0	\$0	\$0

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SANITATION FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$0	\$164,805	\$194,539	\$72,756
REVENUES Refuse Collection Interest Earnings	5,851,258 46,993	6,432,000	5,965,000 55,000	6,400,000
TOTAL REVENUES	5,898,251	6,432,000	6,020,000	6,450,000
EXPENDITURES Financial Services Customer Service Municipal Services Sanitation Compensation Contingency	• • •		175,346 4,969,965	•
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,575,128	5,197,437	5,145,311	5,425,744
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,323,123	1,234,563	874,689	1,024,256
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN Payroll Accrual Encumbrance Rebudgets	57,071		39,377	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	57,071	0	39,377	0
OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT Indirect Cost Allocation GAAP Adjustment	1,031,804 153,851	1,035,849	1,035,849	1,019,497
TOTAL OTHER USES/TRANSFERS OUT	1,185,655	1,035,849	1,035,849	1,019,497
ENDING BALANCE	\$194,539	\$363,519	\$72,756	\$77,515

### Internal Service Funds

An Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing, on a cost-reimbursement basis, of commodities or services provided by one department to other departments within the City. The City has two Internal Service Funds which account for the Motor Pool and Self Insurance activity.

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE MOTOR POOL FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

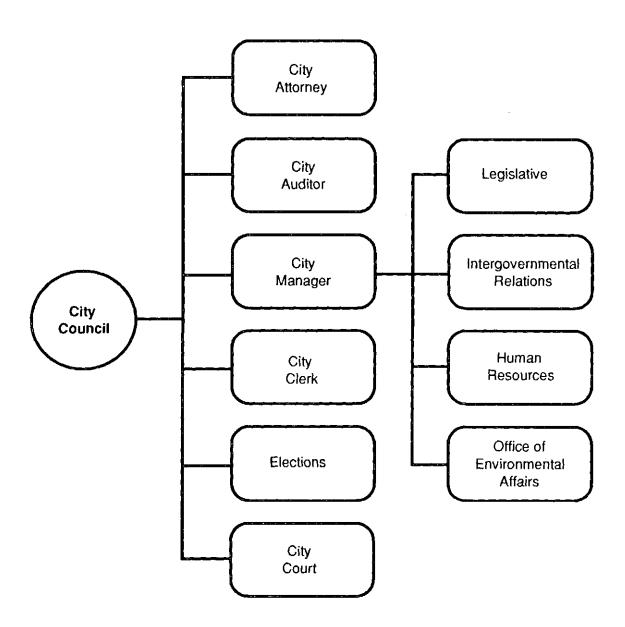
	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	(\$27,577)	\$1,403,422	\$1,667,888	\$1,489,387
REVENUES  Equipment Rental Interest Earned Other	5,060,220 91,809 33,576	5,326,000	5,576,000 165,000	5,605,000 150,000
TOTAL REVENUES	5,185,605	5,326,000	5,741,000	5,755,000
EXPENDITURES Municipal Services Fleet Management	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,596,462	(520,429)	(219,806)	(328,993)
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN Payroll Accrual GAAP Adjustment Encumbrance Rebudgets	51,388 47,615		41,305	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	99,003	0	41,305	0
ENDING BALANCE	\$1,667,888	\$882,993	\$1,489,387	\$1,160,394

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SELF INSURANCE FUND SUMMARY 1991-92

	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	EST IMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$1,949,638	\$2,247,725	\$2,407,380	\$3,462,818
REVENUES				
Property & Liability	1,931,832	2,227,000	2,237,000	2,461,000
Un employment	90,015	88,000	88,000	75,000
Interest	168,370	180,000	220,000	270,000
Contribution		625,000	625,000	576,000
Other	24,798			
TOTAL REVENUES	2,215,015	3,120,000	3,170,000	3,382,000
EXPEND I TURES				
Financial Services				
Risk Management	1,765,917	1,936,754	2,143,173	2,005,760
Compensation Contingency		2,114		
Fund Contingency	2,407,380	3,428,857	3,462,818	4,839,058
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,173,297	5,367,725	5,605,991	6,844,818
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(1,958,282)	(2,247,725)	(2,435,991)	(3,462,818)
OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN				
Payroll Accrual	7,659			
GAAP Adjustment	985			
Fund Contingency Elimination Encumbrance Rebudgets	2,407,380	3,428,857	3,462,818 28,611	4,839,058
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES/TRANSFERS IN	2,416,024	3,428,857	3,491,429	4,839,058
ENDING BALANCE			\$3,462,818	

### GENERAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT

**Mission:** To develop and implement policies and program alternatives consistent with the interests and desires of the citizens of Scottsdale and to provide leadership and administrative support to assist the City organization in promoting professional and organizational development.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures % of City's Operating Budget	\$5,186,895	\$5,306,092	\$5,344,085	\$6,011,522
	5.7%	5.1%	5.1%	5.6%

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 13.3% (\$705,430) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 9.3% (\$354,120) includes \$76,176 for compensation changes for 1991-92, the addition of one new Prosecutor; the transfer of the Chief Environmental Officer from Management Services, the Energy Coordinator from Municipal Services, and an Executive Secretary from Management Services; one less position in the City Clerk's office, temporary personnel costs to conduct the City Council primary and general 1991 elections; and a temporary bailiff and secretary to address the DUI jury trial backlog. Contractual expenditures increases of 29.8% (\$362,943) include \$108,300 for the Environmental Affairs Division, \$61,734 for the funding of the Management Academy and Leadership Institute, and \$48,824 for a tempore judge and jury cost to address the DUI jury trial backlog. Commodities expenditures increases of 21.2% (\$43,557) include \$18,000 for supplies necessary to continue the implementation of the court's physical document filing system and a transfer of \$12,500 from contractual. Capital expenditures decreased 76.0% (\$55,190).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	3,322,541 1,601,457 154,480 108,417	3,808,775 1,218,931 205,796 72,590	3,756,241 1,234,574 209,693 143,577	4,162,895 1,581,874 249,353 17,400
Total	5,186,895	5,306,092	5,344,085	6,011,522
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	5,186,895	5,306,092	5,344,085	6,011,522
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time*	7 4 4	8 1 5	8 2 5	8 4 5
Full-time Equivalents*	76	83.5	84.5	86.5

<sup>\*</sup>Seven part-time positions for the Mayor and City Council are not included in the full-time equivalents.

### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

### LEGISLATIVE

Regional studies on issues. Valley cities increasingly are taking a regional approach to tackle various issues (e.g., water, traffic, solid waste). Consequently, the Maricopa Association of Governments and other entities will need additional resources from Scottsdale and other cities for such regional efforts.

#### CITY MANAGER

Enhancing community involvement. We are developing opportunities for more effective citizen input and community planning. This involves providing public forum opportunities to increase our communication with citizens and will enable the City to better understand and meet the needs of the community. Development of a citizen-based community visioning process is intended to identify a diverse range of future needs of the community and will help build a consensus by integrating community priorities. We will be developing plans to accomplish the vision desired by the citizens.

#### CITY CLERK AND ELECTIONS

A.R.C.H. (Automating Records of Council History). Over the last five years, the Clerk's office has experienced a rise in citizens' requests for public legislative records. The Clerk's office with the Office of Management Systems, plan to implement a computer record system, capable of creating, tracking and retrieving records quickly and accurately for citizens. This system is in the adopted CIP budget for 1991-92.

**Developing a Vital Records program.** The Clerk's office is implementing a vital records plan to protect public records dating back to the 1950's. The records will be microfilmed and the originals stored off-site by June of 1992.

City Council Primary and General 1992 Elections. The Clerk's office is now gearing up for the 1992 Council elections. As of March 1991, the City has 83,614 registered voters and 53,950 registered households. This is an increase of 9,410 voters; 3,341 registered households. This increase combined with the new census figures, will necessitate drawing new voting districts to evenly distribute voting locations for Scottsdale citizens.

#### CITY ATTORNEY

Meeting the demands on Prosecutor's Office. Demands upon prosecution by higher volume misdemeanor infractions and stricter code and ordinance enforcement will increase. To meet the increasing demands placed upon the prosecutor's office, an additional full-time prosecutor is being added.

### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Regional intergovernmental cooperation. The increasing scope and complexity of the Valley's problems and new federal requirements will require expanded cooperation with other Valley governments. In the process, Scottsdale must ensure that its citizens pay a fair share of the costs of regional efforts and receive a commensurate proportion of the benefits.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

Effectively developing our changing workforce. As our city-wide workforce changes there also will be changes in the challenges facing Human Resources. We will be fully implementing our Management Academy and Leadership Institute programs. There will be a significant need for new training programs and more emphasis on technical skills training. As part of our overall commitment to the personal development of employees, we will be developing a "Workplace Literacy Program," and customer service orientation training for new employees. As part of our on-going employee relations efforts, we will be conducting our sixth bi-annual employee attitude survey.

#### CITY AUDITOR

Increasing audit coverage. As the City grows, new facilities are added, expenditures and revenues increase, capital programs develop, potential for fraud increases, contracts multiply, computer systems expand, and program and staff diversify. This growth impacts the ability to provide adequate oversight.

#### CITY COURT

Providing for an effective court records systems. A physical document filing system which contains all court information by case, as opposed to the current multiple filing system by microfilm number is being implemented. This system is of tremendous benefit to the bench, expedites appeals, and enables better case management. New computer software may be required to support this system.

Increasing caseload and complexity. Population growth necessarily results in more caseload, even if other things remain constant. Population estimates (source -- Planning and Zoning) support our increase in filings. Case complexity has been increasing which directly impacts resources to handle each case from filing to disposition. The 1991-92 adopted budget includes a request for additional monies to address an increasing jury trial backlog.

#### OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

Energy conservation. Energy audits conducted on City buildings can identify short- and long-term recommendations to reduce energy consumption. Evaluation of alternative fuels for our vehicle fleet (i.e., electricity, CNG, hydrogen) can result in long-term recommendations that can reduce our reliance on fossil fuels and improve the air we breathe.

Environmental assessments. Recent court interpretations of the federal pollution laws indicate that any time the City acquires property through purchase, condemnation, dedication, easement or lease, the City can be held responsible for any soil or groundwater contamination that may exist on the property. This liability is not dependent upon the City being responsible for the contamination. To minimize the risk, the City must exercise "due diligence" in examining properties we acquire prior to any acquisition. Through the use of consultants, environmental assessments of properties to be acquired can be performed to determine if a potential contamination problem exists and if further testing is warranted and/or give the City an opportunity to reconsider obtaining the property.

### DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES

Legislative. The Mayor and City Council serve Scottsdale's citizens as their elected representatives and provide for the orderly government and administration of the affairs of the City.

City Manager. Responsible for the overall administrative leadership necessary for the implementation of City Council policies and programs.

City Clerk. Coordinates, prepares, and distributes City Council agendas and packets in accordance with statutory requirements of the Open Public Meeting Law. As the City's official records custodian, the Clerk's office maintains information delivery systems to ensure customers' timely access to public records. The office provides applications and training materials for all boards and commissions.

Elections. To encourage Scottsdale citizens to become registered voters for City elections and to provide an effective, impartial municipal election process. Offers voter registration and voter outreach programs.

City Attorney. Provides counsel and representation in all legal matters pertaining to the City of Scottsdale in accordance with the goals and objectives of the City.

Intergovernmental Relations. Promotes interaction with other levels of government that serves the best interests of Scottsdale citizens. Advocates the City's position on issues before the U.S. Congress, State Legislature and County Board of Supervisors. Builds coalitions with other municipalities and interest groups to support City policy positions, and provides various policy recommendations on regional state and national issues.

Human Resources. Responsible for recruitment, orientation, compensation, employee relations, and benefits administration. Positive employee relations are encouraged through recreational, educational, social, and wellness programs for all employees. Corporate development is enhanced by design and delivery of appropriate programs for training and development.

City Auditor. Conducts audits on all departments, offices, boards, activities, and agencies of the City providing independent, timely, and relevant information to determine whether operational efficiency and financial integrity are promoted.

City Court. Responsible for civil traffic, criminal traffic, and criminal misdemeanor violations handling complaints filed within the City limits. Guarantees that all mandated court functions are completed within the legal time limits.

Office of Environmental Affairs. Responsible for coordinating with other departments, citizens, local businesses and other governmental agencies, to provide a focus for preserving our environment and for developing environmental and energy conservation policies.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Legislative City Manager City Clerk Elections City Attorney Intergovernmental Relations Human Resources City Auditor Court Office of Environmental Affairs	417,049 703,762 371,724 185,857 1,322,981 171,687 943,882 233,356 836,597	473,389 681,379 428,525 30,094 1,215,012 179,355 950,792 360,477 987,069	454,229 757,320 438,944 29,402 1,182,034 170,306 971,254 304,255 1,036,341	476,633 733,209 397,816 211,306 1,309,871 184,405 1,007,717 337,828 1,136,486 216,251
Total	5,186,895	5,306,092	5,344,085	6,011,522

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 0.7% (\$3,244) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 1.7% (\$4,605) for compensation changes account primarily for the increase. Contractual increases of 6.2% (\$10,639) are for additional resources needed for regional problem solving efforts.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	235,061 163,042 18,946	276,653 172,736 12,000 12,000	245,173 186,747 12,000 10,309	281,258 183,375 12,000
Total	417,049	473,389	454,229	476,633
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	417,049	473,389	454,229	476,633
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	3 7	3 7	3 7	3 7
Full-time Equivalent*	3	3	3	3

<sup>\*</sup>Seven part-time positions for the Mayor and City Council are not included in the full-time equivalents.

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Legislative Division to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Provide response to 100% of written requests within 7 days	100%	100%	100%
Workload Measures			
# of citizens	129,956	131,644	135,316
Other Measures			
Cost per citizen (of total City operating budget)	\$700	\$797	\$792

### City Manager

## GENERAL GOVERNMENT Division Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 7.6% (\$51,830) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 8.6% (\$49,838), are due to the transfer of one Executive Secretary position from Management Services and compensation adjustments. Contractual expenditures are up 2.6% (\$2,257).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	483,649 144,997 15,197 59,919	579,729 86,727 14,923	595,860 87,870 14,150 59,440	629,557 88,984 14,668
Total	703,762	681,379	757,320	733,209
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	703,762	681,379	757,320	733,209
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	7 1	8 1	9 1	9 1
Full-time Equivalent	7.5	8.5	9.5	9.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the City Manager's Office to maintain the current level of services.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Respond to 95% of citizen requests for information within one work day	N/A	95%	95%
Workload Measures			
Council meetings Work sessions Community meetings Citizen requests for information Weekly reports	51 26 11 N/A 52	50 26 12 1,000 52	48 26 12 1,000 52

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 7.2% (\$30,709) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel decrease of 5.7% (\$15,615) includes \$5,446 for compensation changes for 1991-92, \$3,129 for additional overtime, and one less position. The contractual expenditures increase 18.7% (\$19,862) mainly due to: \$3,862 increase in advertising for legal notices, \$8,850 increase cost for updates of the City Code, and a \$3,779 increase for microfilming of vital and permanent documents. The commodities expenditures decrease of 10.6% (\$1,766) is due mainly to a decrease in office supplies usage. Capital expenditures decreased 100.0% (\$33,190).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	244,414 112,426 9,507 5,377	272,290 106,423 16,622 33,190	279,251 113,534 12,984 33,175	256,675 126,285 14,856
Total	371,724	428,525	438,944	397,816
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	371,724	428,525	438,944	397,816
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	7	8	8	7
Full-time Equivalents	7	8	8	7

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the City Clerk to maintain the current level of services.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of calls answered within 1 minute (75%) % of public records requests provided within	80%	80%	80%
24 hours (100%) % of Council meeting minutes transcribed within	90%	90%	88%
7 days of meeting (100%)	60%	98%	98%
Workload Measures			
Total calls received	37,285	38,000	40,000

**Elections** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 602.0% (\$181,212) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The total increase is due to the City Council Primary and General 1992 Elections and the necessity to determine new voting districts due to increases in registered voters and households, based on the 1990 Census.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	21,362 153,721 3,729 7,045	29,248 846	25,572 30 3,800	26,914 168,832 11,260 4,300
Total	185,857	30,094	29,402	211,306
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	185,857	30,094	29,402	211,306
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time				

Full-time Equivalent

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget allows the City Clerk to maintain the current level of service, and conduct the 1992 Council elections.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Provide citizens ballot accountability for each City election (100%)	100%	100%	100%
Workload Measures			
# of absentee ballots processed during City elections # of sample ballots/publicity pamphlets provided per election # of City elections	1,092 56,000 3	300 54,000 1	1,100 52,233 2

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 7.8% (\$94,859) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 11.0% (\$94,741) is for compensation changes for 1991-92 and the addition of one Prosecutor. The contractual expenditures decreased 1.6% (\$5,194). The commodities expenditures increase of 19.8% (\$6,462) is due to increased legal book cost and furniture and software for the additional Prosecutor. Capital expenditures decreased 21.0% (\$1,150).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	773,204 491,795 39,783 18,199	862,032 314,917 32,613 5,450	842,895 300,788 32,901 5,450	956,773 309,723 39,075 4,300
Total	1,322,981	1,215,012	1,182,034	1,309,871
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,322,981	1,215,012	1,182,034	1,309,871
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	1 6 2	1 6 2	1 6 2	1 7 2
Full-time Equivalents	17	17	17	18

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget allows the City Attorney to maintain the current level of service.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures			
Workload Measures			
Bench trials by City Attorney Trials by City Attorney Pretrials by City Attorney Contracts reviewed by City Attorney	260	520	600
	52	65	75
	11,000	12,500	14,500
	130	152	160

Intergovernmental Relations

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.8% (\$5,050) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.5% (\$6,406) for compensation changes, offset by contractual decreases of 6.4% (\$2,161), account primarily for the overall budget increase. Commodities expenditures are up 65.1% (\$835).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	137,843 31,182 1,115 1,547	144,111 33,961 1,283	133,908 35,155 1,243	150,517 31,770 2,118
Total	171,687	179,355	170,306	184,405
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	171,687	179,355	170,306	184,405
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	. 2	2 1	2 1	2 1
Full-time Equivalent	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Intergovernmental Relations to maintain the current level of services.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Respond to citizen inquiries about intergovernmental issues within 24 hours	24	2 4	24
Workload Measures			
# of State bills # of Federal bills and regulations	360 421	490 450	490 450

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.0% (\$56,925) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 15.3% (\$33,375) are for compensation changes. Contractual expenditures increases of 16.4% (\$15,212) includes implementation of in-house training programs and new employee medical exams. Commodities increases of 10.0% (\$9,212) include the materials for the in-house training programs (\$3,600). Capital expenditures are \$0, a decrease of \$1,700.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	582,684 317,208 43,990	638,975 217,529 92,588 1,700	638,975 233,978 93,601 4,700	649,013 250,904 107,800
Total	943,882	950,792	971,254	1,007,717
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	943,882	950,792	971,254	1,007,717
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	1 5	1 5 1	1 5 1	1 5 1
Full-time Equivalent	15	15.5	15.5	15.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. Implementation of the Management Academy and the Leadership Institute will allow us to provide tailored programs for management and supervision.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS Service Measures	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
90% of new hires or promoted employees in job 6 months after hire	87%	96%	90%
Workload Measures			
Full-time employees Part-time employees Recruitments Employment applications processed	1,051 238 112 7,621	1,124 296 204 11,898	1,167 296 200 11,900
Other Measures			
Cost per recruitment	\$586	\$581	\$585

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.3% (\$22,649) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel decrease of 1.8% (\$4,980) includes \$5,587 for compensation changes for 1991-92, \$3,026 for additional overtime and increased attrition rate deductions. The contractual increase of 19.2% (\$8,333) is mainly due to a \$5,000 increase for professional services. The commodities expenditures decrease of 45.3% (\$8,452) is due to one time expenditures in 1990-91 for furnishings for two additional positions. Capital expenditures decreased 91.6% (\$17,550).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	186,932 21,182 8,912 16,330	279,371 43,298 18,658 19,150	225,565 40,882 18,658 19,150	274,391 51,631 10,206 1,600
Total	233,356	360,477	304,255	337,828
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	233,356	360,477	304,255	337,828
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4	6	6	6
Full-time Equivalents	4	6	6	6

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the City Auditor to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Minimum # of audits to complete	4	5	5

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 15.1% (\$149,417) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 9.6% (\$72,482), includes: \$15,892 for compensation changes for 1991-92, \$39,000 due to the elimination of a 75% grant for two customer service representatives, and \$17,850 for a temporary bailiff and secretary to address the DUI jury trial backlog. The contractual expenditures increase of 25.9% (\$55,428) is due to the additional pro tempore judge and jury cost to address the DUI jury trial backlog. The commodities expenditures increase of 123.6% (\$20,107) is due to additional supplies required to continue the implementation of the physical document filing system. Capital expenditures increase of 127.3% (\$1,400) is due to the need to replace the microfilm processor.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	657,392 165,904 13,301	755,614 214,092 16,263 1,100	794,614 210,048 24,126 7,553	828,096 269,520 36,370 2,500
Total	836,597	987,069	1,036,341	1,136,486
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	836,597	987,069	1,036,341	1,136,486
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	20	23	23	23
Full-time Equivalent	20	23	23	23

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will not allow the Court to maintain the current service levels. Performance indicators show a potential decrease in service level of telephone calls abandoned; however, the jury trial blitz to address backlog will increase service level to the citizens of Scottsdale by reducing the dismissal rate (per Rule 8, Arizona Rules of Court).

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Maximum % of telephone callers to abandon (5%) % of telephone calls to answer within 1 minute	19.2%	21.5%	23.3%
(78%)	55%	60%	55%
Maximum % of cases dismissed per Rule 8 (ARC):(.1%)	Not measured	.05%	.01%

Court

	·		
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Court filings	65,794	71,518	77,740
Documents and court events entered into the computer system	210,217	247,496	225,000
Other Measures			
% of assessed court fines collected (through collections program only)	84%	84%	84%

### Office of Environmental Affairs

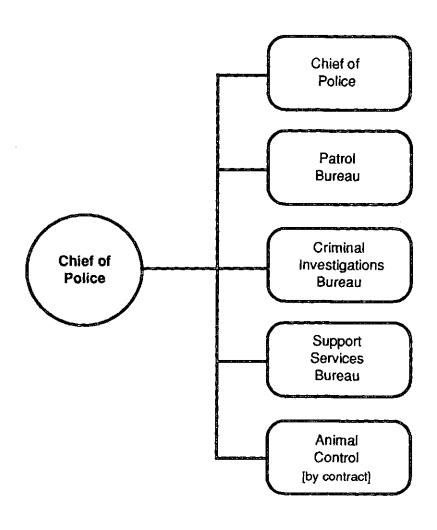
### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Office of Environmental Affairs is a new division. The 1991-92 total budget of \$216,251 includes \$109,701 for personnel. Contractual expenditures (\$100,850) primarily reflects consultant fees to conduct environmental and energy audits. Commodities expenditures of \$1,000 are for office supplies. Capital expenditures of \$4,700 are for furnishings. This budget is composed of funds transferred from other departments and does not add to the overall City budget.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay				109,701 100,850 1,000 4,700
Total				216,251
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund				216,251
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time				2
Full-time Equivalent				2
Full-time Equivalent  SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. Th achieve its defined level of services.  PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	e 1991-92 add	ACTUAL 1989-90	allow Environme  ESTIMATED 1990-91	<del>/                                    </del>
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The achieve its defined level of services.  PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	e 1991-92 add	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ntal Affairs to
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The achieve its defined level of services.  PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures		ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ntal Affairs to
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The achieve its defined level of services.  PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Respond to requests for information 24 hours		ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ntal Affairs to  ADOPTED 1991-92
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The achieve its defined level of services.  PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Respond to requests for information		ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92

### POLICE DEPARTMENT

Mission: Ensuring safety and a sense of security in our community.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures % of City's Operating Total	\$14,979,136	\$17,816,253	\$17,795,819	\$18,200,471
	16.5%	17.1%	17.0%	16.9%

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.2% (\$384,218) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 4.4% (\$619,140) includes: \$284,137 for compensation changes for 1991-92, 100% grant funding for one officer assigned to Arizona Law Enforcement Officers Advisory Council (ALEOAC), \$130,298 additional for overtime, elimination of a 46% grant for seven officer positions which will be filled by five Patrol Officers, one Internal Affairs Police Lieutenant, and one Accident Investigation Officer, the addition of two Communications Dispatchers, one Logistics/ Detention Technician, the addition of one Data Conversion Technician for pawn shop data entry, and the transfer out of one Secretary position to the Management Services Department. The contractual expenditures increased 2.6% (\$77,950). The commodities decrease of 36.5% (\$151,108) is mainly due to the reduction in RICO (Racketeering Influenced Corrupt Organizations) funds used for one time expenditures. Capital expenditures decreased 65.0% (\$161,764) mainly due to the reduction in RICO funds used for one time expenditures.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1 9 9 0 - 9 1	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	12,478,443 2,193,092 290,668 16,933	14,206,830 2,946,951 413,702 248,770	14,105,329 3,029,072 420,455 240,963	14,825,970 3,024,901 262,594 87,006
Total	14,979,136	17,816,253	17,795,819	18,200,471
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	14,979,136	17,816,253	17,795,819	18,200,471
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	277 3	300	300	303 3
Full-time Equivalents	278.5	301.5	301.5	304.5

### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

### CHIEF OF POLICE

Implementing "community policing." To address changing demographics and needs of the community, we are continuing to implement community policing. Certain events will need to occur within the department. Two of the key changes needed are a comprehensive training program and better coordination with other City departments. Envisioned is a training program that will provide for leadership depth, training of successors, and the development of individual employees. This program should instill a willingness to manage change and to integrate a strategic planning perspective into daily operations. It is necessary to prepare employees to implement the philosophy of community policing by fostering an attitude which accepts the community as a partner in problem solving. Already established is a committee of former and current personnel who have developed a training plan for each bureau. The adopted 1991-92 budget includes the funds necessary to carry out this plan. The Department must become an active participant with other City departments to address issues such as transportation and the environment. One example of a city-wide critical issue with policing implications is the need to develop solutions to the problems associated with aging neighborhoods.

Reviewing recommendations made by the outside consultant. A comprehensive report on the Department was prepared by the Institute for Law and Justice (ILJ). The report includes recommendations on staffing, deployment, and ways to improve police services. The Department is in the preliminary stages of evaluating and implementing many of the recommendations.

Evaluating the need for additional vehicles. With the addition of two police vehicles equipped with a police radio and CAD (Computer Aided Dispatch System), the Police Chief and Deputy Chief will now have 24 hour per day inspection capabilities.

Providing expertise in internal affairs. In light of several recent situations which have resulted in police employees being terminated or severely disciplined, the need for a specifically identified internal affairs/staff inspector position has been included in this plan.

#### **PATROL**

Policing needs in north Scottsdale. Many areas within the city limits are being developed and are beginning to impact our overall ability to provide police services. Additional manpower and equipment will need to be deployed in these areas. The current practice of one officer working large developing geographic beat areas reduces our ability to quickly respond and plays a major role in shaping our citizens' perception of their safety.

During the first eight months of 1990-91, patrol personnel were unable to respond to an emergency call for service within our standard of 6 minutes, 61 times. Twenty-seven percent of these calls were in an area bounded by Shea Boulevard to Frank Lloyd Wright Parkway. This area is divided into two geographic beats and staffed by two officers. Five additional officers requested in this budget will be deployed in this area to add one officer around the clock.

Accident investigation. Accidents involving death, serious injury, and/or City property in Scottsdale have increased 35% since 1988-89. Personnel assigned to Patrol's Accident Investigations Unit has remained at two officers. During the same period, the Maricopa County Attorney's Office has changed the procedures for requesting complaints for felony drunk driving charges. Each case now requires twice the time to complete the necessary paperwork plus a Grand Jury appearance. The proposed addition to this unit of one officer in 1991-92 will address the increased workload.

#### CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS

Increased pawn activity. We currently have the requirement of inputting the information from the pawn slips within ten days. This is to enable computerized search of pawned stolen property and aid in its recovery. Currently we have a two month backlog of slips that need entry and it is growing. Since 1988-89 there has been over a 32% increase in the number of slips. The growth will support the consistent utilization of a new data entry person and the volunteers currently used.

#### SUPPORT SERVICES

Logistics/Detention Technicians. An additional Logistics/Detention Technician will be provided for more coverage in the jail during those periods when heavy usage and the likelihood of combative prisoners is prevalent. With the existing staffing, field officers must at times spend inordinate periods of time in the detention facility because there is either no detention technician on duty and/or the facility is too busy for one person to manage. This causes the patrol beat to be uncovered, except for emergency calls, during the period the officer is handling the prisoner(s).

Addressing the needs for technology and better records management. During the next two years a new records management system must be implemented. Desired features of the system include automated files, computer-printed reports, immediately accessible statistical crime information, on-line bookings, automated personnel files and crime trending. Efforts are currently to establish a request for information (RFI) that will determine what technology is available to satisfy the needs assessment, with partial funding committed in the 1990-91 budget. Additional resources needed are estimated at \$400,000. One direct benefit of the system is that with computer telephone reporting ("one point entry") and one data base for the entire Department, field personnel will spend less time at crime scenes. In addition to a new records management system, the present Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system may need replacement within the next two years.

Alarm ordinance rewrite. It is estimated that up to 23% of all calls for service are alarm related and that 95% of these calls are false alarms. A task force is currently preparing recommendations intended to encourage the improvement in reliability of these alarm systems, devices and services and to ensure that Police Department personnel will not be unduly diverted from responding to actual criminal activity as a result of responding to false alarms.

Blood alcohol and drug testing. Recent court decisions, along with advancing technology in the detection and identification of suspected intoxicated and/or drugged drivers, suggests that blood testing of suspected DWI offenders should be offered as an option to the breath test. Agencies employing this procedure report the majority request blood testing over breath testing. The benefits of blood testing include a reduction of officer time in the booking process and fewer court challenges of test results, and therefore, fewer trials.

Communications Dispatchers. Delays in answering incoming calls from the public on 911 (emergency line) and non-emergency lines are occurring because the Communications Division does not have enough staff to adequately handle these calls. It is estimated that we are currently answering 98% of 911 calls and 97% of non-emergency calls within established service levels. With an anticipated 13% increase in workload for next year, two additional Communications Dispatchers will be added.

### DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES

Chief of Police. Provides for the administration, leadership, management, and administrative support necessary to ensure the most effective delivery of police services to the community.

Patrol Bureau. In addition to general law enforcement responsibilities, the patrol bureau personnel complete initial criminal investigations, handle traffic-accident investigations and perform traffic-enforcement and control duties. They also provide community relations functions.

Criminal Investigation Bureau. This division is comprised of seven units that investigate reports of crimes and criminal activity and assists citizens in social crisis for the Scottsdale Police Department. The Crisis Intervention Unit assists victims, families of victims, coordinates the investigation of runaway juveniles, and provides referral information to persons experiencing difficulties in social situations.

Support Services Bureau. The Communications Division responds to all citizen telephone calls for service and guarantees proper deployment and back-up of police units. The Records Division handles all reports made by officers and enters information into the computer systems to track criminal history. Technical Investigation handles crime scene investigations and reconstruction. The Logistics/Detention Unit assists officers with bookings and jail supervision. The Property Division guarantees the control and safeguarding of evidence, contraband and lost and found property.

Animal Control. Scottsdale is one of 13 cities participating in the leash law and anti-rabies programs. Costs of the program are apportioned by population.

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Chief.of Police	889,708	1,443,636	1,564,083	1,320,066
Patrol Bureau	8,366,512	9,939,367	9,790,155	10,289,422
Criminal Investigations Bureau	3,051,029	3,351,486	3,343,694	3,460,798
Support Services Bureau	2,615,887	3,005,764	3,023,887	3,039,140
Animal Control	56,000	76,000	74,000	91,045
Total	14,979,136	17,816,253	17,795,819	18,200,471

### POLICE Division Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 8.6% (\$123,570) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 2.5% (\$17,983) includes \$14,404 for compensation changes for 1991-92, one Internal Affairs Police Lieutenant and 100% grant funding of one officer assigned to the Arizona Law Enforcement Officers Advisory Council (ALEOAC). The contractual expenditures increase of 41.3% (\$138,092) includes: \$35,000 increase for the cost of housing prisoners at the Maricopa County Jail, \$17,100 for hospital fees to draw blood used in blood sample testing of DUI suspects, \$30,000 increase for training and travel, \$9,660 for increases in property and liability insurance rates and a \$52,720 increase in RICO funded expenditures. The commodities expenditures decrease of 60.9% (\$145,025) is due to the reduction of \$102,980 in RICO funds used for one-time expenditures, and approximately \$50,000 due to far fewer protective vest being required. Capital expenditures decreased 88.9% (\$134,620) due to RICO funds used for one time expenditures.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	657,356 180,416 51,936	720,197 333,996 238,023 151,420	750,197 427,022 235,444 151,420	738,180 472,088 92,998 16,800
Total	889,708	1,443,636	1,564,083	1,320,066
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	889,708	1,443,636	1,564,083	1,320,066
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	12	12	12	13
Full-time Equivalents	12	1 2	1 2	13

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** Citizen's request for crime prevention presentations and security surveys are being turned down due to lack of staff. The current workload represents only reactions to citizen's requests -- no proactive activities are able to be conducted.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of registered voters surveyed satisfied with police services	71%	83%	83%
% of requests for crime prevention/public education appearances conducted (100%)	100%	92%	91%

# POLICE Division Summary

### Chief of Police

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of requests for crime prevention/public education appearances	193	205	218

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.5% (\$350,055) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 4.8% (\$392,812) includes: \$165,233 for compensation changes for 1991-92, \$130,298 additional for overtime, and the elimination of a 46% grant for seven officer positions which will be filled by five officers (for patrol), and one officer for accident investigation. The contractual expenditures decrease of 2.0% (\$33,197) is due to reduced fleet cost. Capital expenditures decreased 100.0% (\$10,500).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	7,118,793 1,186,274 61,445	8,261,656 1,641,431 25,780 10,500	8,155,155 1,600,245 24,255 10,500	8,654,468 1,608,234 26,720
Total	8,366,512	9,939,367	9,790,155	10,289,422
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	8,366,512	9,939,367	9,790,155	10,289,422
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	153 3	172 3	172 3	171 3
Full-time Equivalents	154.5	173.5	173.5	172.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Patrol bureau to maintain current service levels. The additional patrol personnel will be deployed to address large, developing areas most affected by increasing calls for service.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Ratio of schools per School Resource Officer: (4.0) Frequency officers make personal contact at each convenience market in their beat: (once per	11	3.7	3.7
evening shift) % of hit and runs cleared (69%)	Not measured 69%	1 per evening 58%	1 per evening 69%

POLICE Division Summary

Patrol Bureau

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures (continued)			
Average response time for emergency calls: (6.0 min.)  Average response time for non-emergency	5.1	4.0	3.9
calls: (20.0 min.)	24.4	36.6	48.4
% of officers time available for crime prevention (35%)*	32.0%	26.0%	26.0%
Workload Measures			
Calls for service # of citations issued	71,942 40,371	75,107 40,371	78,412 41,561
Other Measures			
% of citations upheld: (NS)**	98.5%	98%	98%

<sup>\*</sup>A portion of this time is consumed by on-view traffic enforcement and directed activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NS - No standard

### POLICE Division Summary

### Criminal Investigations

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.3% (\$109,312) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 3.5% (\$102,677) include \$58,851 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and one new position. The contractual expenditures increase of 3.2% (\$12,935) is due to lease rental increases for undercover vehicles and increased cost of fingerprint checks. Capital expenditures decreased 100.0% (\$6,000).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	2,683,450 352,142 15,437	2,942,556 398,930 4,000 6,000	2,942,556 390,179 4,198 6,761	3,045,233 411,865 3,700
Total	3,051,029	3,351,486	3,343,694	3,460,798
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	3,051,029	3,351,486	3,343,694	3,460,798
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	53	55	55	56
Full-time Equivalents	53	5 5	5 5	56

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. Many narcotics cases which originate in the City result in major conspiracy or trafficking charges. Lower street level cases are not being worked due to a lack of manpower. Street level narcotic cases not worked are expected to increase by 18% in the next year. Narcotic leads not worked are expected to increase by 4%.

Pawn and secondhand merchandise dealers are required to hold property for 10 days after receiving it to ensure police have time to determine if the property is stolen. Currently, only 20% of all pawn slips received are entered into the pawn records computer within 10 days due to a shortage of manpower. The additional data conversion clerk will ensure that 95% of all items pawned are entered into the system within 10 days, thus allowing detectives to match stolen property with pawned property prior to its disposal.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of homicides cleared: (71%)*	67%	71%	71%
% of robberies cleared: (26%)*	27%	26%	26%
% of sexual assaults cleared: (49%)*	63%	75%	75%

# POLICE Division Summary

### Criminal Investigations

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92	
Service Measures (continued)				
% of thefts-property cleared: (21%)*	15%	17%	18%	
% of aggravated assaults cleared: (61%)*	70%	60%	65%	
% of burglaries cleared: (14%)*	12%	13%	14%	
% of auto thefts cleared: (17%)*	35%	20%	20%	
% of frauds cleared: (NS)**	95%	95%	95%	
% of pawn entries made in 10 days: (100%)	20%	20%	95%	

<sup>\*</sup>The standard is last year's actual results for the average of Rocky Mountain States. These are used as benchmarks against which to compare performance of Scottsdale PD and are not intended to be projections.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NS - No standard

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 1.1% (\$33,376) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 4.6% (\$105,668) includes \$45,648 for compensation changes for 1991-92, the transfer out of one Secretary position to the Management Services Department and the addition of two Communications Dispatchers and one Logistics/Detention Technician. The contractual expenditures decrease of 11.1% (\$54,925) is mainly due to the removal of \$53,000 to upgrade the access lines to the criminal justice system. The commodities expenditures decreased 4.6% (\$6,723). Capital expenditures decreased 13.2% (\$10,644).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	2,018,844 418,260 161,850 16,933	2,282,421 496,594 145,899 80,850	2,257,421 537,626 156,558 72,282	2,388,089 441,669 139,176 70,206
Total	2,615,887	3,005,764	3,023,887	3,039,140
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	2,615,887	3,005,764	3,023,887	3,039,140
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	5 9	6 1	6 1	63
Full-time Equivalents	59	61	6 1	63

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Support Services to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of emergency calls answered within 3 rings (100% % of non-emergency calls answered within	) 100%	98%	98%
3 minutes (100%)	99%	97%	97%

# POLICE Division Summary

### Support Services

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Incoming calls	238,892	240,414	269,264
Calls for service	111,872	126,474	142,915
# of jail bookings	5,650	6,300	6,900
# of latent print comparisons per year	19,384	23,604	25,000
# of drug seizure analysis	0	850	1,150
# of blood analysis	0	60	1,300
# reports processed	22,885	22,662	23,659
# impounded property items	14,245	14,799	15,141

# POLICE Division Summary

### **Animal Control**

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 19.8% (\$15,045) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The contractual expenditures increase is the result of a change in the fee structure implemented in September of 1990 by Maricopa County Rabies Animal Control.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	56,000	76,000	74,000	91,045
Total	56,000	76,000	74,000	91,045
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	56,000	76,000	74,000	91,045

### **POSITIONS**

Full-time

Part-time

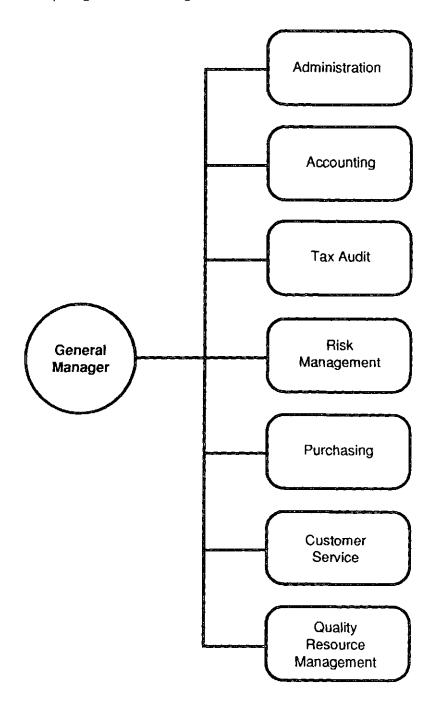
Full-time Equivalents

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Animal Control program to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of licenses issued	22,196	22,860	23,500
# of animals impounded	7,227	8,000	8,000

### FINANCIAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

**Mission:** Providing basic financial services, controls, and processes necessary to support a complex governmental organization and to maintain the financial integrity of the City.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual 1989-90	Adopted 1990-91	Estimated 1990-91	Adopted 1991-92
Expenditures	\$6,200,699	\$7,199,444	\$7,387,216	\$7,401,362
% of City's Operating Total	6.8%	6.9%	7.0%	6.9%

## FINANCIAL SERVICES Department Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.8% (\$201,918) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.9% (\$197,961) include \$80,587 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and one new position. The contractual decrease of \$1,932 includes a \$23,000 estimated increase for the payment of claims against the City and a \$49,000 decrease in the Contribution to Risk Management. Capital expenditures include \$12,000 for a replacement forklift in 1991-92.

3,644,167			
2,263,580 50,529 242,423	4,029,328 3,113,897 43,880 12,339	3,919,797 3,283,981 65,074 118,364	4,227,289 3,111,965 47,508 14,600
6,200,699	7,199,444	7,387,216	7,401,362
3,536,089 734,618 164,075 1,765,917	4,354,465 744,723 163,502 1,936,754	4,280,047 788,650 175,346 2,143,173	4,390,453 814,025 191,124 2,005,760
106 7 109.5	109 6 112	109 6 112	110 6 113
	2,263,580 50,529 242,423 6,200,699 3,536,089 734,618 164,075 1,765,917	2,263,580 3,113,897 50,529 43,880 242,423 12,339 6,200,699 7,199,444  3,536,089 4,354,465 734,618 744,723 164,075 163,502 1,765,917 1,936,754	2,263,580       3,113,897       3,283,981         50,529       43,880       65,074         242,423       12,339       118,364         6,200,699       7,199,444       7,387,216         3,536,089       4,354,465       4,280,047         734,618       744,723       788,650         164,075       163,502       175,346         1,765,917       1,936,754       2,143,173

## FINANCIAL SERVICES Department Summary

### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Identifying emerging financial trends. We have formed a fiscal strategy team comprised of senior city staff which is addressing emerging financial trends, developing "what if" scenarios and issuing monthly "financial capsule reports" that reflect both hard financial data and team member observations. This team plays an important role, especially during these uncertain economic times.

#### ACCOUNTING

Conversion of hardware for the accounting system. MSA, the software currently used for the financial accounting system, is written for IBM hardware. Our hardware, however, is Unisys. Therefore, the City is not able to take advantage of software enhancements that are available to IBM users. We need to position ourselves to transition from the Unisys hardware within the next three years, and move to either an IBM or an IBM-compatible computer. The minimum time period required to install new software is two years, and would cost approximately \$200,000. The hardware cost is unknown at this time. We will be developing an action plan with OMS in 1991-92 for this conversion process.

Automated arbitrage liability calculation. The budget does not contain money to purchase software for the arbitrage liability or to pay for a consultant service to perform this work. At this time a decision has not been made to use either of the above. A recommendation will be made during 1991-92 whether to do it with in-house staff, purchased software using in-house staff, or with a paid consultant performing the entire task.

#### TAX AUDIT

**Expansion and protection of revenues.** There is a need to reduce reliance on privilege tax and to develop a broader tax base. During 1991-92 we will consider other sources of revenue such as real estate transfer taxes or taxes on certain labor services. The City will continue to lobby the legislature to protect its revenue base and to discourage the State from reducing or eliminating any State-shared revenues.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

Increased risks of liability claims are created by our aggressive CIP program. Although the number of liability claims has declined in recent years through successful loss prevention, efforts are needed to maintain this trend especially in light of increased liability resulting from extensive construction of the City's infrastructure. Costs to perform inspections will increase as the number of projects increases.

Increasing environmental mandates. Federal and state governmental agencies have initiated a number of referendums requiring the City to be environmentally responsible. These referendums, which include an annual Hazardous Waste Day; testing of landfills, ground water and water supply systems; and regulated waste disposal, will require close monitoring by the Risk Management Division.

## FINANCIAL SERVICES Department Summary

Correction of safety hazards. In an effort to reduce liability claims resulting from safety hazards, the City is reallocating existing resources in 1991-92 to fund expenditures necessary to cover the costs to proactively correct safety hazards.

#### **PURCHASING**

Costs of purchasing environmentally responsible goods. The cost to purchase recycled paper and other environmentally responsible commodities is usually higher than non-recycled commodities. The Purchasing Division continues to conduct comprehensive environmental impact assessments on all the services and products the City currently uses, or plans to use. This assessment includes materials testing, research on how products and services are manufactured, and cost analysis of products which are recycled or reusable.

Supporting the CIP program. Additional bids and contracts relating to the CIP program are continuing to increase Purchasing's workload. A Bid and Contract Specialist was hired in 1990-91 to help meet the workload demand. However, no additional support personnel have been hired. Purchasing is cross-training existing staff to help meet this increase in support personnel workload.

#### CUSTOMER SERVICE

Improving automation & service efficiency. Automation improvements are needed to effectively record and monitor sales tax and special assessments. Implementation of the BLAST (billing, licensing and sales tax) automation is slow. Staff is reviewing the opportunity to purchase fully developed sales tax and special assessment software from another municipality to speed up and improve this process.

Conversion of tax and license files to microfiche. To improve service efficiency, reduce the time involved with pulling sales tax files for tax audit purposes and maximize available file space, the Tax and License Unit is researching options for converting its files to microfiche.

Customer service. An additional Customer Service Representative position has been funded in 1991-92 to provide for increasing demands due to the increase in the number of phone calls, walk-in customers and billing accounts. This is to help ensure that the "service" remains in Customer Service.

#### QUALITY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Budget savings incentives. Budgetary decisions are sometimes made without regard to performance achieved and missions realized. A linkage of funding to performance is crucial to achieve more effective City-wide budgetary practices. We will also be performing various management studies to determine ways of improving efficiency and effectiveness throughout the City.

### FINANCIAL SERVICES Department Summary

#### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

Administration. Coordinates the Department's operations, manages the City's short- and long-term debts, and coordinates the financing of City projects.

**Accounting.** Responsible for the City's payroll, accounts payable, special assessments bond district billings, special, monthly, and annual financial reports, depositing and investing City cash, and coordinates audits by external auditors.

Tax Audit. Promotes accurate sales tax self-assessments by taxpayers through taxpayer education programs. Studies indicators of local economic strength through the interpretation of privilege tax collections.

Risk Management. Coordinates the City's safety and risk management function, including the procurement of insurance. Responsible for funding, investigation, and adjustment of claims in the areas of property loss, liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation exposures. Additional functions include the preparation of fiscal impact statements and negotiations in the area of employee health benefits.

**Purchasing.** Acts as the City's central buying agency for equipment, materials, supplies, construction and services. Manages and maintains the integrity of the procurement function; obtains optimum value per purchasing dollar expended, and supplies goods and services to the City on a timely basis.

Customer Service. Responsible for the accurate and timely billing and collection of the City's water, sewer, and refuse accounts. The Division administers and collects sales, transient occupancy and business license taxes, special license fees, and liquor license fees. Responds to customer requests for initiation, transfer, and disconnection of utility services. This Division also provides for the collection of all delinquent monies owed to the City.

Quality Resource Management. Develops, implements, and monitors the City's financial plans. These include the Five-Year Financial Forecast, the Financial Trends report, the Citizen Service Level report, and other financial/budget documents. They also conduct organizational, policy, administrative, and special project studies and reviews.

EXPENDITURES BY AREA	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Administration	238,642	204,051	212,610	224,526
Accounting	1,019,536	1,048,038	1,029,739	1,048,433
Tax Audit	431,663	473,535	445,058	481,583
Risk Management	1,765,917	1,936,754	2,143,173	2,005,760
Contribution to Risk Management		625,000	625,000	575,582
Purchasing	1,087,916	1,107,436	1,122,299	1,152,753
Customer Service	1,321,637	1,418,143	1,455,774	1,514,588
Quality Resource Management	335,388	386,487	353,563	398,137
Total	6,200,699	7,199,444	7,387,216	7,401,362

### FINANCIAL SERVICES Department Summary

### Administration

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 10.0% (\$20,475) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 12.0% (\$20,719) includes \$3,446 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel	192,283	172,313	172,313	193,032
Contractual	27,486	27,175	34,660	26,431
Commodities	4,478	4,563	5,200	5,063
Capital Outlay	14,395		437	
Total	238,642	204,051	212,610	224,526
FUNDING SOURCES	•			
General Fund	238,642	204,051	212,610	224,526
POSITIONS				
Full-time	3	3	3	3
Part-time				
Full-time Equivalents	3	3	3	3
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES	. The 1991-92 ado	pted budget will	allow Administration	on to maintain
current service levels.  PERFORMANCE	. The 1991-92 ado	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
current service levels.	. The 1991-92 ado			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
current service levels.  PERFORMANCE	. The 1991-92 ado	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	view	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS Service Measures Frequency of Citizens Bond Re	view	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qua Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo	view arterly) rt (monthly)	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92 Quarterly
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qua Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo	view arterly) rt (monthly)	ACTUAL 1989-90 Quarterly	ESTIMATED 1990-91 Quarterly	ADOPTED 1991-92
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qua Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo # of debt obligations to admir General Obligation Bonds	view arterly) rt (monthly)	ACTUAL 1989-90 Quarterly Monthly	ESTIMATED 1990-91  Quarterly  Monthly	ADOPTED 1991-92 Quarterly Monthly
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qua Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo	view arterly) rt (monthly) ister:	ACTUAL 1989-90 Quarterly Monthly 11 8 5	ESTIMATED 1990-91  Quarterly  Monthly 11 10 6	ADOPTED 1991-92 Quarterly  Monthly 11 10 6
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qua Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo # of debt obligations to admir General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Municipal Property Corpora Contracts payable	view arterly) rt (monthly) ister:	ACTUAL 1989-90 Quarterly Monthly 11 8 5 17	ESTIMATED 1990-91  Quarterly  Monthly 11 10 6 15	ADOPTED 1991-92 Quarterly  Monthly 11 10 6
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Frequency of Citizens Bond Re Commission meetings (qui Workload Measures  Publish the Investment Repo # of debt obligations to admir General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds Municipal Property Corpora	view arterly) rt (monthly) ister:	ACTUAL 1989-90 Quarterly Monthly 11 8 5	ESTIMATED 1990-91  Quarterly  Monthly 11 10 6	ADOPTED 1991-92 Quarterly  Monthly 11 10

Accounting

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is \$395 more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 1.9% (\$15,911) includes \$17,002 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease is 7.6% (\$13,953).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	775,282 156,214 15,240 72,800	850,083 184,142 13,813	818,083 165,708 11,750 34,198	865,994 170,189 12,250
Total	1,019,536	1,048,038	1,029,739	1,048,433
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,019,536	1,048,038	1,029,739	1,048,433
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2 2 2	22 2	22 2	22 2
Full-time Equivalents	23	23	23	23

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Accounting to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			•
% of time to issue quarterly financial reports to the City Council and City Manager on or before			
the 10th of the month (100%) Publish and distribute annual financial report	90%	100%	100%
by September 30 each year Complete and file the RPTA audit, Expenditure Limitation Report and the Single Audit Report	Sept. 15	Sept. 30	Sept. 30
by September 30 each year	Sept. 30	Sept. 30	Sept. 30

### Accounting

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Checks processed:			
Accounts Payable	29,096	30,000	32,000
Payroll	37,618	39,000	41,000
# of improvement districts to administer Publish the Capital Improvements Budget	15	17	18
(CIP): Annually	Annually	Annually	Annually
Other Measures			
Hours of audit assistance provided to the external independent auditor	2,500	2,500	3,000

Tax Audit

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 1.7% (\$8,048) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 3.0% (\$12,798) includes \$8,455 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease is 10.7% (\$4,810).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	381,561 35,943 5,417 8,742	422,752 44,922 5,861	400,752 38,367 5,939	435,550 40,112 5,921
Total	431,663	473,535	445,058	481,583
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	431,663	473,535	445,058	481,583
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	10	10	10	10
Full-time Equivalents	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Tax Audit to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Percentage of businesses audited annually	3.2%	3.3%	3.3%
Workload Measures			
Privilege tax accounts Business license accounts Publish the Privilege Tax Report (monthly)	9,372 4,173 Monthly	9,600 4,500 Monthly	10,200 4,900 Monthly
Other Measures			
Businesses audited for correct privilege taxes Adjustments to privilege taxes paid as a result	296	317	332
of audits Ratio of dollars collected to cost	\$1,418,617 \$1.92:\$1.00	\$1,600,000 \$2.25:\$1.00	1,760,000 \$2.35:\$1.00

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.6% (\$69,006) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 4.3% (\$10,316) includes \$4,835 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual increase of 3.5% (\$58,690) includes \$23,000 for an estimated increase for the payment of claims against the City, and \$25,000 for proactive maintenance of safety hazards.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	223,874 1,516,775 21,863 3,405	241,728 1,666,990 28,036	241,728 1,856,254 44,753 438	252,044 1,725,680 28,036
Total	1,765,917	1,936,754	2,143,173	2,005,760
FUNDING SOURCES Self Insurance Fund	1,765,917	1,936,754	2,143,173	2,005,760
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	5 1	6	6	6
Full-time Equivalents	5.5	6	6	6

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Risk Management to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of claims investigated # of Accident Review Board meetings held	291 12	314 12	339 12
Other Measures			
Claims paid: Workers' compensation Employee vehicle Liability Safety meetings conducted # of insurance policies purchased # of safety inspections	95 54 120 95 18 110	103 58 136 90 19	111 63 147 90 20 125

### Contribution to Risk Management

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

A contribution of \$575,582 into the Risk Management Trust Fund is proposed for 1991-92. This amount will assist the City in properly funding its Risk Management Self Insurance Reserve in accordance with the recommendation of its actuary. This firm utilizes mathematical analysis to recommend funding levels for losses, based on past claim experience.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay		625,000	625,000	575,582
Total		625,000	625,000	575,582
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund		625,000	625,000	575,582

#### **POSITIONS**

Full-time Part-time

Full-time Equivalents

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. None

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	<b>ESTIMATED</b>	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92

None

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 4.1% (\$45,317) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 5.5% (\$55,919) includes \$20,299 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease is 11.9% (\$16,557). Commodities include credit balances for charges to other City departments for internal services. Capital expenditures include \$12,000 for a replacement forklift in 1991-92.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	969,479 124,215 (43,336) 37,558	1,014,961 138,950 (52,375) 5,900	1,003,961 145,637 (50,657) 23,358	1,070,880 122,393 (52,520) 12,000
Total	1,087,916	1,107,436	1,122,299	1,152,753
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,087,916	1,107,436	1,122,299	1,152,753
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2 9 2	3 0 1	30	30 1
Full-time Equivalents	30	30.5	30.5	30.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Purchasing to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of contracts that are reviewed within 3 days of receipt of final draft (98%) % of materials that are inspected and delivered	100%	98%	98%
within 3 days of receipt (95%) % of purchase orders placed within 3 days of	Not measured	95%	95%
receipt (90%)	Not measured	90%	90%
Workload Measures	•		
# of deliveries to the warehouse	9,951	9,505	9,700

### Purchasing

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Other Measures			
Requests for proposals, invitation for bids and			
contracts processed Purchase orders processed	620	680	750
	18,567	19,800	21,000

Customer Service

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.8% (\$96,445) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 7.8% (\$76,729) includes \$19,681 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and one new position. The contractual increase is 4.8% (\$18,779).

EXPENDITURE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
CATEGORY	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	905,090	984,054	977,960	1,060,783
	333,101	388,288	377,906	407,067
	33,446	39,362	43,469	44,138
	50,000	6,439	56,439	2,600
Total	1,321,637	1,418,143	1,455,774	1,514,588
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund Water & Sewer Fund Sanitation Fund	422,944	509,918	491,778	509,439
	734,618	744,723	788,650	814,025
	164,075	163,502	175,346	191,124
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	30	3 1 2	3 1 2	32 2
Full-time Equivalents	30.5	32	32	33

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Customer Service to maintain the majority of current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Hours open to the public (8 a.m5 p.m.) % of time that phone calls are answered within 30 seconds (90%):	M-F	M-F	M-F
Utility Billing	83%	81%	90%
Tax and License	93%	93.5%	93.5%
Revenue Recovery % of customers that receive bills at a minimum	88%	88%	88%
of 14 days prior to due date (98%)	98.8%	98%	98%

### **Customer Service**

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of telephone calls received:			
Utility Billing	52,628	56,700	59,252
Tax and License	48,114	48,414	48,914
Revenue Recovery	20,635	22,699	24,969
# of water meters	44,070	45,950	47,050
# of applications received for City licensing	4,108	4,500	4,700
Average monthly # of delinquent accounts	6,544	6,871	7,215
Other Measures			
Water meters read per day	2,447	2,576	2,636
Utility customers billed monthly	47,128	48,195	· ·
Ratio of delinquent dollars collected to cost	\$4.00:\$1.00	\$4.08:\$1.00	\$4.70:\$1.00

### **Quality Resource Management**

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Trends

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.0% (\$11,650) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increase of 1.6% (\$5,569) includes \$6,869 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual increase is 15.8% (\$6,081)

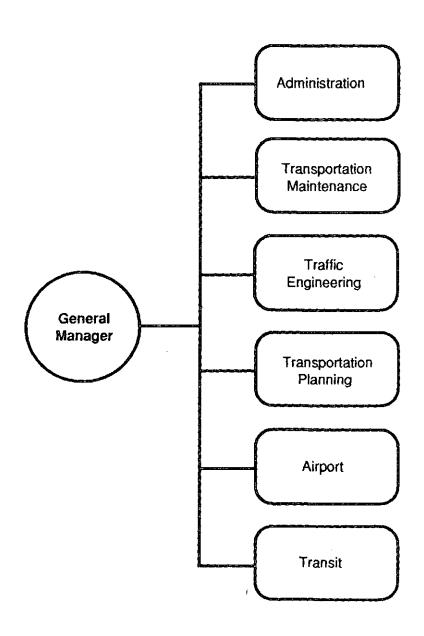
EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	196,598 69,846 13,421 55,523	343,437 38,430 4,620	305,000 40,449 4,620 3,494	349,006 44,511 4,620
Total	335,388	386,487	353,563	398,137
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	335,388	386,487	353,563	398,137
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	7	7	7	7
Full-time Equivalents	7	. 7	7	7

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Quality Resource Management to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Publish the following reports: Citizen Services Levels Annual Operating Budget Five Year Financial Forecast	Annually	Annually	Annually

### TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

**Mission:** To be a leader in the visionary planning, design and maintenance of a comprehensive and integrated transportation system.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual 1989-90	Adopted 1990-91	Estimated 1990-91	Adopted 1991-92
Expenditures	\$7,456,422	\$8,020,534	\$7,934,794	\$8,898,649
% of City's Operating Total	8.2%	7.7%	7.5%	8.3%

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 10.9% (\$878,115) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.4% (\$153,204) include \$69,812 for compensation changes for 1991-92, transfers to improvement districts, two new positions in Transportation Maintenance for the downtown improvement districts, one new position for Airport maintenance, upgrading the Airport secretary from part-time to full-time and additional hours for the part-time bicycle coordinator. The contractual increase of 24.7% (\$648,299) includes \$82,000 for property and liability rates, \$74,000 for fleet rates and \$36,000 in electric utilities. In addition, \$450,000 is budgeted in the Transportation Department for streetlight billings, which were previously accounted for in Planning and Zoning. The commodity increase of 7.6% (\$135,394) includes \$93,000 for increased costs for the same level of asphalt maintenance. Capital expenditures include \$53,000 for the City's share of scheduled federal funding for maintenance of the Airport's taxiway and runway paving.

EXPENDITURE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
CATEGORY	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Personnel	2,932,622	3,490,602	3,293,562	3,643,806
Contractual	2,604,752	2,624,287	2,641,178	3,272,586
Commodities	1,801,090	1,790,085	1,823,937	1,925,479
Capital Outlay	117,958	115,560	176,117	56,778
Total	7,456,422	8,020,534	7,934,794	8,898,649
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund Airport Fund	7,063,956	7,496,485	7,389,575	8,259,169
	392,466	524,049	545,219	639,480
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	85 1	8 7 6	87	9 1 5
Full-time Equivalents	85.8	90.8	90.8	94

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### TRANSPORTATION MAINTENANCE

Maintenance to streets. Continued investment in the maintenance of our existing street network is an accepted and important financial strategy in order to avoid more expensive reconstruction programs in the future. During this year's budget process, it became evident that the goals in this area have not been met since 1986. This year's budget proposes to address this problem by allocating an additional \$500,000 to the street maintenance effort from the Capital Improvements Program. This will accomplish a 30% increase in the square yard/years level of service and begin the effort to move the program over the next five years to an acceptable level of service.

**Downtown landscape and right-of-way maintenance.** The City is funding \$117,500 in 1991-92 to provide for the maintenance of the Downtown Improvement Districts. The maintenance will provide service levels that are above what is currently being provided.

#### TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). Street widening, a master drainage plan north of the CAP canal, infrastructure funding and developing Pima Road are all CIP projects that will be addressed by Transportation Planning staff in 1991-92 and are further addressed in the Capital Budget.

#### **AIRPORT**

Continuing public awareness of noise abatement efforts. A large number of local residents and corporate and private aircraft operators who visit Scottsdale each year, are unaware of previous and current noise abatement measures which the City has invested considerable time and monies. The City funded the upgrade of the part-time secretary to full-time which will allow staff to continue its outreach program in 1991-92 to better communicate the City's efforts in this area.

Obtaining Part 139 Certification. The Chamber of Commerce is actively pursuing a scheduled commuter operator. The actions required by the City to prepare the exterior operational areas for Part 139 have been accomplished or are underway. The City is funding \$82,000 to meet current operations and Part 139 standards.

#### TRANSIT

Funding the City's Transit Plan. The City Council adopted the Citizen Committee Transit Plan in July 1990, which recommends a regional and/or local funding source to be provided no later than July 1991. The regional funding source is under consideration and will have to be voted on in a county-wide election that is not expected before the fall of 1991. There are two local funding options. One option includes raising the local sales tax to fund the short-term (five year) Transit Plan as follows: Years 1 and 2; \$3,835,829 each, Years 3 and 4; \$2,298,833 each, and Year 5; \$1,486,454. The second option includes no local sales tax increase, but rather doubling the existing Transit budget over the next five years. This would require approximately \$200,000 per year. All of these options are considered to have merit, however, no funding is provided in the 1991-92 budget as a source has not been identified.

Implementation of bicycle policies contained in the City's transportation plan. The bond election of 1989 authorized retrofit projects to improve the safety and continuity of the Indian Bend Wash bike paths. Studies are scheduled to be completed in 1991-92. The City funded additional hours in 1991-92 for the part-time bicycle coordinator.

#### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

**Administration.** Provides leadership, coordination, administrative and graphics support necessary to provide for effective and coordinated planning, engineering, and maintenance of the City's transportation system.

**Transportation Maintenance.** Responsible for keeping the City's roadway system well-maintained and safe for public travel, as well as maintaining roadway asphalt, cleaning roadways and maintaining bikepaths, traffic signals, traffic signs and markings.

**Traffic Engineering.** Responsible for the day-to-day operations of our roadway system, ensuring that traffic moves in the best manner possible. Traffic signs and markings, also a component of the division, provide roadway travelers with a safe and well-designed street system.

Transportation Planning. Integrates and plans for the various modes of transportation. Included are transportation system planning, drainage planning, master development plan review, the initiation and managing of improvement districts and community facility districts.

Airport. The Scottsdale airport provides capacity relief to Sky Harbor Airport, accommodates general aviation, meets regional commuter air service demands and addresses the various needs of the multitude of aviation users, including recreational flyers, all levels of instructional flights of foreign and domestic students, air ambulance companies, on-demand charters to any destination worldwide, and numerous corporate jets.

Transit Coordinates various components comprising the City's mass transit system including the City's efforts in meeting compliance with clean-air legislation. The City does not own any capital equipment or employ any bus drivers. Rather, all transit service is provided either through intergovernmental agreement or by contracting directly with private service providers.

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Administration	443,283	408,764	403,162	414,422
Transportation Maintenance	4,944,809	5,155,911	5,092,511	5,922,812
Traffic Engineering	412,315	443,355	454,522	469,781
Transportation Planning	458,198	530,028	508,680	495,882
Airport	392,466	524,049	545,219	639,480
Transit	805,351	958,427	930,700	956,272
Total	7,456,422	8,020,534	7,934,794	8,898,649

### Administration

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 1.4% (\$5,658) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 1.8% (\$6,351) include \$6,932 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease is 8.4% (\$4,411).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	326,118 99,100 14,676 3,389	346,633 52,483 9,648	338,985 46,085 14,703 3,389	352,984 48,072 13,366
Total	443,283	408,764	403,162	414,422
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund	443,283	408,764	403,162	414,422
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	10	8 1	8 1	8 1
Full-time Equivalents	10	8.8	8.8	8.8

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Average # of calls received per day # of Transportation Commission meetings coordinated	214 24	281 24	375 24
Other Measures			
Average # of calls answered per day  Average # of secretarial work requests completed	160	216	287
per month	212	320	480
Average # of graphics work requests completed per month	4 5	5 9	74

### Transportation Maintenance

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 14.9% (\$766,901) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 3.5% (\$69,802) include \$39,408 for compensation changes for 1991-92, two new positions for the Downtown Improvement Districts and a transfer of a maintenance position to the Airport. The contractual increase of 41.4% (\$583,573) includes \$82,000 for property and liability rates, \$25,000 for fleet rates and \$36,000 for electric utilities. In addition, \$450,000 is budgeted in Transportation Maintenance for streetlight billings, which were previously accounted for in Planning and Zoning. The commodity increases of 6.9% (\$121,526) include \$93,000 for increased costs for the same level of asphalt maintenance.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,762,351 1,414,379 1,745,833 22,246	1,970,409 1,410,496 1,764,506 10,500	1,896,088 1,409,682 1,776,241 10,500	2,040,211 1,994,069 1,886,032 2,500
Total	4,944,809	5,155,911	5,092,511	5,922,812
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund	4,944,809	5,155,911	5,092,511	5,922,812
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	52	55	55	56
Full-time Equivalents	52	55	55	. 56

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 funding will allow Transportation Maintenance to maintain their current and/or standard service levels for street sweeping, signal maintenance, road striping, medians and alley restoration. Decreases in service levels are anticipated due to increased inventories and the same funding level for the following services; signage, wash and unimproved road maintenance. The 1991-92 CIP funding will allow a 30% increase over 1990-91 in the square yard years applied in an effort to move the program to its prior service level.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Annual service to signal control cabinets			
(3 times)	3 times	3 times	3 times
Stripe entire roadway system annually			
(1.25 times)	1.19 times	1.25 times	1.25 times

### Transportation Maintenance

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures (continued)			
Life added to total asphalt inventory measured in		٥	
square yard years:	40 500 000		44.000.000
Goal based on a 10 year plan	13,500,000		
Output	5,900,000		
% of alleys restored annually (25%)	25%	25%	25%
Frequency to sweep streets:	Onno nor 2 wire	Onno nor O who	Once has 0 who
Curbed residential	Once per 3 wks		Once per 3 wks
Central business area	1-2 times wkly	1-2 times wkly	
Major arterials and intersections	Once weekly	Once weekly	Once weekly
Minimum annual frequency to perform			
maintenance:	.6	.7	.6
Washes (.7 times)	N/A	12	.0 12
Bike paths (12 times) Medians landscape (11 times)	8.5	8.0	11.0
Right-of-way (11 times)	4.6	5.9	5.9
Workload Measures			
Average number of lane miles	2,590	2,650	2,690
Streetlights to maintain (assumes City's purchase of streetlights from APS in			
1990-91 and SRP in 1991-92)	465	3,100	4,198
Traffic signal poles to maintain	1,013	1,029	1,047
Traffic signs to maintain	49,343	52,004	56,387
Curbed miles to sweep	2,018	2,048	2,083
Acres of landscape medians to maintain	131	140	141
Acres of right-of-way to maintain	269	269	269
Other Measures			
Curbed miles swept daily per employee	45	4 4	45

### Traffic Engineering

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

 $\Box$ 

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.0% (\$26,426) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.6% (\$16,529) include \$7,192 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual increase is 10.5% (\$8,547).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	308,616 87,562 3,290 12,847	359,617 81,590 2,148	361,931 89,913 2,180 498	376,146 90,137 1,998 1,500
Total	412,315	443,355	454,522	469,781
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund	412,315	443,355	454,522	469,781
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	. 8	8	8	8
Full-time Equivalents	8	8	8	8

**SEFIVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Traffic Engineering to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Frequency to evaluate traffic control: Minor streets (semi-annually) Major streets (Quarterly) Prepare traffic volume maps and accidents rate tables (bi-annually: even numbered years)	Not measured Not measured	Annually Annually Yes	Semi-annually Quarterly No
Workload Measures			
# of signalized intersections # of signalized intersections or the intertie system	154 137	162 144	170 156

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.4% (\$34,146) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel decreases of 7.3% (\$33,847) includes transfers to improvement districts, \$9,232 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	269,618 119,088 10,940 58,552	461,579 65,949 2,500	345,342 110,408 4,500 48,430	427,732 66,000 2,150
Total	458,198	530,028	508,680	495,882
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund	458,198	530,028	508,680	495,882
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	10	10	10	10
Full-time Equivalents	10	1 0	1 0	10

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Transportation Planning to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Number of improvement districts Number of corridor studies	1 0 2	9 5	1 1 6
Other Measures			
Master plan reviews performed: Drainage Transportation	1 0 1 4	1.2 1.2	1 2 1 2

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 22.0% (\$115,431) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 45.4% (\$83,566) include a transfer of a position from the Transportation Maintenance division, a new Airport Maintenance position, changing a part-time position to full-time, and \$3,684 for compensation changes for 1991-92. The contractual increase of 32.7% (\$73,497) includes \$49,000 for fleet rates and \$17,000 for other professional services. Capital expenditures include \$53,000 for the City's share of scheduled federal funding for maintenance of the Airport's taxiway and runway paving.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	131,889 236,820 20,589 3,168	184,216 224,758 10,015 105,060	187,216 229,209 22,392 106,402	267,782 298,255 20,665 52,778
Total	392,466	524,049	545,219	639,480
FUNDING SOURCES Airport Fund	392,466	524,049	545,219	639,480
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	3	3 4	3 4	6 3
Full-time Equivalents	3	5.4	5.4	7.5

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Airport to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Maximum # of hours to respond to noise complaints Control of ground traffic in aircraft operations	30	12	1 2
area (100%)	33%	100%	100%
Inspection frequency - hazardous material storage areas (Quarterly)	Annually	Quarterly	Quarterly
Workload Measures			
Acres to maintain Noise complaints to respond to	282 1,047	282 1,000	282 1,100

### **Airport**

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Other Measures			
# of commercial accounts (includes fixed base operators, tiedowns, commercial aviation			
permits and airpark aircraft fee accounts)	350	350	350
Aircraft landings and takeoffs	247,000	285,000	325,000
# of emplanements per year	8,586	10,800	12,000

**Transit** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is .2% (\$2,155) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 6.4% (\$10,803) include \$3,362 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and additional hours for the part-time bicycle coordinator. The contractual decrease of 1.6% (\$12,958) includes \$35,000 less for the Downtown Trolley which was intended to be funded by the Tourism Promotion Trust Fund in 1990-91.

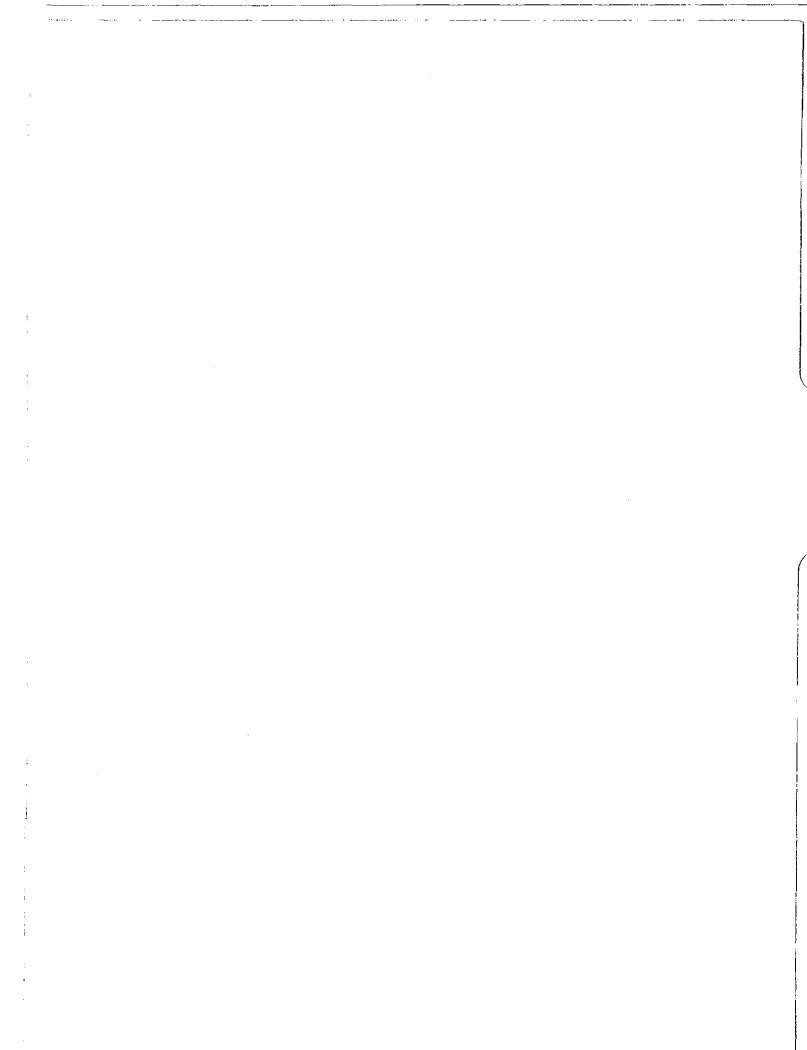
EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	134,030 647,803 5,762 17,756	168,148 789,011 1,268	164,000 755,881 3,921 6,898	178,951 776,053 1,268
Total	805,351	958,427	930,700	956,272
FUNDING SOURCES HURF Fund	805,351	958,427	930,700	956,272
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2	3 1	3 1	3 1
Full-time Equivalents	2.8	3.5	3.5	3.7

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Transit to maintain current service levels, with the exception of the Downtown Trolley service.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures			
Annual miles of bus service: Inter-City Intra-City Bus service days Dial-A-Ride service hours:	393,000	406,000	406,000
	150,000	150,000	150,000
	306	306	306
(7:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m.) Trolley days of service	M-F	M-F	M - F
	153	177	1 7 7

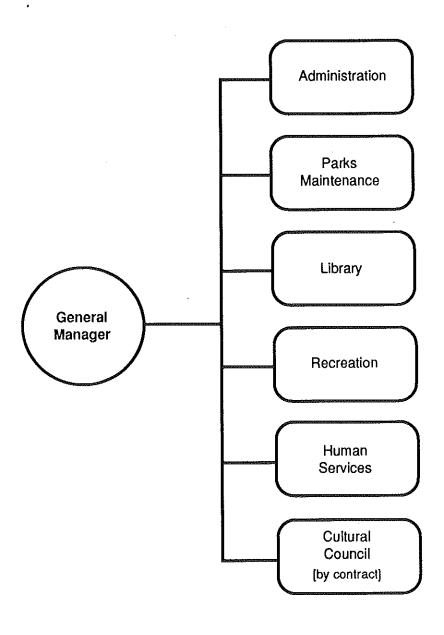
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ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
93,164 614,057 13,277 33,133	107,139 675,501 31,377 37,586	117,853 743,051 35,000 42,473
753,631	851,603	938,377
20%	24%	26%
	93,164 614,057 13,277 33,133 753,631	1989-90 1990-91  93,164 107,139 614,057 675,501 13,277 31,377 33,133 37,586  753,631 851,603



### **COMMUNITY SERVICES DEPARTMENT**

Mission: To improve and preserve Scottsdale's quality of life through the development and maintenance of imaginative and creative facilities, programs, and services by focusing on the needs and wants of our citizens, and to conduct a wide variety of Recreation, Parks, Human Services, Library program and contract activities which are cost effective and responsive to citizen input.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures	\$12,587,554	\$13,600,899	\$13,907,463	\$14,220,597
% of City's Operating Total	13.8%	13.0%	13.3%	13.2%

### COMMUNITY SERVICES Department Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 4.6% (\$619,698) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel reflects an increase of 5.1% (\$402,368). Increases include three full-time and one part-time position for half a year due to the opening of the multi-use stadium, two additional pump services workers and two maintenance workers in Parks, and a transfer from contractual to personnel in Administration. Fourteen part-time positions in Recreation were reclassified as full-time positions to better reflect actual hours worked. Contractual accounts increased 6.5% (\$276,747). This includes the IMAX Theater agreement, and expenses for the Frank Lloyd Wright exhibit in Administration, an increased commitment to Human Services, less the aforementioned transfer from contractual to personnel in Administration and reduced expenses in Recreation for one time maintenance costs. Commodities decreased 2.2% (\$29,323) and capital decreased 41.6% (\$30,094) due primarily to one time buys in 1990-91.

		÷		
EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	7,378,592 3,837,306 1,254,804 116,852	7,936,583 4,244,243 1,347,673 72,400	7,883,127 4,470,178 1,411,036 143,122	8,338,951 4,520,990 1,318,350 42,306
Total	12,587,554	13,600,899	13,907,463	14,220,597
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	12,587,554	13,600,899	13,907,463	14,220,597
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	155 249	157 259	157 259	178 246
Full-time Equivalents	283.2	287.6	287.6	295.6

### COMMUNITY SERVICES Department Summary

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Accommodating service demands of citizens. The continued increase in participation in Community Services programs and use of City park facilities have required increasing City resources to safely accommodate our citizens. Fees for services allow the City to meet some of the increased demand while the cost of providing safe and well-maintained facilities continues to increase. Many facilities are over 20 years old and regular renovation and replacement are necessary. With thousands of people utilizing our facilities and participating in programs each week, we need to continue to maintain a high level of maintenance, supervision, and customer service.

#### **PARKS**

Multi-use stadium will open February 1992. The stadium will be a totally different facility than that which we know today, and will be used all year round. Because of its bermed seating, the new facility will be desirable as a general park as well as for programmed uses which could generate revenue. The operational plan for the stadium calls for a projected 120 uses per year and a coordinator and maintenance support to manage the multiple uses of this facility on a year-round basis.

City pools require increased service due to age. A realignment of duties places responsibility of full maintenance of City swimming pools under the Parks Division. This program is extremely important as it has the potential of affecting public health and safety. The present maintenance system is reactionary. Two additional pump services workers will address the increased maintenance required on aging pools, pumps, and fountains.

Backlogs result as out-of-class work requirements increase. A utility crew is critical to perform the daily functions to support Community Service programs. At the present time, Parks Trades Workers are pulled from the jobs to perform hauling and set up functions. Two additional maintenance workers will support program set up and, along with the trades crew, address the necessary renovation of facilities.

#### LIBRARY

**User friendly searching.** Many more terms and help features to enhance searching for subjects are being incorporated into the on-line catalog. The introduction of Keyword searching, made possible by extra effort in cataloging, will render even more success for the patron.

Continued increase in use of children's library services. Children's storytime programs continue to be popular. Access to services has been increased and reading has been further promoted through a variety of cooperative and popular programs with the Scottsdale schools (i.e., Battle of the Books competition; Book Buddies).

## COMMUNITY SERVICES Department Summary

#### RECREATION

Problem reduction through Recreation Services for children. Opportunities for positive use of free time are an important part of assisting children into becoming responsible adults, especially in a time when the numbers of dysfunctional families are increasing. Developing self-esteem through sports, art, service projects, and positive role models will help children resist the abuse of drugs, alcohol, and the development of other anti-social behaviors. Continued cooperation between schools, private youth service organizations, and the City will be necessary to address the potential problems of Scottsdale's children.

#### **HUMAN SERVICES**

Continued financial problems for service providers. With an increasing number of social service agencies going to the private and public sector for funding there are less dollars available to individual agencies. More demands are being made for services without the resources to make the services available. The City has evaluated its needs and has developed a plan for purchasing the required services from established providers.

Reducing future problems through proactive action. Substance abuse, suicide, runaways, youth crime, and school dropouts among young people are a concern all over the country. By supporting/developing services which intervene in or prevent these types of negative behaviors, we can reduce the incidence and severity of these problems among our youth.

## COMMUNITY SERVICES Department Summary

### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

Administration. The division provides leadership, coordination, and administrative support necessary for effective delivery of leisure, educational, social, and recreational services, in addition to the development and maintenance of those facilities for Scottsdale citizens.

Parks Maintenance. The Administration section is responsible for the general management of the Division, and coordination of park acquisition and development. South, Central, and North Parks sections are responsible for the daily maintenance to assure that all parks are in safe and usable conditions. Parks Support is responsible for maintaining swimming pools, fountains and pumps, as well as repairing and remodeling existing park facilities, including the multi-use stadium (opens 2/92). The Trails section maintains equestrian trails and coordinates the trails plan including acquisitions and easements.

Library. A full range of public library services are provided to the citizens of Scottsdale by the Civic Center and Mustang libraries. Through a reciprocal borrowing agreement, services are also available to registered borrowers of other Maricopa County library systems. Services include maintaining an efficient circulation of materials and providing diverse and balanced books, periodicals, and materials collection in two libraries, answer all reference/information questions in a timely manner from both public and city staff, children's and adult education programs; and lifelong learning and community involvement opportunities.

**Recreation.** This division plans, coordinates, and supervises recreational programs. Major programs include: Aquatics, Sports, Neighborhood Parks, Special Interest Classes, and Community Center programs. The Recreation Division strives to make quality leisure services available to all segments of our population while promoting community wellness through positive use of leisure activities.

Human Services. Social services are provided through a combination of direct service, contracted service, and use of the Brokerage Concept to provide needed human services to Scottsdale citizens at minimal cost to the taxpayers. To ensure that the needs of the community are being met, program assessment, resource commitment and citizen needs are continually analyzed. The City provides private, non-profit agencies with office space at central locations where services are delivered. City staff provide assessment and referral, while coordinating the delivery of services and resources utilizing City, grant and community-based funds.

Cultural Council. This is a non-profit organization separate from the City, but contracted by the City to provide all cultural activities. The Cultural Council manages the Center for the Arts and is given a monthly allocation by the City which is supplemented by ticket revenues, memberships, and corporate development activities.

# **COMMUNITY SERVICES Department Summary**

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Administration Parks Maintenance Library Recreation Human Services Cultural Council	213,454	352,621	356,093	579,405
	2,886,611	3,032,093	3,114,936	3,310,028
	3,434,588	3,585,117	3,660,129	3,667,568
	3,606,501	3,990,306	4,012,109	3,901,288
	759,940	848,438	877,385	969,984
	1,686,460	1,792,324	1,886,811	1,792,324
Total	12,587,554	13,600,899	13,907,463	14,220,597

## COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

### Administration

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 64.3% (\$226,784) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increased by 76.4% (\$139,828), due primarily to an accounting transfer of \$135,100 from contractual to personnel. These funds cover salaries for major community events which require City assistance. The contractual increase of 52.6% (\$85,956) reflects the establishment of an account for \$170,000 based on monies generated per the IMAX Theater agreement to enhance Downtown Cultural Improvements, and \$56,000 to cover a portion of the repair expenses for the Frank Lloyd Wright exhibit, less the aforementioned transfer for \$135,000.

EXPENDITURE CATIEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	175,405 28,329 4,411 5,309	182,927 163,344 6,350	182,927 158,906 6,055 8,205	322,755 249,300 7,350
Total	213,454	352,621	356,093	579,405
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	213,454	352,621	356,093	579,405
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	3	3	3	3
Full-time Equivalents	3	3	3	3

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
# of events provided with services: (Event Subsidy policy was established in 1990-91)		15	15
Workload Measures			
# of Council Actions written # of Board and Commission meetings attended Hours spent administering contracts Hours spent with event facilitation # of facility tours	40 35 400 200 8	50 35 500 300 10	55 35 550 300 25

## COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

### Parks Maintenance

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 9.2% (\$277,935) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The 11.3% (\$210,227) increase in personnel is partially due to one-half year costs related to the opening of the multi-use stadium; a coordinator, two maintenance workers, and a part-time clerical worker. It also includes the addition of two pump services workers and two maintenance workers to deal with the increased time required to maintain City facilities and compensation changes for the division. Contractual increased by 11.9% (\$91,347) to accurately reflect required mowings and increases due to the stadium. Commodities decrease of 2.0% (\$7,239) is due to one time 1990-91 projects budgeted netted against increases due to the new stadium. Capital decreases of 54.7% (\$16,400) include a transfer of \$15,000 to Recreation for court resurfacing and one time purchases of ballfield net replacements.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,759,105 768,684 273,637 85,185	1,866,946 770,722 364,425 30,000	1,866,946 778,991 379,234 89,765	2,077,173 862,069 357,186 13,600
Total	2,886,611	3,032,093	3,114,936	3,310,028
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	2,886,611	3,032,093	3,114,936	3,310,028
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	5 2 5	53 5	53 5	60 6
Full-time Equivalents	54.5	55.5	55.5	63.0

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The new multi-use aspect of Scottsdale Stadium will allow for increased and many varied uses by citizens and visitors.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Frequency to mow turf (minimum of 38 times/year) Frequency to over seed and mow professional	38	38	38
athletic fields (52 times/year)	52	52	52
Frequency to empty litter containers and clean park areas (5 times/week)	260	260	260

# COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

### Parks Maintenance

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures (Continued)			
# of herbicide and insecticide applications (minimum of 5 times/year)	5	5	5
Frequency to clean and maintain equestrian trails (semi-annually)	1	4	4
# of safety checks performed over all playgrounds (3 times/week)	156	156	156
Frequency to replant annual planter beds (semi-annually) Frequency to fertilize trees (annually)	2 1	2 1	2 1
Workload Measures			
# of parks to maintain # of pools to maintain # of fountains to maintain	28 3 11	28 3 12	28 3 16
Other Measures			
% of registered voters satisfied with Parks and Recreation services	96%	95%	95%

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.3% (\$82,451) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 3.4% (\$85,105) due primarily to compensation changes make up the majority of the increase. Contractual reflects a decrease of 1.9% (\$8,851) consisting mainly of decrease in liability rates for the division (\$14,591) and increases in periodical costs (\$4,597) and maintenance contracts (\$3,490). Capital increased 27.3% (\$5,040) to continue the implementation of the planned 5-year replacement schedule for ATLAS public access terminals.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel	2,363,121	2,484,354	2,484,354	2,569,459
Contractual Commodities	465,813 599,323	462,404 619,909	503,110 656,215	453,553 621,066
Capital Outlay	6,331	18,450	16,450	23,490
Total	3,434,588	3,585,117	3,660,129	3,667,568
FUNDING SOURCES				
General Fund	3,434,588	3,585,117	3,660,129	3,667,568
POSITIONS				
Full-time	62	62	62	62
Part-time	35	38	38	38
Full-time Equivalents	85.3	87.3	87.3	87.3
-				
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. patrons.	Enhanced on-lii	ne searching feat	ures will be avail	able to library
	Enhanced on-lin	ACTUAL 1989-90	ures will be avail  ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
patrons.  PERFORMANCE	Enhanced on-lii	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Books per capita	Enhanced on-lii	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS Service Measures	Enhanced on-lii	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Books per capita Hours open to public:	Enhanced on-lin	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Books per capita Hours open to public: Civic Center	Enhanced on-lii	ACTUAL 1989-90 2.8 64	ESTIMATED 1990-91 2.9 64	ADOPTED 1991-92 2.9
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Books per capita Hours open to public: Civic Center Mustang	Enhanced on-lin	ACTUAL 1989-90 2.8 64	ESTIMATED 1990-91 2.9 64 60	ADOPTED 1991-92 2.9 64 60
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  Service Measures  Books per capita Hours open to public: Civic Center Mustang  Workload Measures	Enhanced on-lin	ACTUAL 1989-90 2.8 64 60	ESTIMATED 1990-91 2.9 64 60	ADOPTED 1991-92 2.9 64 60

COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary			Library
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Other Measures			
% of registered voters satisfied with library services (In 1990-91, 16% had no opinion)	81%	83%	83%

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 adopted budget is 2.2% (\$89,018) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel had a decrease of 1.9% (\$53,715) due to less part-time hours and changes in compensation. Fourteen part-time positions were reclassified as full-time positions to better reflect actual hours worked. Contractual increases of .9% (\$7,349) include a transfer from Parks for court resurfacing and an increase to the carousel contract offset by one time maintenance expenses for McCormick Railroad Park. Commodities and capital decreased by 7.0% (\$23,918) and 78.2% (\$18,734) respectively, due to one time buys in 1990-91.

EXPENDITURE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
CATEGORY	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	2,518,415	2,782,963	2,734,507	2,729,248
	705,745	843,779	895,711	851,128
	362,314	339,614	353,189	315,696
	20,027	23,950	28,702	5,216
Total	3,606,501	3,990,306	4,012,109	3,901,288
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	3,606,501	3,990,306	4,012,109	3,901,288
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	25	26	26	40
	201	206	206	192
Full-time Equivalents	123.1	123.7	123.7	124.2

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. Due to a decrease in demand, adult sports tournaments other than league tournaments will not be offered. Two additional tennis courts will be constructed at Scottsdale Ranch Park.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92	
Service Measures				
Adult and Youth Sports, Leagues, and Tournaments:				
# of adult teams	846	978	854	
# of youth teams	119	122	129	
Special Interest Program:				
# of classes offered	627	748	748	
Aquatics, 3 pools:				
# of public swim hours	2,100	2,100	2,100	
# of lap swim hours	4,100	4,100	4,100	

# COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

Recreation

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures (Continued)			
Community Center facilities, 4:			
# of hours of operation Scottsdale Ranch, Indian School parks:	16,328	16,328	16,328
# of tennis lesson classes and leagues McCcrmick and Cactus parks, Club SAR:	631	936	939
# of hours of operation Neighborhood parks, summer activities:	10,591	9,967	9,967
# of hours supervised programming (after school, No. 1 Clubs, fun factories)	4,098	4,683	4,683
Workload Measures			
Special Interest program:			
# of class registrants Comrnunity Center facilities, 4:	5,034	5,880	5,880
# of citizen users	1,208,015	1,233,400	1,338,966
Total recreation programs: # of citizen users	2,852,565	2,938,142	3,026,286
Other Measures			
% of registered voters satisfied with Parks			
and Recreation services	96%	95%	95%

### **COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary**

**Human Services** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 14.3% (\$121,546) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 3.4% (\$20,923) is due primarily to compensation changes. The contractual increase of 47.7% (\$100,946) reflects a total commitment to the Scottsdale Prevention Institute of \$80,995 and grants and subsidies to various human service agencies of \$119,600.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	562,546 182,275 15,119	619,393 211,670 17,375	614,393 246,649 16,343	640,316 312,616 17,052
Total	759,940	848,438	877,385	969,984
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	759,940	848,438	877,385	969,984
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	13 · 8	13 10	13 10	13 10
Full-time Equivalents	17.3	18.1	18.1	18.1

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The purchase of additional services as proposed in the Human Services plan are included in this budget.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	
INDICATORS	1989-90	1991-92	
Service Measures			
Senior Center: # of hours of operation # of social service agencies available Youth and Family Services: employment program match rate (some appliances "matched" with	4,498	4,498	4,498
	21	21	21
(some applicants "matched" with more than one job) # of workshops and classes offered	148%	130%	140%
	77	76	80

# COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

**Human Services** 

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures (Continued)			
Vista Social Services:			
# of hours food bank operation	2,080	2,080	2,080
# of hours clothing bank operation	260	260	260
# of families "adopted"	682	700	837
Workload Measures			
Youth and Family Services:			
# of juvenile diversion program applicants	425	480	480
# of youth employment program applicants	586	600	600
Vista Social Services:			
# of social service applicants	2,390	2,500	2,800
Total Human Services Programs:			
# of citizen users	210,158	216,463	222,957
Other Measures			
% of registered voters satisfied with Social			
Services (in 1990-91, 57% had no opinion)	Not asked	38%	40%

# COMMUNITY SERVICES Division Summary

**Cultural Council** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is the same as the 1990-91 adopted budget.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,686,460	1,792,324	1,886,811	1,792,324
Total	1,686,460	1,792,324	1,886,811	1,792,324
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,686,460	1,792,324	1,886,811	1,792,324

#### **POSITIONS**

Full-time

Part-time

Full-time Equivalents

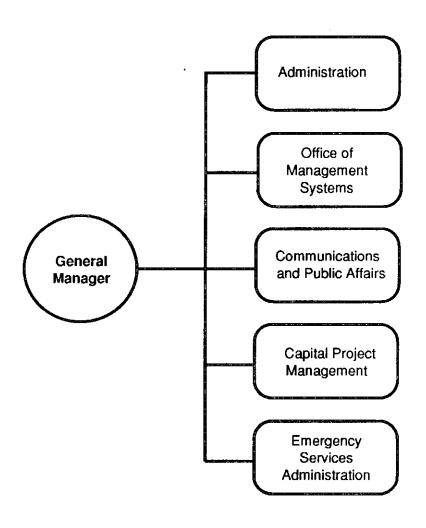
**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The service measures below indicate a changing mix of programs each year.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL ESTIMATED 1989-90 1990-91		ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Performing arts:			
# of programs	268	164	192
attendance	218,092	145,000	145,000
Visual arts:			
# of exhibits	22	12	18
attendance	67,358	90,000	50,000
Education:			
# of programs	57	100	50
attendance	20,367	25,000	29,000
Arts festival:			
# of artist booths	90	116	116
# of food booths	30	30	30
attendance	75,000	77,500	79,000

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### MANAGEMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Mission: To manage the City's capital improvement program, office automation systems, internal and external communications including video productions, and the contracts with Rural Metro, three private ambulance companies and the Maricopa County Department of Civil Defense.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures	\$4,141,278	\$4,363,640	\$4,340,689	\$4,497,826
% of City's Operating Total	4.6%	4.2%	4.1%	4.2%

### MANAGEMENT SERVICES Department Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.1% (\$134,186) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 3.9% (\$112,376) reflects two additional full-time positions in the Office of Management Systems to perform in-house PC maintenance, the transfer of one position from Administration to General Government, and compensation changes. The part-time positions reflect one less position in the Office of Management Systems and one additional position in Communications and Public Affairs. Contractual accounts decreased 3.3% (\$42,618). The decrease includes the elimination of a maintenance contract in the Office of Management Systems offset by increases in other maintenance contracts and increases in Communications and Public Affairs accounts. Commodities increase of 51.8% (\$70,473) includes increases in automation related costs for supplies and software. Capital has a decrease of 10.8% (\$6,045) due to one time purchases for Emergency Services Administration and Communications and Public Affairs in 1990-91.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	2,605,616 1,251,663 152,238 131,761	2,887,842 1,283,784 136,070 55,944	2,777,255 1,304,501 170,749 88,184	3,000,218 1,241,166 206,543 49,899
Total	4,141,278	4,363,640	4,340,689	4,497,826
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	4,141,278	4,363,640	4,340,689	4,497,826
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	75	8 0 3	7 <sup>.</sup> 9 2	81 3
Full-time Equivalents	71	81.4	79.9	82.4

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Department Summary

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Addressing technology needs of the organization. Implementation of the new 5-year management plan for computer technology is a high priority. This plan outlines a strategy to move from "mainframe" computing power to a distributed computing environment, using smaller, more powerful, and less expensive personal computers which can all "talk" to one another.

**Microwave technology.** Construction of a microwave communications system will take place to carry voice and data transmission between the Civic Center and the Corporation Yard facilities. This system is intended to eliminate the cost of leased phone lines while adding transmission capacity for future telecommunication needs.

#### COMMUNICATIONS AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Broadening citizen communications. We will be looking at all citizen communications vehicles for purpose and effectiveness. When possible, we will be creating new communications programs or updating current ones to reflect the information needs of today's citizens.

Tracking trends to anticipate the future and act accordingly. We will be developing a system to monitor today's trends. We are most interested in how the events of today will affect our City's immediate and long-term future. We will use these trends to anticipate change, manage issues and prepare Scottsdale for the 21st century.

Continuing citizen communications on bond-funded projects. In November 1989, Scottsdale citizens approved the largest bond package in the City's history. To maintain the level of citizen communication that was established at that time, the City has developed an extensive communications program entitled "Bond '89. . . Our Future in Progress." This effort will continue as the projects approved in that election are constructed and completed.

Increasing awareness for TV-35 Scottsdale Municipal Television. TV-35 currently produces approximately 360 hours of original programming annually, including documentaries, interviews, video news magazines and the coverage of community events. We will continue to look for ways to promote TV-35 programming -- both as an organizational communications tool, as well as a source of information for citizens.

Developing an international focus. We are developing an International Relations Strategy to capitalize on emerging opportunities abroad relating to tourism, trade, and investment. This effort includes evaluating the City's current Sister Cities program and its role in defining Scottsdale as a City with an international perspective.

Film/Entertainment. Working with the Scottsdale Chamber of Commerce we will be working to establish Scottsdale as a major film and entertainment destination. In addition to processing film permits we will assume more of a promotional role in attracting these industries to Scottsdale.

### MANAGEMENT SERVICES Department Summary

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS MANAGEMENT

implementation of the 5-year CIP program. One hundred one projects will be actively managed during fiscal year 1991-92. Key projects we will be completing this year include: the Multi-Use Sports and Cultural Facility; Lincoln Drive Storm Drain, and Hayden Road widening -- Via de Ventura to Shea Boulevard.

We will be starting construction on the following major projects: the East Couplet Phase II, Scottsdale Road -- Stetson to Camelback, the West Couplet -- Indian School to Camelback, McDowell Road -- Scottsdale to Miller, and the Police/Fire Training Facility.

#### **EMERGENCY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION**

Service Accountability. The Emergency Services Office is charged with the administration of the Fire, Emergency Medical Services, and Civil Defense systems within the City. Our key focus for this year will be to complete implementation of performance based accountability for all emergency services.

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Department Summary

#### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

**Administration.** Responsible for the management and coordination of various divisions within the department and for providing the leadership and direction to effectively implement key City Council goals and policies.

Office of Management Systems. This division consists of five sections: Administration, Communication Services, Computer Operations, Applications Development, and Systems Support. The division provides service and support to our City staff for computer information and telephone needs, thus promoting quality service to the community.

Communications and Public Affairs. The objective of this program is to maintain open lines of communication among City officials, staff, and the community; promoting awareness and understanding of City services, policies, and projects. The division produces programming for TV-35, Scottsdale municipal television, and is also responsible for monitoring the City's cable television contract.

Capital Project Management. Responsible for the coordinated development and implementation of the City's Capital Improvement Program and City-funded construction projects.

**Emergency Services Administration.** Ensures compliance of contracts with the City for fire, emergency medical services, and civil defense.

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Administration Office of Management Systems Communications & Public Affairs Capital Project Management Emergency Services Administration	144,116	200,565	151,357	134,755
	3,003,978	2,972,898	3,032,393	3,130,521
	443,962	528,151	522,685	561,748
	534,181	540,715	525,888	575,430
	1 15,041	121,311	108,366	95,372
Total	4,141,278	4,363,640	4,340,689	4,497,826

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary

### Administration

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 32.8% (\$65,810) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel decreases of 37.3% (\$66,463) account for the majority of the change and include the transfer of the Chief Environmental Officer position to the Office of Environmental Affairs in General Government.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	124,283 19,122 711	178,302 21,063 1,200	129,094 20,688 1,575	111,839 21,370 1,600
Total	144,116	200,565	151,357	134,755
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	144,116	200,565	151,357	134,755
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2	3	2	2
Full-time Equivalent	2 .	3	2	2

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of individual department employee meetings # of TPC, City Council, subcommittee meetings # of Hospitality Commission meetings # of Higher Education Task Force meetings # of performance reviews evaluated and approved # of meetings with TPC management # of Capital Improvement Project field tours	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	28 8 6 4 45 8	46 12 9 6 83 12 10

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary

### Office of Management Systems

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 5.3% (\$157,623) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 7.3% (\$132,244) is due to the addition of two full-time positions (\$62,000) to take over PC maintenance currently covered by an outside contract, compensation changes, and a \$9,000 decrease due to one less part-time position. Contractual decreases of 5.2% (\$51,898) are due to the elimination of the contract discussed above (\$144,000), netted against increases in other maintenance contract costs and training tied to the automation plan. The commodities increase of 71.8% (\$74,902) includes additional materials required to produce various reports for City departments (\$33,000), additions due to in-house maintenance (\$22,000), and enhanced and updated software costs.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1 9 9 0 - 9 1	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,724,024 1,023,185 126,014 130,755	1,823,920 997,142 104,312 47,524	1,793,697 1,024,817 132,016 81,863	1,956,164 945,244 179,214 49,899
Total	3,003,978	2,972,898	3,032,393	3,130,521
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	3,003,978	2,972,898	3,032,393	3,130,521
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4 0	4 1 2	4 1 1	43 1
Full-time Equivalent	4 0	41.9	41.4	43.4

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. By performing in-house maintenance on PC printers and terminals it is anticipated that preventive maintenance and turnaround times will be improved while costs are decreased.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of computer availability ("Uptime" = 95%)	98%	98%	98%
Workload Measures			
Requests for service (telephone and computers) Major computer applications to maintain	2,353 20	2,784 20	3,202 22
Other Measures			
PC software products supported	52	60	70

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary

### Communications & Public Affairs

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 6.4% (\$33,597) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 3.4% (\$11,843) reflects the addition of one part-time position, position reclassifications and compensation changes. Contractual increases of 22.2% (\$32,598) include upgraded and additional public information reports and support for the International Strategy. Decreases in both commodities and capital reflect one time purchases of video equipment and supplies made in 1990-91.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	304,045 117,148 21,763 1,006	353,085 147,118 23,948 4,000	345,085 147,586 26,014 4,000	364,928 179,716 17,104
Total	443,962	528,151	522,685	561,748
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	443,962	528,151	522,685	561,748
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	8	9	9	9
Full-time Equivalents	8	9	9	9.5

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** A proactive approach to Speaker's Bureau Program will be taken. There will be an increased emphasis on press articles and film promotion.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
City Hall Information Center Desk hours:			
(8 a.m 5 p.m.)	M-F	M-F	M-F
Maximum time to respond to complaints about cable franchise (48 hours)	48 hours	48 hours	48 hours
Average time to respond to media calls (1 hour)	1 hour	1 hour	1 hour
# of TV-35 new programming hours produced	312	360	360
Workload Measures			
Citizen inquiries at Information Desk (telephone and walk-in)	30,980	37,000	42,000

MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary	Communicatio	ns & Publi	c Affairs
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures (continued)			
Speaker Bureau requests	27	32	6 4
Other Measures			
# of press articles generated	279	360	400

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary

### Capital Project Management

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1990-91 total adopted budget is 6.4% (\$34,715) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 8.8% (\$40,981) make up the majority of the increase and include changes in compensation and amounts charged to capital improvement projects.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1 9 9 0 - 9 1	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	453,264 77,167 3,750	463,197 71,408 6,110	445,120 74,398 6,370	504,178 65,142 6,110
Total	534,181	540,715	525,888	575,430
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	534,181	540,715	525,888	575,430
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	21	26	26	26
Full-time Equivalents	21	2 6	26	26

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The increased project activity will be met with a full staff and will allow service levels to be maintained.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of CIP projects completed within 60 days of schedule (95%)	100%	95%	95%
Workload Measures			
# of active projects: 1989-90 program 1990-91 program 1991-92 program	57 0 <u>0</u>	54 36 <u>0</u>	4 6 3 5 20
Total active projects	5 7	90	101

## MANAGEMENT SERVICES Division Summary

**Emergency Services Administration** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 21.4% (\$25,939) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. There was a personnel decrease of 9.0% (\$6,229) as salary averages were used to estimate 1990-91 expenses prior to start-up. Net contractual expenses decreased by 36.8% (\$17,305) due to the elimination of a one time expense of \$25,000 offset slightly by increases in telephone and fleet costs. Capital expenditures of \$4,420, representing division start-up costs, decreased by 100%.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	15,041	69,338 47,053 500 4,420	64,259 37,012 4,774 2,321	63,109 29,748 2,515
Total	15,041	121,311	108,366	95,372
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	15,041	121,311	108,366	95,372
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time		1 1	1 1	1 1
Full-time Equivalents		1.5	1.5	1.5

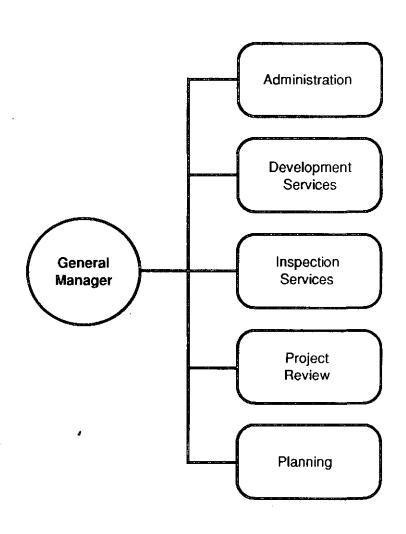
SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Emergency Services Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of major fire incidents and major medical incidents tracked (100%) % of citizen inquiries responded to within 24 hours	N/A N/A	100% 100%	100% 100%
Workload Measures			
# major fire incidents per year # major medical incidents per year # of citizen inquires per year	N/A N/A N/A	5 0 2 4 2 4	5 0 2 4 2 4
Other Measures			
# of contracts administered	N/A	6	6

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### PLANNING AND ZONING DEPARTMENT

**Mission:** To build a better Scottsdale by helping the community focus on the future and to realize its vision.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures % of City's Operating Total	\$8,655,113	\$8,986,181	\$9,670,420	\$7,651,953
	9.5%	8.6%	9.2%	7.1%

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 14.8% (\$1,334,228) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 5.6% (\$234,263), include \$78,376 for compensation changes for 1991-92, a new Neighborhood Planner position, two part-time positions and position reclassifications. The contractual decrease of 32.6% (\$1,528,816) includes \$715,675 which was transferred from Hospitality Development Contract funds to debt service (for MPC bonds used for Canal Bank Improvements), \$532,000 for streetlight billings that are now accounted for in the Transportation Department and \$114,000 relating to the Chief Environmental Officer that are now accounted for in the General Government Department. A decrease of \$120,000 was due to fewer contract inspectors being required in 1991-92. Also, there was \$50,000 in start-up costs in 1990-91 that were related to community visioning. In addition, 1990-91 included \$71,000 in professional services not required in 1991-92. There was also a biannual expenditure for \$35,000 for aerial photos in 1990-91. Capital expenditures decreased 69.3% (\$37,070).

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	3,712,660 4,796,706 82,063 63,684	4,155,402 4,691,630 85,654 53,495	3,983,004 5,543,830 77,125 66,461	4,389,665 3,162,814 83,049 16,425
Total	8,655,113	8,986,181	9,670,420	7,651,953
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund HURF Fund	8,014,747 640,366	8,454,217 531,964	9,037,682 632,738	7,651,953 0
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	9 2 5	107 2	107 2	108
Full-time Equivalents	95.5	108.5	108.5	111.1

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DIVISION

Continuing automation of development process. In 1991-92 we will increase staff utilization of Mapper software to store and sort data from the development process. The implementation of PRIZES (Plan Review, Inspections, Zoning enforcement, Encroachment permit, Survey system) and continued enhancement of BIPS (Building Inspection Permit Scheduling) will further streamline retrieval and tracking of parcel history and project status for both citizens and staff.

Implementing a geographic information system (GIS). Implementation of the GIS bond project is scheduled for October 1992. This project will permit all City departments to begin the storage, analysis, retrieval, and sharing of geographic based information which will assist in developing police patrols, residential refuse collection routes, meter reading, revenue recovery, and planning. This project is consistent with the City-wide 5-year user master plan for technology.

#### INSPECTION SERVICES DIVISION

Adopting new codes. In 1991 we will be adopting the 1990 National Electrical Code, the 1991 Building Code, and the 1991 Mechanical and Plumbing Codes. Many new environmental and safety features are contained in these codes.

#### PROJECT REVIEW DIVISION

Zoning Ordinance rewrite. It is important to remain focused on maintaining up-to-date regulations, particularly the Zoning Ordinance, which is over 20 years old. Minor amendments have been written but have been unable to keep pace with changes in development concepts, new uses and terminology, and community values. Correction of the gaps and internal inconsistencies will benefit both the community and staff. The City is funding \$57,000 in 1991-92 to begin this multi-year effort, which is in the department work program and requires consultant support.

#### PLANNING DIVISION

**Involvement in the community visioning process.** This community driven process will require significant staff, consultant, and citizen resources over the next year. This process is crucial to the establishment of a community concensus which will guide our future development.

Neighborhood planning. The City has appointed a Neighborhood Enhancement Advisory Committee to review proposed programs and concepts developed by the Neighborhood Enhancement Program Coordinator to assure that they reflect neighborhood concerns. The City is funding a neighborhood coordinator position in 1991-92 to work with the community to identify needs and mobilize existing resources.

#### PLANNING DIVISION (continued)

Canal bank. Council adoption of the current canal bank master development plan process is a crucial first step towards a Scottsdale canal bank system that is not just a utility corridor but also a major community amenity. In 1991-92 we will need to determine the best combination of public and private financing to complete this project. In addition, staff will have to coordinate the approval of an intergovernmental agreement with Salt River Project and use of the aesthetics funds will need to be decided. The Hospitality Commission will need to approve Phase I expenditures and the working drawings will need to be completed.

Managing City assets. A major staff focus in the coming year will be to complete a management plan for the City's real estate assets. Asset Management staff has responsibility for the task of inventorying and managing the City's multi-million dollar property asset portfolio. The value of this portfolio to the City in the future will rely heavily on an aggressive program of utilization, sales, and management. Additional resources have been funded in 1991-92 to help meet staff's goals of efficient and responsible asset management and development.

Providing housing opportunities for our citizens. In October 1991 our contract for the administration of the Section 8 federally assisted housing program will terminate. We will need to decide whether to continue contracting for this service or to administer the \$750,000 program internally. Other potential grants from the State and HUD could reach up to \$250,000 per year for our housing needs. In order to align these grants and meet the demands for increased neighborhood services, additional staffing may be necessary.

Improving our economic base. We are aggressively working to diversify our economic base while continuing to develop Scottsdale as a major tourist destination. The economic recession and the lack of a paid state holiday for Martin Luther King, Jr. hold important implications for future revenues. Efforts underway include soliciting private investment to help implement a number of City-initiated tourism projects: the master development plan for the Arizona Canal through downtown Scottsdale; a downtown Entertainment District; a Visitor Center and exhibit at Taliesin; a Space Sciences Center and a Golf Learning Center. In addition, recruitment of high-profile retail establishments, the encouragement of International trade and investment, and the development of Motion Picture production facilities will be pursued in 1991-92.

Higher education. Working with the Higher Education Task Force, we will identify opportunities to establish a higher education presence in Scottsdale.

#### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

Administration. To ensure that land within the City's boundaries is planned and developed for the general welfare of the community.

**Development Services.** To provide accurate and timely guidance and direction as to the process, ordinance, application and fee requirements for developing land within the City of Scottsdale. Also, to maintain an accurate and to date historical construction record of the City for rezoning, use permits, variances, abandonments, easement releases, parcel descriptions, water, sewer and public right-of-way improvements.

**Inspection Services.** To provide for public safety and welfare by assuring that all construction meets codes and standards, including homes, building, new streets, water and sewer lines, parks, and other City facilities.

**Project Review.** To provide professional review of development projects, assuring orderly growth while protecting natural resources and the environment and manage cases through the public hearing processes. To assure that development proposals comply with all City ordinances, design standards, and public hearing stipulations. To provide accurate and efficient customer service regarding ordinance requirements for development within the City and to preserve quality of life within the existing neighborhoods by enforcement of the City's Zoning Ordinance.

Planning. To carefully plan the growth of the community and to manage City-owned real estate assets for the benefit of the City. To insure that downtown retains economic viability and continues to serve as the cultural focus and symbolic center of our community. Also, responsible for the City's economic development activities which include coordinating the City's convention/tourism promotion efforts and providing economic and demographic research materials. This division also administers the Chamber's Economic Development contract and the Hospitality Development contract.

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EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Administration Development Services Inspection Services Project Review Planning	195,732	190,427	193,363	205,522
	1,022,940	1,145,222	1,125,737	1,183,027
	1,285,115	1,522,661	1,473,696	1,465,226
	1,943,056	2,294,768	2,200,939	1,700,007
	4,208,270	3,833,103	4,676,685	3,098,171
Total	8,655,113	8,986,181	9,670,240	7,651,953

### Administration

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 7.9% (\$15,095) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 10.5% (\$16,579) account for the majority of the change and include \$3,173 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	136,589 30,232 4,365 24,546	158,656 28,171 3,600	155,320 30,271 4,674 3,098	175,235 27,887 2,400
Total	195,732	190,427	193,363	205,522
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	195,732	190,427	193,363	205,522
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2	. 3	3	3
Full-time Equivalents	2	3	3	3

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of requests responded to within 24 hours (95%) % of requests resolved within	Not measured	95%	95%
1 week(95%)	Not measured	95%	95%
Workload Measures			
Coordinate and staff meeting (year) Planning Commission Development Review Board Board of Adjustment	24 24 12	2 4 2 4 1 2	24 24 12
Board of Appeals # of information/assistance requests	1 2 Not measured	12 1,920	12 1,920

### **Development Services**

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.3% (\$37,805) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 8.7% (\$72,057) include \$16,505 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and two new part-time positions. The contractual decrease of 9.5% (\$24,794) includes \$35,000 spent in 1990-91 for biannual aerial photos. An additional \$23,000 is being funded in 1991-92 for the initial GIS computer maintenance.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL. 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	733,79 218,904 51,114 19,131	825,252 260,940 50,530 8,500	812,756 254,818 41,856 16,307	897,309 236,146 46,372 3,200
Total	1,022,940	1,145,222	1,125,737	1,183,027
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,022,940	1,145,222	1,125,737	1,183,027
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	2 1 3	2 <b>4</b> 1	2 <b>4</b> 1	24 3
Full-time Equivalents	23.3	24.8	24.8	26.3

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Development Services to maintain the majority of current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of client information requests regarding code requirements that are accurately conveyed	99%	95%	95%
# of sign permits issued within 5 working	3370	30 70	33 /8
days of application (95%)	49%	50%	*95%
One Stop Shop service hours (8 a.m 5 p.m.)	M-F	M-F	· M-F

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures (continued)			
Average time to answer phone call (12 secon	ds):		
Office Coordination	20 seconds	22 seconds	12 seconds
One Stop Shop	40 se∞nds	35 seconds	*12 seconds
Abandonment rate (less than 20%):			
Office Coordination	22%	24%	less than 20%
One Stop Shop	15%	16%	*10%
Workload Measures			
# of general information telephone calls:			
Office Coordination	77,900	102,930	105,000
One Stop Shop	51,055	49,600	51,000
# of walk-in clients served:	•	•	•
Office Coordination	6,160	8,376	10,050
One Stop Shop	18,668	25,128	30,150
Other Measures			
Addresses assigned	3,360	3,500	3,500
Building permits issued:	•	,	•
Residential permits	1,219	1,224	1,300
Other residential (patio additions,			
room enclosures, etc.)	849	918	900
Non-residential	1.032	1.100	1.200
Total on site	<u>3,100</u>	3,242	3,400
Engraphment parmits issued:			
Encroachment permits issued:	510	440	500
(road, water, sewer)	482	525	500 528
Sign permits issued	402	\$25	523

<sup>\*</sup> Assumes that vacant position authorized in 1990-91 will be filled.

### Inspection Services

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.8% (\$57,435) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.1% (\$36,840) include \$18,059 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease of 12.3% (\$71,463) includes \$120,000 due to fewer contract inspectors being required in 1991-92 and increases of \$42,000 in property and liability rates.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	806,213 460,563 14,216 4,123	902,963 582,159 14,074 23,465	876,279 563,141 10,811 23,465	939,803 510,696 14,727
Total	1,285,115	1,522,661	1,473,696	1,465,226
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	1,285,115	1,522,661	1,473,696	1,465,226
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	23 1	2 9 1	29 1	29 1
Full-time Equivalents	23.8	29.8	29.8	29.8

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The 1990-91 adopted budget will allow Inspection Services to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of inspections performed within 24 hours of request (95%)	99%	95%	95%
Other Measures			
Annual code inspections per employee Certificate of Occupancy issued Utility permits issued	13,915 2,256 490	12,480 2,500 520	14,100 2,100 500

PLANNIN	G	&	Z	NC	ING	
Division	S	un	nm	ar	v	

Inspection	Services
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Division Summary		mspection	OCI #1003
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Other Measures (continued)			
Test of construction materials Total code inspections for buildings Inspections for public works construction	3,016 69,578 13,956	2,444 62,400 13,716	3,000 *73,250 **21,800
*Includes 10,850 estimated inspections relati			

Project Review

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 25.9% (\$594,761) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 10.0% (\$137,225) include \$27,402 for compensation changes for 1991-92 and no new positions. The contractual decrease of 80.0% (\$721,556) includes \$532,000 for streetlight billings that are now accounted for in the Transportation Maintenance division and \$114,000 relating to the Chief Environmental Officer that are now accounted for in the General Government Department. In addition, 1990-91 included \$71,000 in professional services not required in 1991-92.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,185,371 751,336 2,565 3,784	1,370,123 902,240 5,875 16,530	1,294,229 892,808 5,902 8,000	1,507,348 180,684 4,550 7,425
Total	1,943,056	2,294,768	2,200,939	1,700,007
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund HURF Fund	1,302,690 640,366	1,762,804 531,964	1,568,201 632,738	1,700,007
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	28	32	32	32
Full-time Equivalents	28	32	32	32

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Project Review to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of plan reviews completed within 5 working days of submittal (90%) Maximum length of time to rewrite or	95.4%	90%	90%
amend ordinances (4 months) % of inspections performed within 48 hours of notification of potential zoning	4 months	4 months	4 months
violation (100%)	Not measured	100%	100%

PL	Αf	NV	INC	È	&	ZC	N	NG
Div	/is	sio	n	S	un	nm	ar	У

Division Summary		Project	Review
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
Citizen complaints of zoning violations	7,515	5,280	5,940
Other Measures			
Number of plans reviewed: Building plans Civil plans	1,984 1,611	2,035 1,665	1,980 1,620

**Planning** 

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 19.2% (\$734,932) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel decreased 3.2% (\$28,438) and is net of \$13,236 for compensation changes for 1991-92, a new Neighborhood Planner position, one unfunded vacant position and position reclassification. The contractual decrease of 24.4% (\$710,719) includes \$50,000 funded in 1990-91 for community visioning start-up costs that are not accounted for in Planning in 1991-92. In addition, \$21,000 was funded for Superbowl promotions in 1990-91 that is not funded in 1991-92. The remaining decrease is a result of Hospitality Development Contract monies being transferred to pay MPC debt service costs for canal bank improvements.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	850,696 3,335,671 9,803 12,100	898,408 2,918,120 11,975 5,000	844,420 3,802,792 13,882 15,591	869,970 2,207,401 15,000 5,800
Total	4,208,270	3,833,103	4,676,685	3,098,171
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	4,208,270	3,833,103	4,676,685	3,098,171
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	1 8 1 8	19	19	20
Full-time Equivalents	18.5	1 9	1,9	20

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Planning to maintain their current service level.

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PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Frequency to publish Downtown Exchange Newsletter (Quarterly) Complete 4 general plan studies per year	Quarterly 4	Quarterly 4	Quarterly 4
Workload Measures			
Annual citizen inquiries Annual media inquiries	Not measured Not measured	750 70	800 75

PLANNING & ZONING Division Summary			Planning
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Other Measures			

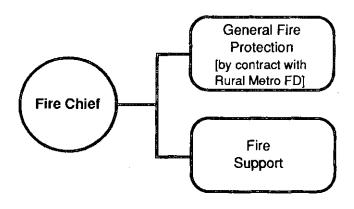
Other Measures			
Issue: Economic Trends Report Tourism Study Retail Market Study Bed Tax Updates	Semi-annually	Semi-annually	Semi-annually
	Semi-annually	Semi-annually	Semi-annually
	Annually	Annually	Annually
	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly

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## FIRE DEPARTMENT

Mission:

Providing cost effective and quality service while maintaining a high level of public safety throughout the community. The Department provides all fire-related services which include, but are not limited to, fire prevention, public education, emergency medical and fire suppression.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures	\$5,134,046	\$5,895,823	\$5,891,765	\$6,213,331
% of City's Operating Total	5.6%	5.6%	5.6%	5.8%

# FIRE Department Summary

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Full-time Equivalent\*

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 5.4% (\$317,508) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 2.9% (\$6,720) includes \$4,578 for compensation changes for Fire Support for 1991-92. The contractual expenditures increase of 6.3% (\$352,678) includes \$18,000 for a full year rental of the burn building, and a \$289,833 increase for the Fire Protection Contract.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	207,559 4,902,039 24,448	228,888 5,622,085 44,850	225,888 5,623,566 42,311	235,608 5,932,673 45,050
Total	5,134,046	5,895,823	5,891,765	6,213,331
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	5,134,046	5,895,823	5,891,765	6,213,331
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time*	4 0	40	4 0	40

<sup>\*</sup>Fire support positions are filled only by regular, full- and part-time City employees. These positions are not included in the City's part-time position total.

# FIRE Department Summary

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

Fire prevention enhancements. Beginning in 1991-92, Rural Metro plans to develop a system that will cost-effectively retrofit the downtown area with fire sprinklers. Over time these efforts should protect the lives of citizens and firefighters, prevent the loss of property, and preserve a part of Scottsdale's history.

Fire suppression enhancements. There are plans to develop the use of high pressure water systems on engine companies during 1991-92. If successful, these systems would be introduced throughout all engines in the City. This high pressure water system enables fires to be controlled using less water than currently needed and enables quicker fire operations, improves firefighter safety and reduces secondary fire damage.

Emergency response times. During 1991-92, Rural Metro Communications will design and install a computer-aided-dispatch (CAD) system to assist with the dispatching of fire and ambulance emergency and non-emergency calls. This system will interface with the current E9-1-1 system and enhance information management as well as the response time of emergency vehicles.

**Station planning.** Rural Metro will work with the City to develop a new station in the area of 74th St. and Shea Boulevard as outlined in the bond election. This new station will enhance public safety and improve response times.

Fire Support program. Training for the program will be enhanced to raise the capabilities and skill levels of the members. All personnel will be trained to the highest level of certification offered by the State. Response levels will be tracked and reported.

# FIRE Department Summary

### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

General Fire Protection. In conjunction with the contract between Rural Metro and the City of Scottsdale and Scottsdale ordinance, Rural Metro provides the necessary manpower and equipment to handle all fire-related services within the City of Scottsdale.

Fire Support. In conformance with the contract between the City of Scottsdale and Rural Metro, Fire Support Services is comprised of 40 full-time and part-time City employees to supplement the regular firefighting personnel.

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
General Fire Protection	4,881,273	5,612,980	5,614,426	5,923,782
Fire Support	252,773	282,843	277,339	289,549
Total	5,134,046	5,895,823	5,891,765	6,213,331

# FIRE DEPARTMENT Division Summary

### General Fire Protection

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 5.5% (\$310,802) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The contractual expenditures account for the total increase. These expenditures include \$18,000 for a full year rental of the burn building, and \$289,833 for the Fire Protection Contract which provides monies for a Paramedic Coordinator, computer aided dispatch system, and improvements in the firefighters compensation program.

EXPENDITURE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
CATEGORY	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	4,868,032	5,582,080	5,586,000	5,892,882
	13,241	30,900	28,426	30,900
Total	4,881,273	5,612,980	5,614,426	5,923,782
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	4,881,273	5,612,980	5,614,426	5,923,782

#### **POSITIONS**

Full-time

Part-time

Full-time Equivalent

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Fire Protection program to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Average response time to emergency calls (4:08) Average # firefighters per fire call Provide free blood pressure testing at stations # of public safety demonstrations (36) # of all plans reviewed (99% within 5 days) % of registered voters surveyed satisfied with	4:08 13 1,962 36 15,490	4:08 13 2,079 42 14,095	4:08 13 2,204 44 14,659
fire services % of fire hydrants inspected and tested	71%	81%	81%
annuallý (90%)	90%	90%	90%

# FIRE DEPARTMENT Division Summary

### General Fire Protection

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of calls for service responded to	11,047	15,067	15,500
# of hazardous material incidents responded to	13	13	13
# of underwater search and recovery incidents/rescues # of all K-3 graders instructed in a Learn Not To	14	1 4	1 4
Burn type program (98% of enrollment)	5,174	5,174	5,174
# of inspection requests performed	7,023	8,216	9,613
# of commercial buildings inspected annually	3,252	3,333	3,414
# of fire hydrants	4,212	4,475	4,700

# FIRE DEPARTMENT Division Summary

Fire Support

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.4% (\$6,706) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. The personnel increase of 2.9% (\$6,720) includes \$4,578 for compensation changes for 1991-92.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	207,559 34,007 11,207	228,888 40,005 13,950	225,888 37,566 13,885	235,608 39,791 14,150
Total	252,773	282,843	277,339	289,549
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	252,773	282,843	277,339	289,549
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4 0	4 0	4 0	40

#### Full-time Equivalent

\*Fire support positions are filled only by regular, full- and part-time City employees. These positions are not included in the City's part-time position total.

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow the Fire Support program to maintain current service levels.

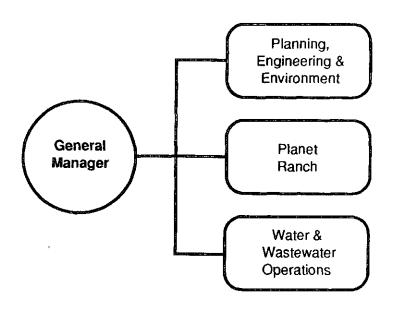
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
% of Fire Support personnel arriving at scene within 15 minutes of page out: (90%)  Average # of Fire Support personnel responding to call outs: (10)	Not measured	90%	90%
Workload Measures			
# of incidents responded to	214	225	225

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## WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

Mission: To provide Scottsdale citizens with a safe, reliable water supply and wastewater reclamation system. The Department consists of three divisons: Planning, Engineering & Environment, Planet Ranch, and Water & Wastewater Operations.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures % of City's Operating Budget	\$14,260,862	\$17,291,120	\$16,836,142	\$17,996,977
	15.7%	16.6%	16.0%	16.7%

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 4.1% (\$705,857) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 17.8% (\$469,977) include compensation changes, transferring funding of four positions from the Phoenix Water Acquisition Bond to the Water & Wastewater operating budget, and four new positions: an Engineer to work on bond projects, a Water Conservation Specialist for the Water Conservation program, a Pump Service Worker for the addition of the Carefree Ranch Water Company system, and a Clerk-typist, and funding for a custodial position in the new Water Resources building. Contractual decreases of .6% (\$51,463) are due to reduced treatment costs at the 91st Avenue Wastewater Treatment Facility and electricity savings (due to reduced groundwater pumping). Commodities increases of 4.3% (\$265,743) are primarily due to the higher cost to purchase surface water from the SRP and the CAP. Capital expenditures increases of 7.5% (\$21,600) is due primarily to the purchase of used farming equipment for Planet Ranch.

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EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	2,406,030 6,507,206 5,074,988 272,638	2,640,770 8,135,371 6,224,979 290,000	2,599,414 7,973,172 6,057,186 206,370	3,110,747 8,083,908 6,490,722 311,600
Total	14,260,862	17,291,120	16,836,142	17,996,977
FUNDING SOURCES Water and Sewer Fund	14,260,862	17,291,120	16,836,142	17,996,977
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	6 6 8	6 6 1 1	66	70 11
Full-time Equivalents	74	77	77	8 1

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

Water Conservation. The Arizona Groundwater Management Act of 1980 requires all communities in designated areas to meet specific guidelines for conserving groundwater. We have designed a water conservation program to reduce per capita water consumption and to increase public awareness for the need to conserve water. Elements of the program include goal billing, rebates for conversion to low water landscape and "low flow" toilets and showerheads, educational materials for schools, and commercial water conservation. Beginning in January 1992, adjustments to bills will be made on the basis of goal attainment. It is expected there will be an increase in workload associated with requests for information and billing inquiries.

Environmental regulations. More stringent state and federal environmental regulations can potentially impact the City. Recent regulations include requirements to monitor, upgrade and replace underground storage tanks, additional water quality monitoring requirements and wastewater treatment and discharge regulations. In 1991-92, we will have to begin addressing the implications of two new regulations dealing with clean water and the urban storm water disposal.

Acquiring future water rights. As we continue to grow, the demand for water will also grow. We need to be ready to obtain or lease water rights as they become available. We are currently discussing the possibility of leasing water rights from the San Carlos Apache Indians. Obtaining these water rights will require congressional authorization.

Water line replacement. About 35,000 of the homes built in Scottsdale prior to 1986 (mostly below Shea Blvd.) are equipped with either galvanized steel or plastic water service lines. Since 1986, all new developments are required to have copper water service lines. The number of emergency water line breaks has been increased from 777 in 1989-90 to an estimated 920 in 1990-91. We project 1,200 emergency water line breaks in 1991-92. As the water lines age, the number of emergency breaks is expected to increase. Water and Wastewater Operations added two water service crews in 1988 to begin replacing galvanized water line services in the area previously serviced by the City of Phoenix. Due to the increased volume of emergency leaks, the ability to perform scheduled replacements has decreased. The City saves about \$100 per scheduled replacement compared to emergency replacements. A study is currently being conducted to determine the most effective approach to replacing galvanized and plastic water services. The results of this study will be completed and recommendations presented in January 1992.

Wastewater treatment costs. Historically, wastewater treatment base rates (not including other charges or credits) at the 91st Avenue Wastewater Treatment facility have increased about 10% annually and flow rates have increased 9% annually. Total treatment costs this year are 36 cents per 1,000 gallons, which includes 4 cents for a reserve fund. The base treatment rate will go down to 29 cents in 1991-92 as a result of the City of Phoenix's (the plant operator) decision to reduce operating costs. There is no additional charge for the reserve fund. This will result in a savings of about \$350,000. We expect the current charges to be restored in 1992-93, and combined with additional costs for treating excess capacity, estimate wastewater treatment costs to increase \$330,000, not including any additional charges such as contributions to the reserve fund.

Non-potable water for golf courses. The amount of groundwater used for golf course irrigation will be significantly reduced as a result of agreements by Desert Mountain and other golf courses. They have agreed to participate in a water line that will deliver raw CAP water and effluent to the courses and ultimately convert to using renewable water supplies. This program will be operated separately from the City water system. All costs for this line will be supported by the users and will not affect individual water rates.

Preserving Planet Ranch water rights. The farming of alfalfa at Planet Ranch is necessary in order to protect 13,500 acre-feet of water rights as required by law. These water rights are a critical element of the City's overall Water Resource Plan. Through proper farming techniques, we can mitigate challenges to our water rights at Planet Ranch. Because of our unique situation, a municipality operating a farm to preserve water rights, operating at a profit or break-even is extremely difficult. Based on the recommendations of a consultant, we have converted from a five-year replanting cycle to a four-year cycle. This conversion requires additional overtime and agricultural supplies (e.g., seed, fertilizer). The increased operating costs will be moderately offset by increased production yields. To protect our water rights at Planet Ranch, our operating costs will exceed our revenues by about \$478,000 next year.

#### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

Planning, Engineering & Environment. Advises Management on water resources and wastewater issues; coordinates water conservation programs and performs environmental monitoring programs; formulates and updates user charge systems for water and wastewater; monitors City property for environmental concerns; develops water system and wastewater system master plans; prepares and administers 5-year water/wastewater CIP plan; and develops short- and long-term water resources and wastewater planning.

Planet Ranch. Responsible for the protection and maximization of the 13,500 acre-feet of City water rights through continued Planet Ranch farming operations.

Water and Wastewater Operation. Responsible for the maintenance and repair of water and wastewater systems; production of water that is free of health hazards, aesthetically acceptable, and meets or exceeds all EPA standards; maintenance of water production facilities; and operation of wastewater treatment facilities.

		•		
EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Planning, Engineering &				
Environment	866,695	1,012,503	1,223,877	1,375,157
Planet Ranch	1,365,910	1,421,862	1,408,415	1,536,364
Water & Wastewater Operations	12,028,257	14,856,755	14,203,850	15,085,456
	4400000			
Total	14,260,862	17,291,120	16,836,142	17,996,977

## Planning, Engineering & Environment

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 35.8% (\$362,654) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 13.7% (\$89,472) include a Water Conservation Specialist position and compensation changes. An Engineer position will be added and funded through the Capital Improvements Program. Contractual expenditures increases of 62.6% (\$221,222) and commodities expenditures increases of 370.6% (\$30,460) are primarily the result of implementation of the Water Conservation program and maintenance expenses for the Water Resources building. Capital expenditures of \$13,500 are for furniture and computer stations for the Water Conservation Specialist and the Engineer. The Water Conservation program accounts for \$241,019 of the overall increase.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	475,262 343,408 13,084 34,941	650,760 353,523 8,220	646,795 535,433 23,279 18,370	740,232 582,745 38,680 13,500
Total	866,695	1,012,503	1,223,877	1,375,157
FUNDING SOURCES Water & Sewer Fund	866,695	1,012,503	1,223,877	1,375,157
POSITIONS Full-time	10	12	12	14
Full-time Equivalents	10	12	12	14

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Planning, Engineering and Environment to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Conduct a minimum of ten 24 hour samplings at each industrial pre-treatment site annually Monitor City-owned underground storage tanks	10	10	10
annually	Annually	Annually	Annually

# Planning, Engineering & Environment

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of City well water quality tests # of industrial pre-treatment sites # of City-owned underground storage tanks Total # of approved CIP projects by FY Total # of customer accounts maintained   (including bill adjustments) # of new customer accounts processed # of non-residential sewer account special reads # of non-residential water use audits	600 tests	600 tests	600 tests
	8	9	16
	70	61	61
	38	33	51
	46,615	48,115	49,615
	1,568	1,500	1,500
	2,370	2,500	2,600
	0	0	70
Other Measures			
Groundwater/surface water ratio	40/60	35/65	28/72
Gallon per capita per day goal *(Calendar year)  Maximum goal  Actual/estimate	1989	1 <b>990</b>	1 <b>991</b>
	275	272	272
	253	255	255

Planet Ranch

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 1.5% (\$114,502) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.2% (\$22,668) include 1,300 hours of overtime for replanting and compensation changes. Contractual increases of 5.3% (\$24,834) include property tax increases of \$28,518. Commodities increases of 8.3% (\$32,000) include the cost of petroleum products, seed and chemicals, and replacing worn out sprinkler heads. Capital expenditure increases of 100.0% (\$35,000) include the purchase of farm equipment to replace equipment that has exceeded its useful life.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	507,329 410,832 442,979 4,770	534,649 467,083 385,130 35,000	510,000 455,045 410,370 33,000	557,317 491,917 417,130 70,000
Total	1,365,910	1,421,862	1,408,415	1,536,364
FUNDING SOURCES Water & Sewer Fund	1,365,910	1,421,862	1,408,415	1,536,364
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	1 1 8	8 1 1	8 1 1	8 1 1
Full-time Equivalents	19	19	1 9	19

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Planet Ranch to maintain its current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Produce, harvest and market alfalfa to preserve 13,500 acre-feet of water rights	204,081 bales	204,000 bales	209,000 bales
Workload Measures			
Acres in production	2,250	2,250	2,250
Other Measures			
Revenue	\$1,041,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,059,000

### Water & Wastewater Operations

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 1.5% (\$228,701) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 24.6% (\$357,837) includes a Pump Service Worker for the Carefree Ranch Water Company acquisition, a Clerk-typist, compensation changes, and transferring funding of 4 positions from the Phoenix Water Acquisition Bond to the Water & Wastewater operating budget. Contractual expenditures decreases of 4.2% (\$305,519) are primarily the result of lower treatment charges by the 91st Avenue Treatment facility. Commodities expenditures increases of 3.5% (\$203,283) are primarily the result of increased cost to purchase surface water from the CAP and SRP. This is a conscious effort to reduce our reliance on groundwater and purchase surface water to meet state groundwater management standards. Capital expenditures decreases of 10.6% (\$26,900) reflects a reduction in the purchase of water meters.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,423,439 5,752,966 4,618,925 232,927	1,455,361 7,314,765 5,831,629 255,000	1,442,619 6,982,694 5,623,537 155,000	1,813,198 7,009,246 6,034,912 228,100
Total	12,028,257	14,856,755	14,203,850	15,085,456
FUNDING SOURCES Water & Sewer Fund	12,028,257	14,856,755	14,203,850	15,085,456
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4 5	4 6	4 6	48
Full-time Equivalents	45	4 6	4 6	48

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. As the number of emergency water line breaks increase, the ability to respond within 24 hours of notification 100% of the time will not be achieved. In 1991-92, it is estimated 90% of breaks will be responded to within 24 hours, 100% within 48 hours.

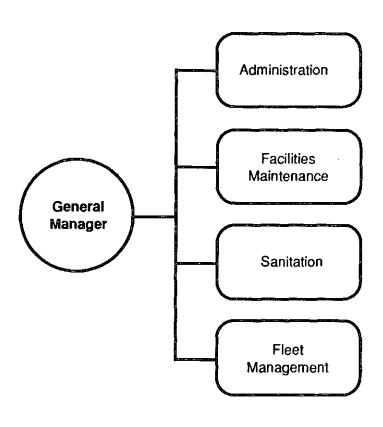
PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATOR	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures			
Respond to all emergency water line breaks within 24 hours of notification inspect all wells and booster stations daily	100%	100%	90%
	100%	100%	100%

## Water & Wastewater Operations

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATOR	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Workload Measures			
# of emergency line breaks	<b>7</b> 77	920	1,200
# of wells and booster stations	92	96	98
# of reservoirs	28	28	29
Other Measures			
# of water service accounts	48,482	49,395	50,900
Miles of water pipe	882	927	975
Miles of sewer pipe	650	684	684
Average water production (million gallons per day)	40.6	37.1	41.0

## MUNICIPAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

**Mission:** To repair and maintain the City's buildings and vehicles and to provide citizens with an effective and efficient refuse and recycling disposal program.



Departmental Budget Trends	Actual	Adopted	Estimated	Adopted
	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Expenditures	\$12,340,883	\$15,907,634	\$15,844,703	\$16,460,863
% of City's Operating Total	13.6%	15.2%	15.1%	15.3%

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 3.5% (\$553,229) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 4.9% (\$243,454) include compensation changes and eight new positions: two Building Tradesworkers, two Custodians, one Clerk-typist, one Fleet Mechanic, one Fleet Technician, and two part-time equipment operators for the recycling program. One of the custodian positions is for the new Water Resources building and funding is included in the Water Resources Department budget. The Energy Coordinator position is moving to the Office of Environmental Affairs. Contractual expenditures increases of 3.0% (\$196,823) are attributed to building maintenance and sanitation costs. The commodities accounts increase of 11.2% (\$245,162) is the result of higher petroleum products costs. The capital expenditures decrease of 6.3% (\$132,210) reflect the decision to replace only those vehicles that are more costly to maintain than to replace, the addition of 15 vehicles to the fleet, and the installation of a new wash rack to meet environmental standards.

EXPENDITURE	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
CATEGORY	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	4,647,882	4,977,220	4,874,405	5,220,674
	5,504,036	6,654,305	6,503,957	6,851,128
	2,040,128	2,185,285	2,305,523	2,430,447
	148,837	2,090,824	2,160,818	1,958,614
Total	12,340,883	15,907,634	។5,844,703	16,460,863
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund Sanitation Fund Motor Pool Fund	4,340,687	5,040,320	4,913,932	5,142,250
	4,411,053	5,020,885	4,969,965	5,234,620
	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	132 1	137 1	137 1	143 3
Full-time Equivalents	132.5	137.5	137.5	144.5

#### ISSUES FACING THE DEPARTMENT

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Energy Conservation. The City recently authorized an Energy Coordinator position located in General Government to develop energy saving strategies for the City, its residents and businesses. We are working with the Energy Coordinator to incorporate and implement energy conservation techniques and materials into new city buildings and remodeling projects and to evaluate alternative fuel sources for our fleet.

#### **FACILITIES MAINTENANCE**

**Preventive Maintenance.** We have not been able to perform preventive maintenance to the roofs and doors for the City's buildings. The result is doors that need to be replaced completely and roofs that are not lasting as long as expected. In addition, we risk invalidating our warranties with the roofing material manufacturers and installers if basic maintenance is not performed. With the addition of one Building Tradesworker, a proper preventive maintenance program for roofs and doors can be implemented.

#### SANITATION

Recycling program. The City has been actively involved in collecting recyclable waste (aluminum, newspaper, glass, old appliances, move-in boxes) since 1988. The volume of recyclable waste collected has risen substantially from 35 tons collected in 1988-89 to an estimated 650 tons for 1990-91. Aluminum, newspaper, and glass account for the majority of the recycled waste collected. We are constantly evaluating the markets for recyclable waste and are prepared to add other items (e.g., plastics, cardboard) if a good market exists or delete items if markets dry up. We currently have two mobile recycling trailers and will have about 120 stationary containers available to receive recyclable waste. With appropriate resources we could easily increase the number of stationary cans to 160 in 1991-92 and collect 900 tons to recyclable waste.

Impact of the State mandated recycling surcharge. Effective in October 1990 a state mandated surcharge to fund state level recycling efforts was levied on all waste deposited in landfills throughout the state. This 25 cent per ton surcharge is currently being paid for out of the operating budget. In 1991-92, the estimated \$25,000 surcharge will be identified separately on utility bills. We are not requesting a rate increase for this surcharge.

Household hazardous waste. Hazardous waste of any type, industrial and household, is becoming a serious environmental problem. Disposal of industrial waste is already regulated. Household hazardous waste (i.e., used motor oil, solvents, paint, cleaning products) can cause serious harm to the environment, especially to our underground aquifer. Recently the City participated in a valley-wide household hazardous waste collection day in November 1990. The State Senate is currently looking at legislation (HB 1191) that would require all communities with a population greater than 25,000 to collect household hazardous waste at least one day a year.

Participating in regional recycling efforts. For the past year the City has been represented on the East Valley Solid Waste Recycling Committee, which is looking into regional solutions to sanitation issues. A consultant has determined it is feasible to address recycling on a regional basis and is looking into possible sites and methodologies.

#### FLEET MANAGEMENT

Fuel consumption. The rising cost of gasoline and diesel fuels have spurred an increase in our efforts to reduce reliance on these fuels. In 1989-90, 3.8% (23,613 equivalent gallons) of the total fuels consumed by our fleet was compressed natural gas (CNG), a cleaner burning, less expensive fuel. In 1990-91, with the addition of a south area CNG fueling station and conscientious efforts by City staff, we estimate CNG will account for about 7% (40,000 equivalent gallons) of the total fuel consumed. Ten additional vehicles are scheduled to have CNG kits installed in 1991-92. The additional vehicles combined with increased CNG usage and the south area fueling stations will result in an even greater usage of CNG as a percentage of the total fuel consumed.

Age of fleet. In 1991-92 we plan to replace 36 vehicles with an average age of 7.4 years, not including police patrol vehicles, which by policy are to be replaced at 100,000 miles. Replacement of these 36 vehicles and the addition of 12 non-patrol vehicles, will reduce the average age of the fleet, not including patrol vehicles, from 5.7 years in 1990-91 to 5.0 years in 1991-92. This is in line with the fleet management industry recommended average age of 5 years.

### **DEPARTMENT GOALS & OBJECTIVES**

Administration. This division provides leadership and management to ensure the most effective delivery of services by the Facilities Maintenance, Sanitation, and Fleet Management divisions.

Facilities Maintenance. This division consists of three service-oriented sections: mechanical maintenance, general building maintenance, and custodial service. These three sections provide all maintenance and repair related activities on City-owned facilities and structures, thereby maintaining a healthy, clean and safe environment in all City-owned buildings.

Fleet Management. This division is responsible for administrative support, supervision and mechanical maintenance of the City's fleet, including ongoing preventive maintenance, refurbishment of existing equipment, emergency repair of City vehicles, administration of the fleet rental system and specifying and procuring additional or replacement equipment for the City.

Sanitation. This division is responsible for providing healthy, aesthetic and timely refuse collection service to the residents and businesses within the City of Scottsdale and an effective and efficient system to collect and dispose of recyclable waste and household hazardous waste.

EXPENDITURES	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
BY AREA	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Administration Facilities Maintenance Sanitation Fleet Management	150,771	194,651	197,912	167,283
	4,189,916	4,845,669	4,716,020	4,974,967
	4,411,053	5,020,885	4,969,965	5,234,620
	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
Total	12,340,883	15,907,634	15,844,703	16,460,863

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES Division Summary

### Administration

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 14.1% (\$27,368) less than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel decreases of 23.7% (\$36,580) account for the majority of the decrease, which includes compensation changes and the transfer of the Energy Coordinator position to the Office of Environmental Affairs in General Government. Contractual increases of 64.3% (\$17,505) reflect the transfer of the phone budget from Custodial Services. Commodities expenditures will decrease 14.8% (\$793). There are no capital expenditures in 1991-92, down from \$7,500 in 1990-91.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	114,555 36,009 207	154,579 27,212 5,360 7,500	154,579 27,273 5,360 10,700	117,999 44,717 4,567
Total	150,771	194,651	197,912	167,283
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	150,771	194,651	197,912	167,283
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	1	3	3	2
Full-time Equivalents	1	3	3	2

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. The 1991-92 adopted budget will allow Administration to maintain current service levels.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Service Measures			
Respond to 100% of citizen requests within 24 hours	100%	100%	100%
Workload Measures			
Attend neighborhood meetings	N/A	7	7
Other Measures			
Direct/indirect labor ratio	90:10	90:10	90:10

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES Division Summary

### Facilities Maintenance

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 2.7% (\$129,298) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 5.0% (\$74,902) include three positions: two Building Tradesworkers, one to reestablish the roof and door preventive maintenance program and one to help maintain existing building maintenance service levels, and two Custodian positions to help maintain existing service levels for the new Water Resources building and when the remodeling of the Court/PD building is completed and occupied. Contractual expenditures increased 1.4% (\$43,804) and commodities increased 3.7% (\$10,592) reflecting costs to maintain and repair City buildings.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,367,905 2,488,306 323,355 10,350	1,498,938 3,059,269 287,462	1,481,953 2,932,208 295,814 6,045	1,573,840 3,103,073 298,054
Total	4,189,916	4,845,669	4,716,020	4,974,967
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund	4,189,916	4,845,669	4,716,020	4,974,967
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4 5 1	46	<b>4</b> 6 1	50 1
Full-time Equivalents	45.5	46.5	46.5	50.5

**SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES.** The addition of one Building Tradesworker will allow Facilities Maintenance to reestablish a preventative maintenance program for roofs and doors.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures			
Inspect roofs 1.5 times annually Inspect 33.3% of doors annually Repaint 18% of interiors annually Repaint 20% of exteriors annually Clean and sanitize buildings daily	.2	.2	1.5
	2%	4%	33.3%
	18%	18%	17.6%
	19.4%	20%	20%
	daily	daily	daily

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES Division Summary

## Facilities Maintenance

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Workload Measures		,	
Roof square feet # of doors to service Buildings to clean Square footage to be cleaned Service requests	754,246 2,884 47 387,300 1,972	756,746 2,896 48 396,610 2,792	758,246 2,941 53 425,185 3,600
Other Measures			٠
Square footage cleaned per custodial FTE (Standard = 15,500 square feet per FTE)	15,492	15,864	15,748

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES Division Summary

Sanitation

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 4.3% (\$213,735) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 6.0% (\$108,849) includes one Clerk-typist, two part-time equipment operators for the recycling program and compensation adjustments. Contractual expenditures will increase 4.9% (\$141,820) primarily as a result of increased landfill charges. Commodities expenditures increases of 4.1% (\$7,066) reflect additional costs for the expanding roll-off program. Capital expenditures decreases of 36.3% (\$44,000) are due to one time purchases for roll-off containers.

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,710,074 2,549,414 111,065 40,500	1,824,184 2,901,251 174,326 121,124	1,753,171 2,886,601 189,625 140,568	1,933,033 3,043,071 181,392 77,124
Total	4,411,053	5,020,885	4,969,965	5,234,620
FUNDING SOURCES Sanitation Fund	4,411,053	5,020,885	4,969,965	5,234,620
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	4 9	5 1	5 1	52 2
Full-time Equivalents	4 9	5 1	51	53

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. We will need an additional residential refuse vehicle and operator in 1991-92. Instead of purchasing a new vehicle and authorizing a new position, we will rehabilitate two older vehicles and transfer one Equipment Operator from Brush Collection to Residential Collection. The Brush Collection operator position will not be replaced. This will result in a service level change for brush collection from every three weeks to every four weeks.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures	·		
Collect residential refuse twice weekly Collect residential brush every 3 weeks	2	2	2
	3	3	4
Workload Measures			
# of stationary recycling containers	4	120	160
# of residential services	39,777	40,989	42,089
# of commercial accounts	1,646	1,675	1,700

# MUNICIPAL SERVICES Division Summary

## Sanitation

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Other Measures			
Tons of refuse collected	97,962	102,400	109,391
Tons of recyclable waste collected	205.2	650	900
\$/ton - mobile recycling program	\$353	\$266	\$250
\$/ton - non-recyclable waste	\$56.80	\$57.29	\$59.41

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 1991-92 total adopted budget is 4.1% (\$237,564) more than the 1990-91 adopted budget. Personnel increases of 6.4% (\$96,283) include two additional positions: one Fleet Mechanic and a Fleet Technician to help maintain existing service levels. Contractual decreases of 1.0% (\$6,306) reflect reduced usage of outside services. Commodities increases of 13.3% (\$228,297) are primarily the result of increased fuel costs. Capital equipment purchases have decreased 4.1% (\$80,710). Forty-six pieces of equipment will be replaced and 15 additional vehicles will be added in 1991-92, and the installation of a new wash rack to meet environmental regulations.

				•
EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Personnel Contractual Commodities Capital Outlay	1,455,348 430,307 1,605,501 97,987	1,499,519 666,573 1,718,137 1,962,200	1,484,702 657,875 1,814,724 2,003,505	1,595,802 660,267 1,946,434 1,881,490
Total	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
FUNDING SOURCES Motor Pool Fund	3,589,143	5,846,429	5,960,806	6,083,993
POSITIONS Full-time Part-time	37	37	37	39
Full-time Equivalents	37	37	37	39

SERVICE LEVEL CHANGES. We will be providing the Police Department an adequate supply of wash tickets to clean their vehicles weekly, improved from an average of every 5 weeks.

PERFORMANCE	ACTUAL	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
INDICATORS	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Service Measures			
Maintain 95% vehicle availability Achieve 90% user satisfaction	98.5%	98.7%	97%
	N/A	86%	90%
Workload Measures			
Total pieces of equipment serviced # of maintenance requests	532	554	566
	14,422	15,150	15,500
Other Measures			
Pieces of equipment per mechanic	22.2	23.1	22.6
Average age of fleet (rolling and non-rolling stock)	5.7	6.0	5.5

#### **Debt Service**

Debt Service Funds are used to pay principal and interest on outstanding debt. The City's debt is divided into the following categories:

#### General Obligation Bonds

Debt service costs for general obligation bonds decreased 7.0% over the 1990-91 adopted budget. This decrease is due to a planned bond issuance in 1990-91 that was postponed to a future date. The 1986 Water Acquisition Bonds that were issued as general obligation debt are being repaid from water system revenue and are not included in the property tax levy.

#### **Revenue Bonds**

Revenue bond debt service costs decreased 7.7% over the 1990-91 adopted budget. This decrease is due to a planned bond issuance in 1990-91 that was postponed to a future date. These bonds are not a general obligation of the City but are repaid by a revenue source other than property taxes. The City currently has both highway user revenue bonds and water/sewer utility revenue bonds.

#### Municipal Property Corporation Bonds

Municipal Property Corporation (MPC) bond debt service increased 3.95% over the 1990-91 adopted budget due to an anticipated bond issue of 7.2 million in 1991-92. The Municipal Property Corporation is a non-profit corporation established to finance City improvements. The debt the MPC incurs is City debt financed by pledged excise taxes to provide for debt repayment.

#### Contracts Payable

Contracts payable debt service costs decreased 47.8% in 1991-92 as compared to the 1990-91 adopted budget. This decrease is due to contracts being paid off as their lease purchase term expires. There is no plan to establish any new contract payable debt in fiscal year 1991-92.

#### Other Liabilities

Other liabilities include amounts required for the water and sewer system replacement and extension reserve, bond reserves, and contributions to the benefits trust. The 21.7% increase over the 1990-91 adopted is due to the increase in water and sewer revenue which necessitates an increase in replacement and extension reserve and bond reserve funding.

#### Special Assessment Bonds

Special Assessment Bond debt service increased 45.8% as compared to the 1990-91 adopted budget. This debt is paid by the affected homeowners who are a part of each improvement district. The City does not provide any of the funds to repay this debt.

### **Debt Management Policy**

On December 18, 1989, the City Council adopted a policy issue resolution which established a debt management policy for the City of Scottsdale.

The following policies are to be followed in all future City debt-related activities:

All future debt-related City activity should support the following mandates and should ensure that

- debt service schedules are not excessively burdensome on operating expenditures and property taxpayers,
- the City's debt is proportionate in size and growth to the City's tax base, and
- the City's debt is not so high as to jeopardize the City's credit ratings.

The following goals have been established for implementing this debt management policy:

- the City should decrease its use of Municipal Property Corporation, contractual, and general revenue supported debt, unless a dedicated revenue source other than excise tax (e.g., sale of City real property), is used to pay debt service expenses,
- the City should increase its utilization of general obligation debt which is supported by property tax revenues which are growing in proportion to the City's increasing assessed valuation, and other forms of debt (e.g., water, sewer) which are supported by dedicated revenue sources (i.e., fees and water charges),
- · the City should continue to maintain a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of at least 2:1,
- the City should continue to maintain a water and sewer utility revenue bond coverage rate in excess of the coverage rate required in the bond indenture (1.2 coverage rate),
- pay-as-you-go capital improvement projects should account for 25-33% of all capital improvement projects for each five-year capital planning period, and
- debt service costs should not exceed 25% of the City's operating budget.

The adoption of this debt management policy:

- ensures that future City debt-related activities will support the debt management goals of the City,
- protects the financial integrity of the City, and
- protects the City's excellent credit ratings.

## **DEBT SERVICE SUMMARY**

CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
General Obligation				
Bonds	8,259,162	10,883,366	9,110,874	10,157,117
Revenue Bonds	4,406,839	6,060,227	5,478,512	5,594,913
Municipal Property	, ,	-,,	-,,	-,,-
Corporation Bonds	10,999,151	11,275,707	10,997,869	11,718,291
Contracts Payable	4,477,582	4,132,465	4,185,394	2,158,980
Other Liabilities	1,021,632	1,144,062	1,101,062	1,392,854
Special Assessment	.,	., ,	.,,	.,,
Bonds	3,051,913	3,209,807	3,209,807	4,678,952
Total	32,216,279	36,705,634	34,083,518	35,701,107
CUNDING COURCES				
FUNDING SOURCES	F 100 000	7 774 000	0.000.400	0.000.004
Debt Service Fund	5,199,699	7,774,988	6,002,496	6,992,294
Water & Sewer Fund	6,464,023	8,192,939	7,685,565	7,224,397
Excise Debt Fund	10,999,151	11,275,707	10,997,869	11,718,291
General Fund Highway User	4,031,843	3,230,013	3,165,601	1,966,241
Revenue Fund	2,469,650	3,022,180	3,022,180	3,120,932
Special Assessment				
Fund	3,051,913	3,209,807	3,209,807	4,678,952

## DEBT SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Debt Type by Fund

	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	1989-90	1990-91	1990–91	1991-92
Debt Service Fund:				
1967 Civic Center	119,255			
1968 Civic Center	141,725	262,975	262,975	252,975
1984 Public Buildings Series A	2,090,160	1,987,920	1,987,920	1,882,800
1984 Parks & Recreation Series A	725,750	690,250	690,250	653,750
1984 Storm Sewer Series A	87,090	82,830	82,830	78,450
1985 Public Buildings Series B	320,815	321,265	223,857	11,250
1985 Parks & Recreation Series B	417,059	417,644	291,015	14,625
1985 Storm Sewer Series B	331,509	331,974	231,319	11,625
1989 Series A	774,461	2,035,080	2,035,080	2,035,080
New Bonds	774,401	1,447,800	2,030,000	1,062,973
1991 Refunding		1,447,600		790.516
Fiscal Agent Fees	4,625	10,000	10,000	11,000
Total Debt Service Fund	5,012,449	7,587,738	5,815,246	6,805,044
Total Debt Service Fund	3,012,449	7,307,730	5,615,246	0,000,044
Water/Sewer Utility Fund:				
Water Bonds				
1986 Water Acquisition	3,059,463	3,108,378	3,108,378	3,164,823
Total Water/Sewer Utility Fund	3,059,463	3,108,378	3,108,378	3,164,823
·			<u> </u>	
Sinking Fund:				
1973 Storm Sewer	187,250	187,250	187,250	187,250
Total Sinking Fund	187,250	187,250	187,250	187,250
Total General Obligation Bonds	8,259,162	10,883,366	9,110,874	10,157,117
rotal General Obligation bonds	0,209,102	10,000,300	3,110,074	10,137,117

## DEBT SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Debt Type by Fund

	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED
REVENUE BONDS	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Highway User Revenue Fund:				
1984 HURF Series A	566,600	553,162	553,162	542,562
1985 HURF Series B	538,835	534,110	534,110	531,822
1987 HURF Series C	767,970	790,240	790,240	805,235
1989 HURF Refunding	594,211	1,140,868	1,140,868	1,237,513
Fiscal Agent Fees	2,034	3,800	3,800	3,800
Total Highway User Fund	2,469,650	3,022,180	3,022,180	3,120,932
Water/Sewer Utility Fund:				
Water Bonds				
1973 Utility Refunding	266,308	264,308	264,308	265,908
1977 Utility Refunding Series C	505,560	484,000	484,000	462,000
1984 Utility Revenue	762,238	762,238	762,238	812,238
1989 Utility Series A	81,748	377,504	377,504	373,579
New Bonds		290,858		
Fiscal Agent Fees	2,440	3,000	3,000	3,500
Total Water Bonds	1,618,294	2,181,908	1,891,050	1,917,225
Sewer Bonds				
1973 Utility Refunding	66,577	66,077	66,077	66,477
1977 Utility Refunding Series C	126,390	121,000	121,000	115,500
1989 Utility Series A	125,651	377,504	377,504	373,579
New Bonds		290,858		
Fiscal Agent Fees	277	700	701	1,200
Total Sewer Bonds	318,895	856,139	565,282	556,756
Total Water/Sewer Utility Fund	1,937,189	3,038,047	2,456,332	2,473,981
Total Revenue Bonds	4,406,839	6,060,227	5,478,512	5,594,913

	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	<b>ESTIMATED</b>	ADOPTED
MPC BONDS	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
Excise Debt Fund:				
Asset Transfer	4,203,879	4,198,332	4,198,332	4,198,283
Golf Course	1,564,278	1,566,597	1,566,597	1,564,663
Arts Building, Parking Garage	681,410	683,530	683,530	683,420
Street Improvements	189,465	189,465	189,465	189,465
Underpass, Library, Police,				
Horseworld	4,331,034	4,329,945	4,329,945	4,334,785
New Bonds		277,838		715,675
Fiscal Agent Fees	29,085	30,000	30,000	32,000
Total Excise Debt Fund	10,999,151	11,275,707	10,997,869	11,718,291
Total MPC Bonds	10,999,151	11,275,707	10,997,869	11,718,291

CONTRACTO DAVARI E	· ACTUAL	ADOPTED 199091	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED
CONTRACTS PAYABLE	1989–90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
General Fund:				
Computer Aided Dispatch	330,738	330,609	330,609	
Computer Phase II	186,366			
Computer Phase III	242,894	121,363	121,363	
Computer Phase IVA (Update)	53,138	53,134	53,134	26,565
Computer Phase IVB	973,739	973,050	973,050	972,517
Ladder Truck	88,267	88,007	88,007	87,728
Library Computer	154,041	•	•	,
Pepperwood	41,251	41,118	41,118	41,118
Planet Ranch	1,112,500	783,750	783,750	-
Scottsdale Plumbing/Downtown	136,941	82,194	82,194	
Telephone Phase II	67,713	34,575	34,575	
Telephone Phase III	119,653	119,635	119,635	59,814
U.S. Corps Of Engineers - IBW	218,255	252,578	231,166	231,166
West Couplet/Camelview	,	1	,,	233,333
Fiscal Agent Fees	1,404	•		
Total General Fund	3,726,900	2,880,013	2,858,601	1,652,241
Water/Sewer Utility Fund:				
Water Contracts				
Allison Well	60,000	55,000	55,000	
Plan 6	580,344	580,344	580,344	506,739
State Land - CAP Treatment Plant	76,432	427,124	479,063	330,730
Total Water Contracts	716,776	1,062,468	1,114,407	506,739
Sewer Contracts				
State Land-Sewer Reclamation Pl.	33,906	189,984	212,386	
Total Sewer Contracts	33,906	189,984	212,386	
		100,004		
Total Water/Sewer Utility Fund	750,682	1,252,452	1,326,793	506,739
Total Contracts Payable	4,477,582	4,132,465	4,185,394	2,158,980
•		.,,		

	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	<b>ESTIMATED</b>	ADOPTED
OTHER LIABILITIES	1989-90	1990-91	1990-91	1991-92
General Fund:				
Fiscal Agent Fees	4,943	50,000	7,000	14,000
Contributions to Sick Leave Liability	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
Total General Fund	304,943	350,000	307,000	314,000
Water/Sewer Utility Fund:				
Other Water Liabilities				
Required Contributions:				
Replacement & Ext. Reserve	582,357	523,860	523,860	569,260
Bond Reserve		75,501	75,501	179,097
Total Other Water Liabilities	582,357	599,361	599,361	748,357
Other Sewer Liabilities				
Required Contributions:				
Replacement & Ext. Reserve	134,332	119,200	119,200	151,400
Bond Reserve		75,501	75,501	179,097
Total Other Sewer Liabilities	134,332	194,701	194,701	330,497
Total Water/Sewer Utility Fund	716,689	794,062	794,062	1,078,854
Total Other Liabilities	1,021,632	1,144,062	1,101,062	1,392,854

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	ADOPTED 1991-92
Special Assessment Fund	3,051,913	3,209,807	3,209,807	4,678,952
Total Special Assessments	3,051,913	3,209,807	3,209,807	4,678,952
Total Debt Service	32,216,279	36,705,634	34,083,518	35,701,107

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Contingency funds are established to meet emergency needs and provide a means of funding unplanned expenditures. The City Council approves all appropriations from contingencies.

Operating contingency funds can be used for two purposes:

- additional funds are necessary to offset unexpected revenue shortfalls or expenditure increases so that budgeted citizen service levels can be maintained, and
- unanticipated and/or inadequately budgeted events threaten the public health or safety.

The self insurance reserve is to provide claim payments in the event of a catastrophic loss.

# **CONTINGENCY SUMMARY**

EXPENDITURE CATEGORY	ACTUAL 1989-90	ADOPTED 1990-91	ESTIMATED 1990-91	PROPOSED 1991-92
Operating Contingency Self Insurance		1,500,000	300,000	1,500,000
Reserve	2,407,380	3,428,857	3,462,818	4,839,058
Compensation Contingency Designated		274,231		
Contingency		747,105		
Total	2,407,380	5,950,193	3,762,818	6,339,058
FUNDING SOURCES General Fund Highway User Fund		2,469,945 25,338		1,500,000
Water & Sewer Fund Airport Fund		8,241 2,648	300,000	
Sanitation Fund Self Insurance Fund	2,407,380	13,050 3,430,971	3,462,818	4,839,058

Appendix

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE OTHER FISCAL ACTIVITY FISCAL YEAR 1991-92

#### **EXISTING EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY**

#### REBUDGETED

CDBG Grants Trusts	\$	545,143 908,250 74,443
TOTAL EXISTING EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY	\$	1,527,836
ANTICIPATED NEW EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY		
RESIDENTIAL STREET LIGHT DISTRICTS CDBG Grants Trusts	\$	500,000 640,340 240,803 910,861
TOTAL ANTICIPATED NEW EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY	\$	2,292,004
TOTAL OTHER FISCAL ACTIVITY	\$	3,819,840
CITY OPERATING BUDGET	\$	165,286,873
CITY CAPITAL BUDGET		241,195,700
OTHER FISCAL ACTIVITY	_	3,819,840
TOTAL FISCAL ACTIVITY	\$ =	410,302,413

# City of Scottsdale

#### 1991-92

## Authorized Full-Time Positions

General Government	8 4
Police	303
Financial Services	110
Transportation	9 1
Community Services	178
Management Services	8 1
Planning & Zoning	108
Water Resources	70
Municipal Services	143
TOTAL AUTHORIZED FULL-TIME POSITIONS:	1,168
Mayor and City Council	7

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		
These centers report to the City Manager and/or City Council:		
Legislative (01010) Executive Secretary Management Assistant	2 1	3
City Manager (01020)  Administrative Services Manager Assistant City Manager Assistant to the City Manager City Manager Executive Assistant Executive Secretary	1 2 1 1 1 3	9
City Clerk (01030)  Administrative Secretary City Clerk Customer Service Representative Deputy City Clerk Records Assistant Secretary	1 1 1 2 1	7
City Attorney (01050)  Assistant City Attorney City Attorney City Prosecutor Clerk Typist Deputy City Attorney Legal Department Office Manager Legal Secretary Prosecutor I	5 1 1 2 1 1 3 3	17
Intergovernmental Relations (01330) Assistant to the City Manager IGR Intergovernmental Coordinator	1 1	2

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)		
Human Resources (01410)  Benefits Coordinator Corporate Development Manager Employee Programs Manager Human Resources Analyst Human Resources Director Human Resources Manager Human Resources Representative Human Resources Supervisor Undesignated	1 1 1 4 1 2 3 1	15
City Auditor (01500) Administrative Secretary Assistant City Auditor City Auditor Deputy City Auditor Internal Auditor	1 2 1 1	6
Office of Environmental Affairs (01700) Chief Environmental Officer Energy Conservation Coordinator	1 1	2
Court (01900)  Administrative Secretary Associate City Judge City Judge Court Collections Investigator Court Services Director Court Services Representative Court Services Supervisor Court Systems Analyst Senior Court Services Representative	1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 2	23
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		8 4

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
POLICE		
Chief of Police (02300)  Administrative Secretary Deputy Police Chief Police Analyst Police Chief Police Lieutenant Police Officer Police Sergeant Polygraph Examiner Polygraph/Personnel Specialist Secretary	1 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 1	13
Patrol Bureau (02310) Clerk Typist Parking Control Checker Police Aide Police Captain Police Lieutenant Police Officer Police Sergeant Secretary	2 2 16 1 6 124 19	171
Criminal Investigations Bureau (02320)  Clerk Typist Data Conversion Operator Police Aide Police Captain Police Crisis Intervention Specialist Police Crisis Intervention Supervisor Police Intelligence Analyst Police Lieutenant Police Officer Police Sergeant Secretary	2 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 3 8 5	5 6

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
POLICE (Continued)		
Support Services Bureau (02330)  Communications Dispatcher Communications Manager Communications Supervisor Crime Laboratory Manager Criminalist I Criminalist III Criminalist III Fingerprint Technician Police Logistics/Detention Manager Police Logistics/Detention Technician Police Property & Evidence Custodian Police Property & Evidence Manager Police Records Manager Police Records Supervisor Police Support Services Director	17 1 5 1 2 3 1 2 1 6 2 1 1	
Police Support Specialist Senior Police Support Specialist	1 5 3	63
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		303

FINANCIAL SERVICES  Financial Services Administration (03000)  Administrative Assistant Administrative Secretary General Manager Financial Services/ City Treasurer  Accounting (03100)  Accounting (03100)  Account Clerk Accounting Coordinator Accounting Coordinator Accounting Director 1 Accounting Manager 1 Accounting Manager 1 Accounting Supervisor 1 Accounting Supervisor 1 Accounting Supervisor 1 Accounting Technician 2 CIP Coordinator 1 Payroll Manager 1 Secretary 1 Senior Account Clerk 7 22  Tax Audit (03200) Secretary Senior Tax Auditor Tax Audit Supervisor 1 Tax	DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
Administrative Assistant	FINANCIAL SERVICES		
Administrative Assistant Administrative Secretary 1 General Manager Financial Services/ City Treasurer 1 3  Accounting (03100)  Accountant 1 3  Accounting Coordinator 1 4  Accounting Coordinator 1 5  Accounting Director 1 1 5  Accounting Leadworker 1 1 7  Accounting Manager 1 1 7  Accounting Manager 1 1 7  Accounting Technician 2 3 7  CIP Coordinator 1 7  Payroll Manager 1 1 7  Secretary 1 7  Senior Account Clerk 7 2 2  Tax Audit (03200)  Secretary 1 1 7  Senior Tax Auditor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervisor 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Director 1 1 7  Tax Audit Supervis			
Administrative Secretary General Manager Financial Services/ City Treasurer 1 3  Accounting (03100)  Accountant 1 1 3  Accounting Coordinator 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		1	
City Treasurer			
Accounting (03100)			
(03100)	City Treasurer	1	3
Accountant	Accounting		
Account Clerk	(03100)		
Accounting Coordinator			
Accounting Director			
Accounting Leadworker			
Accounting Manager			
Accounting Supervisor			
Accounting Technician CIP Coordinator Payroll Manager Secretary Senior Account Clerk  Tax Audit (03200) Secretary Senior Tax Auditor Tax Audit Director Tax Audit Supervisor Tax Auditor T			
CIP Coordinator			
Payroll Manager       1         Secretary       1         Senior Account Clerk       7       22         Tax Audit       (03200)       1         Secretary       1       1         Senior Tax Auditor       4       1         Tax Audit Director       1       1         Tax Audit Supervisor       1       1         Tax Auditor       3       10         Risk Management       1       1         (03300)       1       1         Claims Manager       1       1         Loss Control Manager       1       1         Risk Management Director       1       1         Secretary       1       1			
Secretary   1   7   22			
Senior Account Clerk   7   22			
Tax Audit (03200) Secretary Senior Tax Auditor Audit Director Tax Audit Supervisor Tax Auditor Tax Aud			22
Secretary 1 Senior Tax Auditor 4 Tax Audit Director 1 Tax Audit Supervisor 1 Tax Auditor 3 10  Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1	Centor Account Clerk	,	22
Secretary Senior Tax Auditor Tax Audit Director Tax Audit Supervisor Tax Auditor  Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager Clerk Typist Loss Control Manager Risk Management Director Secretary  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Senior Tax Auditor Tax Audit Director Tax Audit Director Tax Audit Supervisor Tax Auditor  Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager Clerk Typist Loss Control Manager Risk Management Director Secretary  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	
Tax Audit Director 1 Tax Audit Supervisor 1 Tax Auditor 3 10  Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1			
Tax Audit Supervisor Tax Auditor  Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager Clerk Typist Loss Control Manager Risk Management Director Secretary  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Tax Auditor 3 10  Risk Management (03300)  Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1			
Risk Management (03300) Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1			1.0
(03300) Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1		Ü	
Claims Manager 1 Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1			
Clerk Typist 1 Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1		4	
Loss Control Manager 1 Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1		1	
Risk Management Director 1 Secretary 1		1	
Secretary 1		1	
		i	
Senior Account Clerk 1 6	Senior Account Clerk	1	6

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
FINANCIAL SERVICES (Continued)		
Purchasing (03410)  Bid & Contract Assistant Bid & Contract Specialist Buyer Buyer Aide Purchasing Clerk Purchasing Director Purchasing Manager Purchasing Operations Manager Purchasing Technician Secretary Senior Buyer	1 2 3 1 5 1 1 1 2 1	1 9
Stores (03420) Lead Stock Clerk Purchasing Operations Manager Stock Clerk	1 1 2	4
Graphics (03430) Graphics Design Specialist Graphic Technician Purchasing Operations Manager Senior Graphics Technician	1 1 1 1	4
Mail (03440) Mail Service Courier	3	3
Tax and License Administration (03510) Customer Service Director Customer Service Manager Customer Service Representative Customer Service Technician	1 1 4 1	7
Revenue Recovery (03515) Customer Service Representative Revenue Collector Revenue Recovery Manager Senior Revenue Collector	3 3 1 1	8

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
FINANCIAL SERVICES (Continued)		
Meter Reading (03550) Lead Water Meter Reader Meter Reader Manager Water Meter Reader	1 1 7	9
Utility Billing - Sanitation (03560)  Customer Service Representative	2	2
Utility Billing - Sewer (03570) Customer Service Representative	1 '	1
Utility Billing - Water (03580) Customer Service Manager Customer Service Representative Customer Service Technician Secretary	1 2 1 1	5
Quality Resource Management (03600)  Budget Analyst  Quality Resource Management Director Secretary Senior Budget Analyst	4 1 1 1	7
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		110

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
TRANSPORTATION		
Transportation Administration (04000) Administrative Secretary Engineering Technician II General Manager Transportation Graphics Assistant Secretary Transportation Maintenance Director	1 1 1 1 3	8
Traffic Signals (04110) Senior Traffic Signal Technician Traffic Signal Electronic Technician Traffic Signal Technician I Traffic Signal Technician II Transportation Maintenance Manager	1 2 5 2 1	1 1
Signs and Markings (04120) Sign Fabricator Transportation Maintenance Worker II Transportation Maintenance Worker III	1 5 1	7
Street Cleaning (04130) Motor Sweeper Operator	6	6
Asphalt Maintenance (04140) Transportation Maintenance Manager Transportation Maintenance Supervisor Transportation Maintenance Worker II	1 1 4	6
Shoulder and Drainage (04150) Equipment Operator II Equipment Operator III Pesticide Applicator Transportation Maintenance Supervisor	1 .6 1	9

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
TRANSPORTATION (Continued)		
Medians and Right-Of-Way (04160) Equipment Operator II Equipment Operator III Transportation Maintenance Manager Transportation Maintenance Worker I Transportation Maintenance Worker III Transportation Maintenance Worker III	1 1 1 8 2 2	1 5
Downtown Improvement Districts (04170) Transportation Maintenance Worker I	2	2
Traffic Engineering (04300) Senior Traffic Engineering Technician Signal Systems Engineer Signal Systems Specialist Traffic Engineering Designer Traffic Engineering Manager Traffic Engineering Technician	1 1 1 2 1 2	8
Transportation Planning (04400) Drainage Planner Master Planning Manager Public Works Project Coordinator Transportation Planner	3 1 3 3	10
Airport (04550)  Administrative Assistant Airport Maintenance Worker Airport Manager Airport Operations Coordinator Equipment Operator II Secretary	1 1 1 1 1	6
Transit (04560) Transit Coordinator Transit Manager Transit Planner	1 1 1	3
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		9 1

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES		
Community Services Administration (05000)		
Administrative Secretary General Manager - Community Services Special Projects Manager	1 1 1	3
Parks Maintenance (05310) Administrative Secretary Equestrian Coordinator	1	
Equipment Operator II Management Analyst Parks Director	1 1 1 1	
Parks Facilities Construction Worker I Parks Facilities Construction Worker II Parks Maintenance Worker II Parks Maintenance Worker II	1 3 10 18	
Parks Maintenance Worker III Parks Manager Parks Water Systems Specialist Pump Service Worker	9 4 1 4	
Trades Supervisor Urban Forester	1	57
Stadium (05370) Parks Maintenance Worker I	2	
Stadium Coordinator	1	3
Library Director (05601) Administrative Secretary Library Director	1 1	2
Library Systems (05620)		
Account Clerk Clerk Typist Librarian Library Aide	1 1 2 3	
Library Assistant I Library Assistant II Library Coordinator	1 1 3	

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Library Systems (continued) (05620) Library Courier Library Manager Library Systems Analyst Library Technician I Secretary Senior Library Coordinator	1 1 1 2 1	19
Civic Center Library Services (05640)  Librarian  Library Aide  Library Assistant I  Library Assistant III  Library Coordinator  Library Manager  Library Media Specialist  Library Technician I  Secretary	5 5 6 2 2 1 1 1	24
Library Extension Services (05660)  Librarian  Library Aide  Library Assistant I  Library Assistant II  Library Coordinator  Library Manager  Secretary	4 4 4 1 1 1	17
Recreation Administration (05705) Administrative Secretary Clerk Typist Recreation Operations Manager	1 1 1	3
Community Parks Manager (05730) Recreation Manager	1	1
Scottsdale Ranch Park (05735) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Special Area Manager (05740) Recreation Manager	1	1
McCormick - Home Program (05741) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
McCormick - Train Maintenance (05742) Railroad Mechanic Railroad Service Worker	1 . 1	2
Mountain View - Home Program (05746) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
Indian School - Home Program (05750) Parks Maintenance Worker I Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1 1	3
Club SAR (05755) Club SAR Coordinator	1	1
Special Interest - Home Program (05760) Recreation Leader III Recreation Supervisor	2 1	3
Chaparral - Home Program (05766) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
Sports and Aquatics Manager (05770) Recreation Manager	1	1

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Eldorado - Home Program (05771) Facility Reservation Clerk Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1 1	3
Vista Del Camino - Home Program (05776) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	. 1 1	2
Aquatics - Home Program (05780) Pool Manager Recreation Specialist	2	3
Cactus - Home Program (05789) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
Sports - Adults (05790) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
Sports - Liaison (05791) Recreation Supervisor	1	1
Sports - Youth (05795) Recreation Coordinator Recreation Leader III	1 1	2
Small Parks - Home Program (05796) Recreation Leader III Recreation Supervisor	1 1	2

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Human Services Administration		
(05805) Human Services & Recreation Administrator	1	1
Vista Del Camino Center (05810)		
Human Services Manager	1	
Human Services Specialist	2	
Information and Referral Worker	2	5
Senior Center		
(05830)		
Human Services Manager	1	
Human Services Specialist	1	
Recreation Coordinator	1	
Secretary	1	4
Youth Services		
(05840)		
Human Services Manager	1	
Human Services Specialist	1	•
Secretary	1	3
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		178

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
MANAGEMENT SERVICES		
Management Services Administration (06000)		
Administrative Secretary General Manager - General Services	1 1	2
Office of Management Systems Administration (06110)		
Management Systems Administrator Systems Specialist	1	2
Communications Services (06120)		
Communications Assistant Communications Services Manager Communications Specialist Computer Technician I	1 1 1	
Computer Technician II Data Communications Technician	1 1	6
Applications Development (06210)		
Management Systems Analyst Programmer Analyst Strategic Planning & Support Manager	2 9 1	
Systems Analyst II Systems Development Director Systems Training Analyst	4 1 1	
Systems Training Coordinator	1	19
Computer Operations (06220)	_	
Computer Operations Director Computer Operations Technician Computer Operator Computer Productions Supervisor	1 1 6	
Data Conversion Operator II Lead Computer Operator Secretary	2 1 1	13
Systems Support		
(06230) MAPPER Coordinator Software Support Manager Systems Support Specialist	1 1 1	3

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
MANAGEMENT SERVICES (Continued)		
Communications & Public Affairs (06510)  Administrative Secretary  Communications & Public Affairs Officer  Public Affairs Assistant  Public Affairs Specialist  Public Affairs Specialist II  Video Production Assistant	1 1 1 1 2	
Video Production Manager Video Production Specialist	1	9
Project Management (06620)  Capital Project Management Director Engineering Technician III Plan Reviewer/Estimator Project Budget Analyst Project Management Administrator Project Manager Public Works Project Coordinator Right-Of-Way Agent Secretary Senior Public Works Engineer Senior Public Works Project Coordinator Senior Real Estate Services Officer	1 1 1 1 1 4 7 3 1 2 3	26
Emergency Services Administration (06730) Emergency Services Officer	. 1	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		8 1

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
PLANNING & ZONING		
Planning & Zoning Administration (07001)		
Administrative Assistant	1	
Administrative Secretary General Manager - Planning & Zoning	1 1	3
Advance Planning		
(07150) Advance Planning Manager	1	
Asset Management Coordinator	1	
Associate Planner Downtown Planning Manager	3 1	
Neighborhood Planner	1	
Planner	3	
Planning Director Planning Specialist	1 2	
Secretary	2	
Senior Planner	1	16
Office of Economic Development (07160)		
Economic Development Coordinator	1	
Economic Development Officer Economic Development Specialist	1 1	
Secretary	1	4
Development Services Administration (07500)		
Office Coordination Manager	1	
Secretary	5	6
Development Services (07510)		
Associate Planner	1	
Development Services Director	1	
Development Services Manager Development Services Representative	4	
Development Services Specialist	i	
Senior Development Services Representative	1	4.0
Sign Inspector	7	10
Development Services Records (07515)		
Engineering Technician I	3	
Engineering Technician II	2	
Geographic Information System Manager Information Systems Coordinator	1	
Records Manager	i	8

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
PLANNING & ZONING (Continued)		
Inspection Services Administration (07600) Clerk Typist Inspection Services Coordinator Inspection Services Director Secretary	2 1 1 1	5
Building Inspection (07605)  Building Inspector Chief Building Inspector Senior Building Inspector	4 1 2	7
Field Engineering (07610) Field Engineering Manager Materials Technician Public Works Inspection Supervisor Public Works Inspector	1 1 2 9	13
Survey Unit (07615) Chief of Parties Survey Technician I Survey Technician II	1 2 1	4
Project Review Administration (07700) Associate Planner Civil Engineer Planning and Zoning Manager Project Coordination Manager Project Review Director	1 2 1 6 1	11
Project Review/Technical Assistance (07705) Associate Planner Project Review Manager Senior Planner Zoning Inspection Supervisor	1 1 1	-
Zoning Inspector	3	7

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
PLANNING & ZONING (Continued)		
Project Review/Final Plans (07710)		
Associate Planner	2	
Building Codes Specialist	$\overline{1}$	
Building Plans Reviewer	3	
Civil Plans Reviewer	3	
Plans Coordinator	1	
Project Review Manager	1	
Right-Of-Way Agent	1	
Senior Civil Engineer	1	
Senior Civil Plans Reviewer	1	1 4
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		108

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
WATER RESOURCES		
Planning, Engineering & Environment (60110)  Administrative Secretary Assistant General Manager - Water Resources General Manager - Water Resources Industrial Waste Inspector Water Quality Conservation Manager Water Resources Analyst Water Resources Director Water Resources Engineer	1 1 1 1 4 1 3	13
Water Conservation (60130) Water Conservation Specialist	1	1
Planet Ranch Operations (60200)  *Equipment Mechanic  *Equipment Operator II  *Equipment Operator III  *Field Services Worker III  *Planet Ranch Director	2 2 1 2 1	8
*The duties of these positions are agricultural in nature.		
Water Operations Administration (60310) Administrative Secretary Clerk Typist Water & Wastewater Director	1 2 1	4
Water Distribution (60320) Lead Water Service Worker Senior Meter Technician Water & Wastewater Technician Water & Wastewater Distribution Manager Water & Wastewater Distribution Supervisor Water & Wastewater Field Representative	1 1 1 1 1 2 3	
Water Service Worker	11	30

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
WATER RESOURCES (Continued)		
Water Production (60330)		
Backflow Technician	1	
Lead Water Electrical Technician	1	
Pump Service Worker	3	
Water & Wastewater Production Manager	1	
Water Electrical Technician	2	
Water Electronics Technician	1	
Water Maintenance Technician	2	11
Wastewater Reclamation (60380)		
Wastewater Plant Manager	1	
Wastewater Plant Operator II	i	
Wastewater Plant Operator III	1	3
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		7 0

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
MUNICIPAL SERVICES		
Field Services Administration (70100)		
Administrative Secretary  Municipal Services Officer	1 1	2
Mechanical Maintenance (70110)		
Contracts Coordinator Equipment Service Worker Facility Maintenance Director Maintenance Electrician Maintenance Plumber Refrigeration Mechanic Trades Leadworker	1 1 3 2 2 1	11
General Building Maintenance (70120)  Building Trades Worker I  Building Trades Worker II  Clerk Typist  Facility Maintenance Supervisor  Maintenance Painter	3 4 1 1 2	1 1
Custodial (70150) Custodial Services Supervisor Custodian I Custodian II Custodian III	1 2 1 3 3	28
Sanitation Administration (70505) Clerk Typist Sanitation Director Secretary	2 1 1	4
Residential Refuse Collection (70510) Equipment Operator II Equipment Operator III Sanitation Field Representative Sanitation Manager	1 1 6 1 1	19

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
MUNICIPAL SERVICES (Continued)		
Container Repair (70520)		
Container Repairer Equipment Operator I	2 2	4
Commercial Collection (70530)		
Equipment Operator III Sanitation Field Representative Sanitation Manager	9 1 1	11
Brush Removal (70540)		
Equipment Operator I Equipment Operator II Sanitation Field Representative Sanitation Manager	6 6 1 1	1 4
Fleet Management Administration (70605)		
Data Conversion Operator I Fleet Management Director Fleet Systems Specialist Fleet Technician	1 1 1 1	4
Fleet Management Day Shift (70606)	<b>,</b>	4
Equipment Mechanic Equipment Service Worker Equipment Servicewriter	7 1	
Fleet Supervisor	1 1	1 0
Fleet Management Weekend Shift (70607)		
Equipment Mechanic Equipment Service Worker	7 1	
Fleet Supervisor	1	9

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
MUNICIPAL SERVICES (Continued)		
Fleet Management Night Shift (70609) Equipment Mechanic	7	
Equipment Service Worker Fleet Supervisor	2 1	10
Fleet Management Parts Supply (70610)		
Auto Messenger Clerk	1	
Equipment Parts Clerk	4	_
Fleet Systems Supervisor	1	6
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		1 4 3

# City of Scottsdale

#### 1991-92

#### **Authorized Part-Time Positions**

General Government	5
Police	3
Financial Services	6
Transportation	5
Community Services	246
Management Services	3
Planning & Zoning	4
Water Resources	1 1
Municipal Services	3
TOTAL AUTHORIZED PART-TIME POSITIONS:	286

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		
City Manager (01020) Clerk Typist	1	1
City Attorney (01050) Law Clerk	2	2
Intergovernmental Relations (01330) Administrative Secretary	1	1
Human Resources (01410) Benefits Services Representative	1	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		5

<sup>\*</sup> The Human Resources Program is assigned 20 positions not designated by classification or salary range. These positions are designed for use as fill-ins when employees are unavailable to work. They are not included in the number of part-time positions. The undesignated positions are available to any City program that can justify or document the need for a temporary worker and also has sufficient funds in their budget to cover fill-in salaries.

#### **POLICE**

Patrol Bureau (02310) · Wrangler	3	3
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		3

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
FINANCIAL SERVICES		
Accounting (03100) Senior Account Clerk	2	2
Tax Audit (03200) Tax/Accounting Intern	1	1
Stores (03420) Stock Clerk	1	1
Tax and License Administration (03510) Student Worker	<b>1</b>	1
Revenue Recovery (03515) Clerk Typist	1	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		6
TRANSPORTATION		
Transportation Administration (04000) Clerk II	1	1
Airport (04550) Airport Operations Specialist	3	3
Transit (04560) Bicycle Coordinator	1	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	·	5

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES		
Parks Maintenance (05310) Engineering Technician I Parks Laborer	1 4	5
Stadium (05370) Clerk Typist	1	1
Library Systems (05620) Library Courier Library Graphics Assistant	1 1	2
Civic Center Library Services (05640) Librarian Library Aide Library Assistant I Library Page	2 4 1 1 5	22
Library Extension Services (05660) Librarian Library Aide Library Assistant   Library Page Student Worker	2 2 1 8 1	1 4
Scottsdale Ranch Park (05735) Parks Maintenance Worker I Recreation Leader I Recreation Leader II	1 3 6	1 0
McCormick - Home Program (05741) Railroad Engineer Recreation Leader I Recreation Leader II	4 5 4	13

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
McCormick - Concessions (05743))	2	0
Recreation Leader II	2 .	2
Mountain View - Home Program (05746)		
Recreation Leader I Recreation Leader II	3 6	9
Mountain View - Fun Factories (05749)		
Recreation Leader II Recreation Leader III	6 . 1	7
Indian School - Home Program (05750)		
Clerk Typist Recreation Leader I	1 4	
Recreation Leader II	8	13
Club SAR (05755)		
Recreation Leader II	3	3
Special Interest - Home Program (05760)		
Recreation Leader II	2	2
Chaparral - Home Program (05766)		
Recreation Leader I Recreation Leader II	3 7	10
Eldorado - Home Program (05771)		
Clerk Typist Recreation Leader I	1 4	
Recreation Leader II	6	11

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Vista Del Camino - Home Program (05776) Recreation Leader I	4	
Recreation Leader II	5	9
Aquatics - Home Program (05780)		
Assistant Pool Manager	10	
Lifeguard/Instructor Pool Manager	6 <b>4</b> 1	75
Cactus - Home Program (05789)		
Recreation Leader I Recreation Leader II	3 6	9
Sports - Adult (05790)		
Recreation Leader II	4	4
Sports - Youth (05795)		
Recreation Leader II	1	1
Small Parks - Home Program (05796)		
Recreation Leader II	1 4	1 4
Vista Del Camino Center (05810)		
Food Bank Courier	1	0
Human Services Specialist	1	2
Senior Center (05830)		
Human Services Specialist	1	
Information and Referral Worker Recreation Leader II	2 3	6

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
COMMUNITY SERVICES (Continued)		
Youth Services (05840) Human Services Counselor Information and Referral Worker	1 1	2
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		246
* The Recreation Division is assigned 88 positions not design These positions are designed for use in the special inte- scorekeepers, special interest class instructors, sports o They are not included in the number of part-time positions.	erest class and sport	s programs as
MANAGEMENT SERVICES		
Computer Operations (06220) Clerk Typist	1	1
Communications & Public Affairs (06510) Public Affairs Specialist II	1	1
Emergency Services Administration (06730) Clerk Typist	1	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		3
PLANNING & ZONING DEPARTMENT		
Development Services Administration (07500) Secretary	1	1
Development Services (07510) Development Services Representative	1	1
Development Services Records (07515) Student Worker	1	1
Inspection Services Administration (07600) Clerk Typist	t	1
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		4

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
FIRE SUPPORT SERVICES**	·	
(56720)		
Fire Administrative Officer	1 * *	
Fire Coordinator	1 * *	
Fire Engineer	10**	
Fire Fighter	24**	
Fire Officer	4 * *	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		40**

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fire Support positions are filled only by regular, full-time and part-time employees. These positions are not included in the Part-time Position total. Fire personnel are eligible for Stand-By Pay (Article II, Section 14-24 of the Human Resources Ordinance). Salary includes \$6.46 per hour rate for special training exercise in conjunction with Rural Metro.

#### **WATER RESOURCES**

Planet Ranch Operations (60200)  Equipment Operator II  Field Services Worker I  Field Services Worker II  Secretary	5 4 1	11
·	·	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		1 1
MUNICIPAL SERVICES		
Custodial		
(70150) Council Page	1	1
•		
Recycling Administration (70550)		
Equipment Operator I	2	2
DEPARTMENT TOTAL		3

DEPARTMENT/CENTER CLASSIFICATION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	CENTER TOTAL
PLANNING & ZONING		
(21680) Community Development Block Grant Specialist (21698) Administrative Secretary (21698) Community Development Block Grant Coordinator (21680) Project Analyst	1 1 1	4
TOTAL GRANT/TRUST FUNDED POSITIONS:	4 Full-time	
(33343) Home Meals Coordinator	1	1
TOTAL GRANT/TRUST FUNDED POSITIONS:	1 Part-time	

## **GENERAL GOVERNMENT**

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
01030 City Clerk Administrative Assistant 01050 City Attorney	(1)	
Prosecutor I	1	
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	0	0
TRANSFERS		
01020 from 01010		
Executive Secretary	1	
01020 from 04400	•	
Assistant City Manager 01020 from 06000	1	
Chief Environmental Officer	1	
Executive Secretary	i	
01700 from 01020		
Chief Environmental Officer	1	
01700 from 70100		
Energy Conservation Coordinator	1	
01010 to 01020 Executive Secretary	(1)	
01020 to 01700	( ' '	
Chief Environmental Officer	(1)	
01020 to 07500	. ,	
Deputy City Manager	(1)	
TOTAL CHANGES	3	0

## POLICE DEPARTMENT

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
02310 Patrol Bureau		
Police Officer	1	
Police Sergeant	(1)	
02320 Criminal Investigations Bureau		
Data Conversion Operator	1	
02330 Support Services Bureau		
Communications Dispatcher	2	
Logistics/Detention Technician	1	
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	4	0
TRANSFERS		
02300 from 02310		
Police Lieutenant	1	
02310 to 02300		
Police Lieutenant	(1)	
02320 to 06800		
Legal Secretary	(1)	
TOTAL CHANGES	3	0

## FINANCIAL SERVICES

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
03580 Utility Billing - Water Customer Service Representative	. 1	
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	1	0
TRANSFERS		
TOTAL CHANGES	1	0

### TRANSPORTATION

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
04170 Downtown Improvement Districts Transportation Maintenance Worker I	2	
04550 Airport Equipment Operator II	1	
Secretary	1	(1)
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	4	(1)
TRANSFERS		
04150 from 04160		
Pesticide Applicator Transportation Maintenance Supervisor	1 1	
04160 from 04150	·	
Equipment Operator II	1	
Equipment Operator III 04400 from 07500	1	
Drainage Planner	1	
04550 from 04160		
Airport Maintenance Worker 04150 to 04160	1	
Equipment Operator II	(1)	
Equipment Operator III	$(\dot{1})$	
04160 to 04150		
Pesticide Applicator	(1)	
Transportation Maintenance Supervisor 04160 to 04550	(1)	
Airport Maintenance Worker	(1)	
04400 to 01020	( - /	
Engineering Resources Director	(1)	
TOTAL CHANGES	4	(1)

## COMMUNITY SERVICES

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
05310 Parks Maintenance		
Equipment Operator II	1	
Parks Maintenance Worker I	1	
Pump Service Worker	2	
05370 Stadium		
Clerk Typist		<b>1</b>
Parks Maintenance Worker	2	
Stadium Coordinator	1	
05735 Scottsdale Ranch Park		
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05746 Mountain View - Home Program		
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05750 Indian School - Home Program		4.4.
Recreation Leader III	1 .	(1)
05760 Special Interest - Home Program	0	(0)
Recreation Leader III	2	(2)
05766 Chaparral - Home Program Recreation Leader III	4	/ 4 \
05771 Eldorado - Home Program	1	(1)
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05776 Vista Del Camino - Home Program	•	( ' )
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05780 Aquatics - Home Program	•	( ' )
Pool Manager	2	(2)
05789 Cactus - Home Program	_	( - /
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05790 Sports - Adult		` ,
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05795 Sports - Youth		
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
05796 Small Parks - Home Program		
Recreation Leader III	1	(1)
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	2 1	(13)
TRANSFERS		
05766 from 05776		
05766 from 05776  Recreation Leader II		1
05776 to 05766		ı
Recreation Leader I	·	(1)
Heoreation Leager I		( • )
TOTAL CHANGES	2 1	(13)

## **MANAGEMENT SERVICES**

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
06120 Communication Services Computer Technician I Computer Technician II 06220 Computer Operations Data Conversion Operator I 06510 Communications & Public Affairs Public Affairs Specialist II	1 1	( 1 ) 1
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	2	<b>0</b>
TRANSFERS		
06000 from 06800		
Administrative Secretary	1	
06800 from 02330 Secretary	1	
06000 to 01020	•	
Chief Environmental Officer	(1)	
Executive Secretary	(1)	
06800 to 06000	(4)	
Administrative Secretary 06800 to 07160	(1)	
Economic Development Coordinator	(1)	
Economic Development Officer	(1)	
Economic Development Specialist	(1)	
Secretary	(1)	
TOTAL CHANGES	(3)	0

## PLANNING & ZONING

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
07150 Advance Planning Neighborhood Planner 07500 Development Services Administration	1	
Secretary Services Administration		1
07515 Development Services Records		·
Student Worker		1
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	1	2
TRANSFERS		
07001 from 07150		
Administrative Secretary 07150 from 07001	1	
Secretary	1	
07160 from 06800	•	
Economic Development Coordinator	1	
Economic Development Officer	1	
Economic Development Specialist	1	
Secretary 07500 from 01020	1	
Development Services Administrator	1	
07600 from 07520	Į	
Clerk Typist		1
07700 from 07705		'
Associate Planner	1	
Civil Engineer	2	
07001 to 07150		
Secretary	(1)	
07150 to 07001		
Administrative Secretary 07500 to 04400	(1)	
Development Services Administrator	(1)	
07520 to 07600	(1)	
Data Entry Specialist		(1)
07705 to 07700		` ' '
Associate Planner	(1)	
Civil Engineer	(2)	
TOTAL CHANGES	5	2

### WATER RESOURCES

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
60110 Planning, Engineering and Environment		
Water Resources Engineer 60130 Water Conservation	1	
Water Conservation Specialist	1	
60310 Water Operations Administration Clerk Typist	1	
60330 Water Production	•	
Pump Service Worker	1	
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	4	0
TRANSFERS		
TOTAL CHANGES	4	0

## MUNICIPAL SERVICES

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
70120 General Building Maintenance		
Building Tradesworker I	2	
70150 Custodial	0	
Custodian I 70505 Sanitation Administration	2	
Clerk Typist	1	
70550 Recycling Administration	·	
Equipment Operator I		2
70605 Fleet Management Administration	_	
Fleet Technician 70607 Fleet Management Weekend Shift	1	
Equipment Mechanic	. 1	
	·	
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	7	2
TRANSFERS		
70609 from 70607 Equipment Mechanic	1	
70100 to 01700	1	
Energy Conservation Coordinator	(1)	
70607 to 70609		
Equipment Mechanic	(1)	
TOTAL CHANGES	6	2

### **GRANT/TRUST FUNDED**

POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
33343 Home Delivered meals Home Meals Coordinator		1
TOTAL POSITIONS ADDED/DELETED	0	1
TRANSFERS		
TOTAL CHANGES	0	1

**ACTUAL** -- Actual, as used in the fund summaries and department and division summaries within the budget document, represents the 1988-89 results of operations. This category is presented on a GAAP basis except that depreciation and amortization are not budgeted and principal payments on debt in the enterprise funds is budgeted as expense.

ADOPTED -- Adopted, as used in fund summaries and department and division summaries within the budget document, represents the 1990-91 and 1991-92 budget as approved by the City Council.

ASSESSED VALUATION -- A government sets a valuation upon real estate or other property as a basis for levying taxes. An assessed valuation represents the appraised valuation less any exemptions.

**BEGINNING BALANCE** -- The beginning balance is the residual non-restricted funds brought forward from the previous fiscal year (ending balance).

BONDS -- Bonds are debt instruments which require repayment of a specified principal amount on a certain date (maturity date), together with interest at a stated rate, or according to a formula for determining the interest rate.

BUDGET -- A budget is a plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Used without any modifier, the term usually indicates a financial plan for a single fiscal year. In practice, the term "budget" is used in two ways. Sometimes it designates the financial plan presented for adoption and sometimes it designates the plan finally approved. It is usually necessary to specify whether the budget under consideration is preliminary and tentative or whether it has been approved by the appropriating body.

CAPITAL OUTLAY -- Items costing more than \$1,000 and having a useful life of more than one year are defined as capital outlay.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM (C.I.P) -- A Capital Improvements Program is a comprehensive plan which projects the capital needs of a community. Generally, it is a cyclical process that projects the needs for a set number of years. Capital improvements programs are essential to sound infrastructure and financial planning. The annual capital budget is derived from the long-term Capital Improvements Program.

**COMMODITIES** -- Commodities are consumable goods such as office supplies, small tools, fuel, etc., that are used by the City.

CONTRACTS PAYABLE -- Contracts Payable represents a liability reflecting amounts due on contracts of goods or services furnished to the City.

**CONTRACTUAL** -- Contractuals are services such as rentals, insurance, maintenance, etc., that are purchased by the City.

**DEBT SERVICE** -- Debt service is the amount of money necessary to pay interest and principal on outstanding debt.

**DEPARTMENT** -- A department is the combination of divisions of the City headed by a General Manager with a specific and unique set of goals and objectives, i.e., Police, Fire, Financial Services, Planning & Zoning, etc.

**ENCUMBRANCE** -- Encumbrance includes obligations in the form of purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments. They cease to be encumbrances when paid, cancelled, or when the actual liability is set up.

**ENCUMBRANCE REBUDGETS** -- The balance of unliquidated encumbrances brought forward from the previous fiscal year.

ENTERPRISE FUND -- An enterprise fund is established to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises -- where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Examples of enterprise funds are those for the Water, Sewer, and Airport.

**EQUIPMENT RENTAL** -- Equipment Rental represents fees charged to other areas of the City for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of City vehicles. The fee for these charges is returned to the Motor Pool Internal Service Fund as revenue.

**ESTIMATED** -- Estimated, as used throughout the budget document, represents the original adopted budget plus any approved changes and anticipated year-end savings.

**EXCISE DEBT** -- Excise Debt is debt that is repaid by excise taxes. In this case the excise taxes used to fund the debt service payments are a portion of the transaction privilege (sales) tax and transient occupancy tax.

**EXPENDITURES** -- Expenditures are decreases in net financial resources. They include current operating expenses which require the current or future use of net current assets, debt services, and capital outlays.

FEES -- Fees are charges for services.

FRANCHISE FEE -- The franchise fee charged to the water/sewer utility fund is a reimbursement to the general fund for the utility's use of City streets and rights-of-way.

FUND -- A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

FUND SUMMARY -- A fund summary, as reflected in the budget document, is a combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the prior year's Actual, Adopted, and Estimated budgets, and the current year's Adopted budgets.

GAAP ADJUSTMENTS -- Differences arising from the use of a basis of accounting for budgetary purposes that differs from the basis of accounting applicable when reporting on operations in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

**GENERAL FUND** -- The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT -- General Long-Term Debt represents any unmatured debt not considered to be a fund liability.

**GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (G.O. BONDS)** -- General Obligation Bonds are bonds which are secured by the full faith and credit of the issuer. G.O. bonds issued by local units of government are secured by a pledge of the issuer's property taxing power. They are usually issued to pay for general capital improvements such as parks and roads.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) -- GAAP are the uniform minimum standards of and guidelines to financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the basic financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompasses the conventions, rules, and procedures necessary to define the accepted accounting practices at a particular time. They include both broad guidelines of general application and detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provide a standard by which to measure financial presentations.

GRANT -- A grant is a contribution by one government unit or funding source to another. The contribution is usually made to aid in the support of a specified function, i.e., education, drug enforcement, but it is sometimes for general purposes.

HIGHWAY USER FUEL TAX -- Highway User Fuel Tax is gasoline tax shared with municipalities with a portion distributed based on population of the City and a portion distributed based upon the origin of the sales of the fuel. The Arizona State constitution requires that this revenue be used solely for street and highway purposes.

**IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS** -- Improvement districts are formed consisting of property owners desiring improvements to their property. Bonds are issued to finance these improvements which are repaid by assessments on affected property owners.

INDIRECT COST ALLOCATION -- Indirect cost allocation is funding transferred to the General Fund from enterprise funds for specific central administrative functions which benefit those funds, i.e., City Manager, Financial Services Department, Human Resources Department, Legal Department, etc.

IN LIEU PROPERTY TAX -- The in lieu property tax is a charge to the Enterprise funds which compensates the general fund for the property tax that would have been paid if the utilities were forprofit companies.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND -- An internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTY CORPORATION (MPC) -- The Municipal Property Corporation is a non-profit corporation established to issue bonds to fund City capital improvement projects.

**OPERATING BUDGET** -- The operating budget is the plan for current expenditures and the proposed means of financing them. The annual operating budget is the primary means by which most of the financing, acquisition, spending, and service delivery activities of a government are controlled. The use of annual operating budgets is required by law in Arizona and is a requirement of Scottsdale's City Charter.

**OPERATING EXPENSES** -- Operating expenses are proprietary fund expenses that directly relate to the fund's primary service activities.

ORDINANCE -- An ordinance is a formal legislative enactment by the governing body of a municipality. If it is not in conflict with any higher form of law, such as a state statute or constitutional provision, it has the full force and effect of law within the boundaries of the municipality to which it applies.

**OUTSTANDING DEBT** -- The balance due at any given time resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services.

PAY-AS-YOU-GO CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS (PAYG) -- PAYG Capital Improvement projects are capital projects whose funding source is derived from City revenue sources other than through the sale of voter approved bonds.

PRIMARY PROPERTY TAX -- Primary property taxes are levied for the purpose of funding general government operations. Annual increases are limited to 2% of the previous year's maximum allowable primary property tax levy plus allowances for new construction and annexation of new property.

**PROPERTY TAX** -- Property tax is based "according to value" of property and is used as the source of monies to pay general obligation debt (secondary property tax) and to support the General Fund (primary property tax).

REBUDGETED -- Rebudgeted represents encumbered and committed funds carried forward to the next fiscal year budget.

REFUNDING -- Refunding is a procedure whereby an issuer refinances an outstanding bond issue by issuing new bonds. There are generally two major reasons for refunding: to reduce the issuer's interest costs; or to remove a burdensome or restrictive convenant imposed by the terms of the bonds being refinanced. The proceeds of the new bonds are either deposited in escrow to pay the debt service on the outstanding obligations when due, or they are used to immediately retire the outstanding obligations. The new obligations are referred to as the "refunding bonds," and the outstanding obligations being refinanced are referred to as the "refunded bonds" or the "prior issue."

**RESERVE** -- Reserve is an account which records a portion of the fund balance which must be segregated for some future use and which is, therefore, not available for further appropriation or expenditure.

**REVENUE BONDS** -- Revenue bonds are bonds payable from a specific source of revenue which do not pledge the full faith and credit of the issuer. Revenue bonds are payable from identified sources of revenue and do not affect the property tax rate. Pledged revenues may be derived from operation of the financed project, grants, and excise or other specified non-property tax.

**SECONDARY PROPERTY TAX** -- Secondary property taxes are levied for the purpose of funding the principal, interest, and redemption charges on General Obligation Bonds of the City. The amount of this tax is determined by the annual debt service requirements on the City's General Obligation Bonds.

**SELF INSURANCE** -- The retention by an entity of a risk of loss arising out of the ownership of property or from some other cause, instead of transferring that risk through the purchase of an insurance policy.

SERVICE LEVELS -- The service level describes the present services provided by a City department and/or division within the department.

**SHARED REVENUES** -- Revenues levied by one government but shared on a predetermined basis with another government or class of governments.

SINKING FUND -- A sinking fund is an account into which a debt issuer makes periodic deposits to assure the timely availability of sufficient monies for the payment of debt service requirements. The revenues to be deposited into the sinking fund and payments therefrom are determined by the terms of the bond contract.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT -- A compulsory levy made against certain properties to defray all or part of the cost of a specific capital improvement or service deemed to benefit primarily those properties.

TAXES -- Taxes are compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for common benefit. This term does not include specific charges made against particular persons or property for current or permanent benefits such as special assessments. Neither does the term include charges for services rendered only to those paying such charges such as water service.

TAX RATE -- The tax rate is the amount of tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation.

TRANSFERS -- Transfers are the authorized exchanges of cash or other resources between funds.

TRUST FUND -- A trust fund consists of resources received and held by the governmental unit as trustee, to be expended or invested in accordance with the conditions of the trust.

#### ORDINANCE NO. 2360

AN ORDINANCE OF THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA, ADOPTING THE TENTATIVE ESTIMATES OF THE AMOUNTS REQUIRED FOR THE PUBLIC EXPENSE FOR THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1991-92; ADOPTING A TENTATIVE BUDGET; SETTING FORTH THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES; THE AMOUNTS ACTUALLY LEVIED, THE AMOUNTS ESTIMATED AS COLLECTIBLE FOR THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR AND THE AMOUNT PROPOSED TO BE RAISED BY DIRECT PROPERTY TAXATION; GIVING NOTICE OF THE TIME FOR HEARING TAXPAYERS, FOR ADOPTION OF THE BUDGET AND FOR FIXING THE TAX LEVIES.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, as follows:

- <u>SECTION 1.</u> Pursuant to the provisions of the laws of the State of Arizona, the Charter and Ordinances of the City of Scottsdale, the statement and schedules herein contained are hereby adopted for the purpose as hereinafter set forth as the Tentative Budget for the City of Scottsdale for the Fiscal Year 1991-92.
- SECTION 2. That the City Clerk be, and hereby is authorized and directed to publish in a manner prescribed by law the estimates of expenditures, as hereinafter set forth, together with a notice that the Council will meet for the purpose of final hearing of taxpayers and for adoption of the 1991-92 Annual Budget for the City of Scottsdale on the third day of June, 1991, at the hour of 5:00 p.m. in the City Hall Kiva and will further meet for the purpose of making tax levies on the seventeenth day of June, 1991, at the hour of 5:00 p.m. in the City Hall Kiva.
- <u>SECTION 3.</u> Upon the recommendation of the City Manager and with the approval of the City Council, expenditures may be made from the appropriation for contingencies. The transfers of any sums within any specific appropriation may be done only upon the approval of the City Manager.
- <u>SECTION 4.</u> Money from any fund may be used for any of the appropriations, except money specifically restricted by State law or by City Ordinance or Resolution.
- SECTION 5. Schedules A through F of the Tentative Budget are as follows:

#### SCHEDULE A

#### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SPECIFIC BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FISCAL YEAR 1991-92

	OPERATING BUDGET	CAPITAL BUDGET	OTHER FISCAL ACTIVITY	TOTAL ACTIVITY
Operating Budget				
General Government	\$6,011,522			\$6,011,522
Police	18,200,471			18,200,471
Financial Services	7,401,362			7,401,362
Transportation	8,898,649			8,898,649
Community Services	14,220,597			14,220,597
Management Services	4,497,826			4,497,826
Planning and Zoning	7,651,953			7,651,953
Fire	6,255,421			6,255,421
Municipal Services	16,460,863			16,460,863
Water Resources	17,996,977			17,996,977
Operating Contingency	1,500,000			1,500,000
Debt Service	35,701,107			35,701,107
General Contingency	20,490,125	3,443,800		23,933,925
Capital Improvements		237,751,900		237,751,900
Other Fiscal Activity				
Grants			2,334,536	2,334,536
Designated Funds			1,485,304	1,485,304
Grand Total Fiscal Activity	\$165,286,873		\$3,819,840	\$410,302,413

SCHEDULE B

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR 1991-92

PUND	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE 7-1-91	DIRECT PROPERTY TAX REVENUES 1991-92	ESTIMATED REVENUES OTHER THAN PROPERTY TAXES	PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF BONDS	INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	TOTAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES AVAILABLE	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1991-92
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt. Service Funds Capital Projects Funds Enterprise Funds Expendable Trust Funds Internal Service Funds	\$69,160,116 12,282,047 22,260,502 181,435,000 46,183,392 1,167,994 11,214,154	\$64,552,963 11,764,047 20,323,115 43,200,000 45,335,798 1,167,994	\$8,306,818 1,453,393 1,456,303 154,199,600 72,756 74,443 4,952,205	6,770,426	\$59,309,709 9,234,143 16,797,243 43,077,600 51,444,540 1,410,861 13,976,058	47,298,100		\$73,279,467 10,687,536 25,023,972 244,575,300 51,517,296 1,485,304	28, 962, 994 10, 687, 536 23, 602, 287 241, 195, 700 51, 439, 781 1, 485, 304 12, 928, 811
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$343,703,205	\$343,703,205 \$197,910,714 \$170,	\$170,515,518	\$12,433,366	\$195,250,154	\$47,298,100		\$425,497,138	\$410,302,413

EXPENDITURE LIMITATION COMPARISON	1990-91	1991-92
Budgeted Expenditures	\$343,703,205 \$410,302,413	\$410,302,413
Budgeted Expenditures Adjusted for Reconciling Items	\$332,489,051	\$397,373,602
Less: Estimated Exclusions	(244,839,700)	(244,839,700) (307,301,702)
Total Estimated Expenditures and Expenses Subject to Expenditure Limitation	\$87,649,351	\$90,071,900
Expenditure Limitation	\$87,649,351 \$90,071,900	\$90,071,900

#### SCHEDULE C

#### City of Scottsdale

#### SUMMARY OF TAX LEVY AND TAX RATE INFORMATION

#### Fiscal Year 1991-92

		1990-91	ESTIMATED 1991-92
1.	Maximum Allowable Primary Property Tax Levy (A.R.S. 42-301.A)		\$ 5,662,940
2.	Amount Received from Primary Property Taxation in the 1990-91 Fiscal Year in Excess of the Sum of that Year's Maximum Allowable Primary Property Tax Levy (A.R.S. 42-302.C.14) plus Amount of Escaped Taxes Collected (A.R.S. 42-236).	\$ 0	
3.	Property Tax Levy Amounts		
	A. Primary Property Taxes	\$ 5,415,500	\$ 5,662,940
	B. Secondary Property Taxes	7,052,177	6,770,426
	C. Total Property Tax Levy Amounts	\$12,467,677	\$12,433,366
4.	Property Taxes Collected *		
	A. Primary Property Taxes	\$ 5,082,039	
	B. Secondary Property Taxes	6,707,961	
	C. Total Property Taxes Collected	\$11,790,000	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes actual property taxes collected as of the date the proposed budget was prepared and the property taxes expected to be collected for the remainder of the fiscal year.

## SCHEDULE C (Page 2 of 2)

#### City of Scottsdale

#### SUMMARY OF TAX LEVY AND TAX RATE INFORMATION

#### Fiscal Year 1991-92

		1	990-91		TIMATED 991-92
5.	Property Tax Rates				
	A. City Tax Rate Primary Property Tax Rate	Ś	.3941	s	.4088
	Secondary Property Tax Rate	· 	.4772	·	.4637
	Total City Tax Rate	\$ =	.8713	\$	.8725

#### B. Special Assessment District Tax Rates

Secondary Property Tax Rates - As of the date the proposed budget was prepared, the City was operating 266 special assessment districts (street light improvement districts) for which secondary property taxes are levied. For information pertaining to these special assessment districts and their tax rates, please contact the City of Scottsdale's Accounting Division.

#### SCHEDULE D (Page 1 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1991-92
GENERAL FUND			
Taxes			
Loca1			
Privilege Tax	\$19,265,293	\$17,252,131	\$17,597,384
Transient Occupancy Tax	3,415,000	3,200,000	2,484,325
Light & Power Franchise	2,279,000	2,315,000	2,447,000
Cable TV	657,000	678,000	716,000
Salt River Project Lieu	124,000	152,000	155,000
Fire Insurance Premium	160,000	155,000	160,000
From Other Agencies			
State Shared Sales	7,449,000	7,200,000	7,423,000
Auto Lieu	2,195,000	2,100,000	2,200,000
State Revenue Sharing	7,312,000	7,312,000	8,300,000
Licenses			
Business & Liquor Licenses	768,000	621,000	638,000
Charges for Current Services			
Permits and Fees	6,264,000	3,500,000	3,574,000
Recreation Fees	1,427,000	1,423,000	1,510,000
Fines and forfeitures			
Court Fines	2,006,000	1,800,000	1,822,000
Parking Fines	250,000	250,000	250,000
Library Fines	148,000	141,000	141,000
Use of Money and Property			
Interest Earnings	3,540,000	4,170,000	3,100,000
Property rental	1,142,000	1,142,000	1,217,000
Other Revenue			
Miscellaneous	800,000	800,000	1,275,000
Capital Improvement Transfer			4,300,000
Total General Fund	\$59,201,293	\$54,211,131	\$59,309,709

## SCHEDULE D (Page 2 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1991-92
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		~-~-~- <u>~</u>	.============
Highway User Fund LTAF Highway User	\$1,075,000 7,814,000	\$1,071,000 7,300,000	\$1,053,000 7,300,000
Total Highway User Fund	\$8,889,000	\$8,371,000	\$8,353,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund Federal grant Sale of real estate	\$584,000 25,000	\$38,857 1,000	
Building rental	20,000	5,000	54,504
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$629,000	\$44,857	\$640,340
Grants Fund Federal grants State grants Miscellaneous grants	\$514,829 432,000 113,510	\$29,700 134,861 5,550	48,864
Total Grants Fund	\$1,060,339	\$170,111	\$240,803
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$10,578,339	\$8,585,968	\$9,234,143
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS			
Debt Service Fund Interest earnings	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Excise Debt Fund Privilege tax Transient Occupancy Tax Interest earnings	, ,	\$10,297,869 600,000	715,675
Total Excise Debt Service Fund	\$11,275,707	\$10,897,869	\$11,718,291
Special Assessments Debt Fund Special Assessments	\$3,210,000	\$3,210,000	\$4,678,952
Total Debt Service Funds	\$14,885,707	\$14,507,869	\$16,797,243

### SCHEDULE D (Page 3 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	
CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS			
Capital Improvement Fund Privilege tax CIP Reimbursements ID incidentals Transfer from other funds	\$5,500,000 1,754,000 6,210,800	\$5,297,000 1,000,000 162,500 4,644,100	\$6,600,000 22,582,500 3,653,600
Interest earnings	4,340,000	3,355,200	2,500,000
Advancement/Other	5,132,200	5,174,700	7,741,500
Total Capital Project Funds	\$22,937,000	\$19,633,500	\$43,077,600
ENTERPRISE FUNDS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Water and Sewer Utility Fund Sewer Charges Sewer Development Fees Water Charges Water Development Fees Water Resources Development Fees Planet Ranch Interest Earnings GO Bond Proceeds	\$5,960,000 1,245,000 26,193,000 1,245,000 2,143,000 1,000,000	1,500,000 24,400,000 1,500,000	\$6,765,000 1,670,760 27,700,000 1,671,780 2,017,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$39,286,000	\$38,210,000	\$44,324,540
Airport Fund Airport Fees	\$670,000	\$670,000	\$670,000
Sanitation Fund Refuse Collection Interest Earnings	\$6,432,000	55,000	50,000
Total Sanitation Fund		\$6,020,000	
Total Enterprise Funds	\$46,388,000	\$44,900,000	\$51,444,540

## SCHEDULE D (Page 4 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	REVENUES
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS	,		
Trust Fund Trust Fund income	\$1,119,797	\$1,119,797	\$1,410,861
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS			
Motor Pool Fund Equipment Rental Interest Earnings	\$5,326,000	\$5,576,000 165,000	
Total Motor Pool Fund	\$5,326,000	\$5,741,000	\$5,755,000
Self Insurance Fund Risk management Fund Contingency Elimination		\$3,170,000 3,462,818	
Total Self Insurance Fund	\$6,548,857	\$6,632,818	\$8,221,058
Total Internal Service Funds	\$11,874,857	\$12,373,818	\$13,976,058
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$166,984,993	\$155,332,083	\$195,250,154

#### SCHEDULE E

### City of Scottsdale

#### SUMMARY BY FUND OF BOND PROCEEDS

#### Fiscal Year 1991-92

	PROCEEDS
	FROM SALE
FUND	OF BONDS
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	
Improvement District Fund	\$21,230,800
Municipal Property Corporation	
Fund	7,170,000
Capital Projects Fund	18,897,300
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$47,298,100
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## SCHEDULE F (Page 1 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1991-92
GENERAL FUND				
General Government	\$5,306,092	\$37,993	\$5,344,085	\$6,011,522
Police	17,816,253	(20,434)	17,795,819	18,200,471
Financial Services	4,354,465	(74,418)	4,280,047	4,390,453
Community Services	13,600,899	306,564	13,907,463	14,220,597
Management Services	4,363,640	(22,951)	4,340,689	4,497,826
Planning and Zoning	8,454,217	583,465	9,037,682	7,651,953
Fire	5,895,823	(4,058)		6,255,421
Municipal Services	5,040,320	(126,388)		5,142,250
Debt Service	3,230,013	(64,412)	3,165,601	1,966,241
Contingency	5,469,945	(5,469,945)	15 670 670	4,500,000
Overhead Allocations	(6,679,679)	0	(6,679,679)	(7,170,690)
HURF Maintenance of Effort	194,000	0	194,000	194,000
Operating Transfers	2,114,128	247,431	2,361,559	3,102,950
Total General Fund	\$69,160,116	(\$4,607,153)	\$64,552,963	\$68,962,994
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND				
Highway User Fund	47 /06 /05	/610C 0103	A7 100 E7E	60 050 160
Transportation	\$7,496,485 531,964	(\$106,910) 100,774	\$7,389,575 632,738	\$8,259,169
Planning and Zoning Debt Service	3,022,180	100,774	3,022,180	3,120,932
Contingency	25,338	(25,338)	5,022,100	5,220,552
Operating Transfer HURF Maintenance of	(1,992,967)	(486,526)	(2,479,493)	(2,833,101)
Effort	(194,000)	0	(194,000)	(194,000)
Total Highway User Fund	\$8,889,000	(\$518,000)	\$8,371,000	\$8,353,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund Grant expenditures	\$1,396,721	\$0	\$1,396,721	\$1,185,483
Grants Fund Grant expenditures	\$1,996,326	\$0	\$1,996,326	\$1,149,053
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$12,282,047	(\$518,000)	\$11,764,047	\$10,687,536
		- <b></b>		

## SCHEDULE F (Page 2 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	EXPENDITURE:
DEBT SERVICE FUND				· <b></b>
Debt Service Fund Debt Service Transfer to Sinking Fund	\$7,774,988	(\$1,772,492)	\$6,002,496 112,943	
Total Debt Service Fund	\$7,774,988	(\$1,772,492)	\$6,115,439	\$7,205,044
Excise Debt Service Fund Debt Service	\$11,275,707	(\$277,838)	\$10,997,869	\$11,718,291
Special Assessment Debt Fund Debt Service	\$3,209,807	\$0	\$3,209,807	\$4,678,952
Total Debt Service Funds	\$22,260,502	(\$2,050,330)	\$20,323,115	\$23,602,287
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND				
Improvement District Fund Capital Projects	\$27,600,000	(\$17,600,000)	\$10,000,000	\$28,215,700
Municipal Property Corporation Fund Capital Projects	\$3,020,400	(\$3,020,400)		\$7,100,000
Existing Bond Fund Capital Projects	\$66,590,000	(\$58,390,000)	\$8,200,000	\$80,000,000
Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects	\$84,224,600	(\$59,224,600)	\$25,000,000	\$125,880,000
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$181,435,000	(\$138,235,000)	\$43,200,000	\$241,195,700

## SCHEDULE F (Page 3 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
Water and Sewer Utility Fund				
Financial Services	\$744,723		\$788,650	\$814,025
Water Resources	17,291,120	(454,978)	16,836,142	17,996,977
Debt Service	8,192,939	(507,374)		7,224,397
Contingency	8,241	291,759		
Overhead Allocations		0	5,385,260	5,850,824
Transfer to CIP	5,520,717	(598,610) 357,000	4,922,107	
Resource Allocation Res.	2,143,000	357,000	2,500,000	2,017,000
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$39,286,000	(\$868,276)	\$38,417,724	\$44,324,540
Airport Fund				
Transportation	\$524,049	\$21,170	\$545,219	\$639,480
Contingency			<b>γ</b> 5+5,2±5	Q055,400
Overhead Allocations	2,648 258,570	^	250 570	300,369
Operating Transfer	(121,161)	54,286	(66,875)	(269,849)
Total Airport Fund	\$664,106	\$72,808	\$736,914	\$670,000
Sanitation Fund				
Financial Services	\$163,502	\$11,844	\$175,346 4,969,965	\$191,124
Municipal Services	5,020,885	(50,920)	4,969,965	5,234,620
Contingency	13,050	(13,050)		
Overhead Allocations	1,035,849	0	1,035,849	1,019,497
Total Sanitation Fund	\$6,233,286	(\$52,126)	\$6,181,160	\$6,445,241
Total Enterprise Funds	\$46,183,392	(\$847,594)	\$45,335,798	\$51,439,781
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND				
Trust Fund				
Trust Expenditures	\$1,167,994	0	\$1,167,994	\$1,485,304

## SCHEDULE F (Page 4 of 4)

FUND/	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES		ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES
DEPARTMENT	1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	1990-91	1991-92
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS				
Motor Pool Fund	A5 046 400	631/ 677	Ar 050 005	46 909 999
Municipal Services	\$5,846,429	\$114,3//	\$5,960,806 	\$6,083,993
Risk Management Fund				
Financial Services Contingency	\$1,936,754 3,430,971	206,419 31.847	\$2,143,173 3,462,818	\$2,005,760 4,839,058
oneingency				
Total Risk Management Fund	\$5,367,725	\$238,266	\$5,605,991	\$6,844,818
Total Internal Service Funds	\$11,214,154	\$352,643	\$11,566,797	\$12,928,811
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$343,703,205	(\$145,905,434)	\$197,910,714	\$410,302,413

<sup>\*</sup> Adjustments resulting fromm contingencies and organizational changes approved during the year.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and Council of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, this 20th day of May, 1991.

ATTEST:

Mark Mazzie City Clerk

City Clerk

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE
A Municipal Corporation

By:

Herbert R. Drinkwater Mayor

APPROVED:

Richard W. Garnett III

City Attorney

#### ORDINANCE NO. 2366

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA, FINALLY DETERMINING AND ADOPTING ESTIMATES OF PROPOSED EXPENDITURES BY THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 1991, AND ENDING JUNE 30, 1992, DECLARING THAT SUCH SHALL CONSTITUTE THE BUDGET FOR THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE FOR SUCH FISCAL YEAR.

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of Title 42, Sections 301, 302, 303, and 304, A.R.S., the City Charter and Ordinances of the City of Scottsdale, the City Council did, on May 20, 1991, make an estimate of the different amounts required to meet the public expenses for the ensuing year, also an estimate of receipts from sources other than direct taxation, and the amount to be raised by taxation upon real and personal property within the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, and

WHEREAS, in accordance with said sections of said Code and City Charter, and following due public notice, the Council met on June 3, 1991, at which meeting any taxpayer was privileged to appear and be heard in favor of or against any of the proposed expenditures or tax levies, and

WHEREAS, it appears that publication has been duly made as required by law, of said estimates together with a notice that the City Council would meet on June 17, 1991, in the City Hall Kiva for the purpose of making tax levies as set forth in said estimates, and

WHEREAS, it appears that the sums to be raised by taxation, as specified therein, do not in the aggregate, exceed that amount for primary property taxes as computed in A.R.S. 42-301A, and

WHEREAS, the City Council has prepared and filed with the City Clerk said Tentative Budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1991, and ending June 30, 1992, and

WHEREAS, the Budget provides resources for specific program activity and service levels, therefore

BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, as follows:

<u>SECTION 1</u>. That the following estimates of revenue and expenditures as now increased, reduced, or changed are hereby adopted as the budget of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, for the fiscal year 1991-92.

SECTION 2. Upon the recommendation of the City Manager, and with the approval of the City Council, expenditures may be made from the appropriation for contingencies. The transfer of sums within any expenditures appropriation may be made only upon approval by the City Manager.

<u>SECTION 3</u>. Money from any fund may be used for any of these appropriations, except money specifically restricted by State law or by City Ordinances and Resolutions.

SECTION 4. Schedules A through F of the Adopted Budget are as follows:

### SCHEDULE A

### CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SPECIFIC BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS FISCAL YEAR 1991-92

	OPERATING BUDGET	CAPITAL BUDGET	OTHER FISCAL ACTIVITY	TOTAL ACTIVITY
Operating Budget				
General Government	\$6,011,522			\$6,011,522
Police	18,200,471			18,200,471
Financial Services	7,401,362			7,401,362
Transportation	8,898,649			8,898,649
Community Services	14,220,597			14,220,597
Management Services	4,497,826			4,497,826
Planning and Zoning	7,651,953			7,651,953
Fire	6,213,331			6,213,331
Municipal Services	16,460,863			16,460,863
Water Resources	17,996,977			17,996,977
Operating Contingency	1,500,000			1,500,000
Debt Service	35,701,107			35,701,107
General Contingency	20,532,215	3,995,000		24,527,215
Capital Improvements		237,200,700		237,200,700
Other Fiscal Activity				
Grants			2,334,536	2,334,536
Designated Funds			1,485,304	1,485,304
Grand Total Fiscal Activity	\$165,286,873	\$241,195,700	\$3,819,840	\$410,302,413

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR 1991-92

FUND	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE 7-1-91	DIRECT PROPERTY TAX REVENUES 1991-92	ESTIMATED REVENUES OTHER THAN PROPERTY TAXES	PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF BONDS	INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	TOTAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES AVAILABLE	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1991-92
									, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
General Fund	\$69,160,116	\$64,552,963	\$8,306,818	\$5,662,940	\$59,309,709			\$73,279,467	\$68,962,994
Special Revenue Funds	12,282,047	11,764,047	1,453,393		9,234,143			10,687,536	10,687,536
Debt Service Funds	22,260,502	20,323,115	1,456,303	6,770,426	16,797,243			25,023,972	23,602,287
Capital Projects Funds	181,435,000	43,200,000	154,199,600		43,077,600	47,298,100		244,575,300	241,195,700
Enterprise Funds	46,183,392	45,335,798	72,756		51,444,540			51,517,296	51,439,781
Expendable Trust Funds	1,167,994	1,167,994	74,443		1,410,861			1,485,304	1,485,304
Internal Service Funds	11,214,154	11,566,797	4,5		13,976,058			18,928,263	12,928,811
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$343,703,205 \$197,910,714	\$197,910,714	\$170,515,518	\$12,433,366	\$195,250,154	\$47,298,100	0\$	\$425,497,138	\$410,302,413

EXPENDITURE LIMITATION COMPARISON	1990-91	1991-92
Budgeted Expenditures	\$343,703,205 \$410,302,413	\$410,302,413
Budgeted Expenditures Adjusted for Reconciling Items Less: Estimated Exclusions	\$332,489,051 (244,839,700)	\$397,373,602 (307,301,702)
Total Estimated Expenditures and Expenses Subject to Expenditure Limitation	\$87,649,351 \$90,071,900	\$90,071,900
Expenditure Limitation	\$87,649,351 \$90,071,900	\$90,071,900

### SCHEDULE C

### City of Scottsdale

### SUMMARY OF TAX LEVY AND TAX RATE INFORMATION

### Fiscal Year 1991-92

		1990-91	ESTIMATED 1991-92
1.	Maximum Allowable Primary Property Tax Levy (A.R.S. 42-301.A)		\$ 5,662,940
2.	Amount Received from Primary Property Taxation in the 1990-91 Fiscal Year in Excess of the Sum of that Year's Maximum Allowable Primary Property Tax Levy (A.R.S. 42-302.C.14) plus Amount of Escaped Taxes Collected (A.R.S. 42-236).	\$ <u>0</u>	
3.	Property Tax Levy Amounts		
	A. Primary Property Taxes	\$ 5,415,500	\$ 5,662,940
	B. Secondary Property Taxes	7,052,177	6,770,426
	C. Total Property Tax Levy Amounts	\$12,467,677	\$12,433,366
4.	Property Taxes Collected *		\
	A. Primary Property Taxes	\$ 5,082,039	
	B. Secondary Property Taxes	6,707,961	
	C. Total Property Taxes Collected	\$11,790,000	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes actual property taxes collected as of the date the proposed budget was prepared and the property taxes expected to be collected for the remainder of the fiscal year.

### SCHEDULE C (Page 2 of 2)

### City of Scottsdale

#### SUMMARY OF TAX LEVY AND TAX RATE INFORMATION

### Fiscal Year 1991-92

		1	990-91		TIMATED 991-92
5.	Property Tax Rates				
	A. City Tax Rate				
	Primary Property Tax Rate	\$	.3941	\$	.4088
	Secondary Property Tax Rate		4772		.4637
	Total City Tax Rate	\$	.8713	\$	.8725
		=		-	

### B. Special Assessment District Tax Rates

Secondary Property Tax Rates - As of the date the proposed budget was prepared, the City was operating 266 special assessment districts (street light improvement districts) for which secondary property taxes are levied. For information pertaining to these special assessment districts and their tax rates, please contact the City of Scottsdale's Accounting Division.

### SCHEDULE D (Page 1 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1991-92
GENERAL FUND			
Taxes			
Loca1			
Privilege Tax	\$19,265,293	\$17,252,131	\$17,597,384
Transient Occupancy Tax	3,415,000	3,200,000	2,484,325
Light & Power Franchise	2,279,000	2,315,000	2,447,000
Cable TV	657,000	678,000	716,000
Salt River Project Lieu	124,000	152,000	155,000
Fire Insurance Premium	160,000	155,000	160,000
From Other Agencies			
State Shared Sales	7,449,000	7,200,000	7,423,000
County Auto Lieu	2,195,000	2,100,000	2,200,000
State Revenue Sharing	7,312,000	7,312,000	8,300,000
Licenses			
Business & Liquor Licenses	768,000	621,000	638,000
Charges for Current Services			
Permits and Fees	6,264,000	3,500,000	3,574,000
Recreation Fees	1,427,000	1,423,000	1,510,000
Fines and forfeitures			
Court Fines	2,006,000	000,008,1	1,822,000
Parking Fines	250,000	250,000	250,000
Library Fines	148,000	141,000	141,000
Use of Money and Property			
Interest Earnings	3,540,000	4,170,000	3,100,000
Property rental	1,142,000	1,142,000	1,217,000
Other Revenue			
Miscellaneous	800,000	800,000	1,275,000
Capital Improvement Transfer			4,300,000
Total General Fund	\$59,201,293	\$54,211,131	\$59,309,709

# SCHEDULE D (Page 2 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1991-92
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
Highway User Fund			
LTAF		\$1,071,000	
Highway User	7,814,000	7,300,000	7,300,000
Total Highway User Fund	\$8,889,000	\$8,371,000	\$8,353,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund			
Federal grant	\$584,000		
Sale of real estate Building rental	25,000 20,000	1,000 5,000	1,836 54,504
•			
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$629,000	\$44,857	\$640,340
Outsta Rund			
Grants Fund Federal grants	\$514 829	\$29,700	\$125,488
State grants	432,000		48,864
Miscellaneous grants	113,510	5,550	66,451
Total Grants Fund	\$1,060,339	\$170,111	\$240,803
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$10,578,339	\$8,585,968	\$9,234,143
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS			
Debt Service Fund Interest earnings	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Excise Debt Fund Privilege tax Transient Occupancy Tax	\$10,575,707	\$10,297,869	
Interest earnings	700,000	600,000	715,675 500,000
Total Excise Debt Service Fund	\$11,275,707	\$10,897,869	\$11,718,291
Special Assessments Debt Fund Special Assessments	\$3,210,000	\$3,210,000	\$4,678,952
Total Debt Service Funds	\$14,885,707	\$14,507,869	\$16,797,243

### SCHEDULE D (Page 3 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1991-92
CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS			
Capital Improvement Fund Privilege tax CIP Reimbursements ID incidentals	\$5,500,000 1,754,000	\$5,297,000 1,000,000 162,500	\$6,600,000 22,582,500
Transfer from other funds Interest earnings Advancement/Other	6,210,800 4,340,000 5,132,200	4,644,100 3,355,200 5,174,700	3,653,600 2,500,000 7,741,500
Total Capital Project Funds	\$22,937,000	\$19,633,500	\$43,077,600
ENTERPRISE FUNDS	w _ w w m m m m m w w w w		
Water and Sewer Utility Fund Sewer Charges Sewer Development Fees Water Charges Water Development Fees Water Resources Development Fees Planet Ranch Interest Earnings GO Bond Proceeds	\$5,960,000 1,245,000 26,193,000 1,245,000 2,143,000 1,000,000	\$6,100,000 1,500,000 24,400,000 1,500,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 1,210,000	\$6,765,000 1,670,760 27,700,000 1,671,780 2,017,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$39,286,000	\$38,210,000	\$44,324,540
Airport Fund Airport Fees	\$670,000	\$670,000	\$670,000
Sanitation Fund Refuse Collection Interest Earnings	\$6,432,000	\$5,965,000 55,000	\$6,400,000 50,000
Total Sanitation Fund	\$6,432,000	\$6,020,000	\$6,450,000
Total Enterprise Funds	\$46,388,000	\$44,900,000	\$51,444,540

# SCHEDULE D (Page 4 of 4)

SOURCE OF REVENUES	BUDGETED REVENUES 1990-91	ESTIMATED REVENUES 1990-91	
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS			
Trust Fund Trust Fund income	\$1,119,797	\$1,119,797	\$1,410,861
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS			
Motor Pool Fund Equipment Rental Interest Earnings	\$5,326,000	\$5,576,000 165,000	\$5,605,000 150,000
Total Motor Pool Fund	\$5,326,000	\$5,741,000	\$5,755,000
Self Insurance Fund Risk management Fund Contingency Elimination		\$3,170,000 3,462,818	
Total Self Insurance Fund	\$6,548,857	\$6,632,818	\$8,221,058
Total Internal Service Funds	\$11,874,857	\$12,373,818	\$13,976,058
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$166,984,993	\$155,332,083	\$195,250,154

### SCHEDULE E

### City of Scottsdale

### SUMMARY BY FUND OF BOND PROCEEDS

### Fiscal Year 1991-92

	PROCEEDS
	FROM SALE
FUND	OF BONDS
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	
Improvement District Fund	\$21,230,800
Municipal Property Corporation	
Fund	7,170,000
Capital Projects Fund	18,897,300
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$47,298,100
	<del></del>

# SCHEDULE F (Page 1 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1991-92
GENERAL FUND				
General Government	\$5,306,092	\$37,993	\$5,344,085	\$6,011,522
Police	17,816,253	(20,434)	17,795,819	18,200,471
Financial Services	4,354,465	(74,418)	4,280,047	4,390,453
Community Services	13,600,899	306,564	13,907,463	14,220,597
Management Services	4,363,640	(22,951)	4,340,689	4,497,826
Planning and Zoning	8,454,217	583,465	9,037,682	7,651,953
Fire	5,895,823	(4,058)	5,891,765	6,213,331
Municipal Services	5,040,320	(126,388)	4,913,932	5,142,250
Debt Service	3,230,013	(64,412)	3,165,601	1,966,241
Contingency	5,469,945	(5,469,945)	3,103,001	4,542,090
Overhead Allocations	(6,679,679)	0	(6,679,679)	(7,170,690)
HURF Maintenance of Effort	194,000	Õ	194,000	194,000
Operating Transfers	2,114,128	247,431	2,361,559	3,102,950
Operating mansiers	2,114,120	247,431	2,301,333	3,102,930
Total General Fund	\$69,160,116	(\$4,607,153)	\$64,552,963	\$68,962,994
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Highway User Fund				
Transportation	\$7,496,485	(\$106,910)	\$7,389,575	\$8,259,169
Planning and Zoning	531,964	100,774	632,738	Q0,239,109
Debt Service	3,022,180	0	3,022,180	3,120,932
Contingency	25,338	(25,338)	3,022,100	3,120,332
Operating Transfer	(1,992,967)	(486,526)	(2,479,493)	(2,833,101)
HURF Maintenance of Effort	(194,000)	0	(194,000)	(194,000)
EIIO. C	(134,000)	·	(154,000)	(194,000)
Total Highway User Fund	\$8,889,000	(\$518,000)	\$8,371,000	\$8,353,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund Grant expenditures	\$1,396,721	\$0	\$1,396,721	\$1,185,483
Grants Fund				
Grant expenditures	\$1,996,326	\$0 	\$1,996,326	\$1,149,053
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$12,282,047	(\$518,000)	\$11,764,047	\$10,687,536

## SCHEDULE F (Page 2 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	
DEBT SERVICE FUND	<del></del>		. = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
Debt Service Fund Debt Service Transfer to Sinking Fund	\$7,774,988	(\$1,772,492)	\$6,002,496 112,943	\$6,992,294 212,750
Total Debt Service Fund	\$7,774,988	(\$1,772,492)	\$6,115,439	\$7,205,044
Excise Debt Service Fund Debt Service	\$11,275,707	(\$277,838)	\$10,997,869	\$11,718,291
Special Assessment Debt Fund Debt Service	\$3,209,807	\$0	\$3,209,807	\$4,678,952
Total Debt Service Funds	\$22,260,502	(\$2,050,330)	\$20,323,115	\$23,602,287
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND				
Improvement District Fund Capital Projects	\$27,600,000	(\$17,600,000)	\$10,000,000	\$28,215,800
Municipal Property Corporation Fund Capital Projects	\$3,020,400	(\$3,020,400)		\$7,100,000
Existing Bond Fund Capital Projects	\$66,590,000	(\$58,390,000)	\$8,200,000	\$81,340,300
Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects	\$84,224,600	(\$59,224,600)	\$25,000,000	\$124,539,600
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$181,435,000	(\$138,235,000)	\$43,200,000	\$241,195,700

### SCHEDULE F (Page 3 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS		****		
Water and Sewer Utility Fund				
Financial Services	\$744,723	\$43,927		\$814,025
Water Resources	17,291,120	(454,978)	16,836,142	17,996,977
Debt Service	8,192,939	(507,374)		7,224,397
Contingency	8,241	291,759	300,000	
Overhead Allocations	5,385,260	0	5,385,260	5,850,824
Transfer to CIP	5,520,717	(598,610)	4,922,107	
Resource Allocation Res.	2,143,000	357,000	2,500,000	2,017,000
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$39,286,000	(\$868,276)	\$38,417,724	\$44,324,540
Airport Fund				
Transportation	\$524.049	\$21,170	\$545,219	\$639,480
Contingency			<b>, ,</b>	<b>,</b> ,
Overhead Allocations	2,648 258,570	0	258,570	300,369
Operating Transfer	(121,161)	54,286	(66,875)	
Total Airport Fund	\$664,106	\$72,808	\$736,914	\$670,000
Sanitation Fund				
Financial Services	\$163,502	\$11,844	\$175,346	\$191,124 5,234,620
Municipal Services	5,020,885	(50,920)	4,969,965	5,234,620
Contingency	13,050	(13,050)		
Overhead Allocations	1,035,849	0	1,035,849	1,019,497
Total Sanitation Fund	\$6,233,286	(\$52,126)	\$6,181,160	\$6,445,241
Total Enterprise Funds	\$46,183,392	(\$847,594)	\$45,335,798	\$51,439,781
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND				
Trust Fund Trust Expenditures	\$1,167,994	0	\$1,167,994	\$1,485,304

### SCHEDULE F (Page 4 of 4)

FUND/ DEPARTMENT	ADOPTED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	ADJUSTMENTS*	ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES 1990-91	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES 1991-92
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS				
Motor Pool Fund Municipal Services	\$5,846,429	\$114,377	\$5,960,806	\$6,083,993
Risk Management Fund Financial Services Contingency	\$1,936,754 3,430,971	206,419 31,847	\$2,143,173 3,462,818	\$2,005,760 4,839,058
Total Risk Management Fund	\$5,367,725	\$238,266	\$5,605,991	\$6,844,818
Total Internal Service Funds	\$11,214,154	\$352,643	\$11,566,797	\$12,928,811
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$343,703,205	(\$145,905,434)	\$197,910,714	\$410,302,413

<sup>\*</sup> Adjustments resulting fromm contingencies and organizational changes approved during the year.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED by the Council of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, this third day of June, 1991.

ATTEST:

Mark Mazzie City Clerk

BY: City Clerk

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE
A Municipal Corporation

·By:

Herber R. Drinkwate

Mavor

APPROVED:

Richard W. Garnett III

City Attorney

#### ORDINANCE NO. 2367

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA, LEVYING UPON THE ASSESSED VALUATION OF THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, SUBJECT TO TAXATION A CERTAIN SUM UPON EACH ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$100.00) OF VALUATION SUFFICIENT TO RAISE THE AMOUNT ESTIMATED TO BE REQUIRED IN THE ANNUAL BUDGET, LESS THE AMOUNT ESTIMATED TO BE RECEIVED FROM OTHER SOURCES OF REVENUE; PROVIDING FUNDS FOR VARIOUS BOND REDEMPTIONS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PAYING INTEREST UPON BONDED INDEBTEDNESS AND PROVIDING FUNDS FOR GENERAL MUNICIPAL EXPENSES; ALL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1992.

WHEREAS, by the provisions of the City Charter and State law, an ordinance is required to set the property tax levy for fiscal year 1991-92.

WHEREAS, the County of Maricopa is assessing and collecting authority for the City of Scottsdale, the Clerk is hereby directed to transmit a certified copy of this ordinance to the County Assessor and the Board of Supervisors of the County of Maricopa, Arizona.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA, AS FOLLOWS:

<u>SECTION 1</u>. There is hereby levied on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of the assessed value of all property, both real and personal, within the corporate limits of the City of Scottsdale, except such property as may be by law exempt from taxation, a primary property tax levy equal to the maximum levy allowed by law for the fiscal year ending on the 30th day of June, 1992. The estimate of the maximum allowable levy is \$5,662,940. Said figure subject to change upon final determination by Maricopa County of assessed values for the year.

SECTION 2. In addition to the rate set in SECTION 1 hereof, there is hereby levied on each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of assessed valuation of all property, both real and personal, within the corporate limits of the City of Scottsdale, except such property as may be by law exempt from taxation, a secondary property tax rate sufficient to raise the sum of \$6,770,426 for the purpose of providing a bond interest and redemption fund for General Obligation Bond debt service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1992.

SECTION 3. Failure by the county officials of Maricopa County, Arizona, to properly return the delinquent list, any irregularity in assessments or omissions in the same, or any irregularity in any proceedings shall not invalidate such proceedings or invalidate any title conveyed by any tax deed; failure or neglect of any officer or officers to timely perform any of the duties assigned to him or to them shall not invalidate any proceedings

or any deed or sale pursuant thereto, the validity of the assessment or levy of taxes or of the judgment of sale by which the collection of the same may be enforced shall not affect the lien of the City of Scottsdale upon such property for the delinquent taxes unpaid thereon, and no overcharge as to part of the taxes or of costs shall invalidate any proceedings for the collection of taxes or the foreclosure; and all acts of officers de facto shall be valid as if performed by officers de jure.

**SECTION 4.** All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED by the Council of the City of Scottsdale, Arizona, this 17th day of June, 1991.

ATTEST:

Pluma Minor Acting City Clerk

Pluna Misore

Acting City Clerk

CITY OF SCOTTSDALE

A Municipal Corporation

Bv:

Herbert R. Drinkwater

Mayor

APPROVED:

Richard W. Garnett III

City Attorney